

IDE Antibody (Internal)
Goat Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS13223**Specification****IDE Antibody (Internal) - Product Information**

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	P14735
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Hamster, Monkey, Pig, Horse, Bovine, Dog
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	118kDa KDa

IDE Antibody (Internal) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 3416**Other Names**

Insulin-degrading enzyme, 3.4.24.56, Abeta-degrading protease, Insulin protease, Insulinase, Insulysin, IDE

Target/Specificity

Human IDE.

Reconstitution & Storage

Store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

Precautions

IDE Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

IDE Antibody (Internal) - Protein Information**Name** IDE {ECO:0000303|PubMed:20364150, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:5381}**Function**

Plays a role in the cellular breakdown of insulin, APP peptides, IAPP peptides, natriuretic peptides, glucagon, bradykinin, kallidin, and other peptides, and thereby plays a role in intercellular peptide signaling (PubMed: [10684867](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10684867), PubMed: [17051221](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17051221), PubMed: [17613531](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17613531), PubMed: [18986166](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18986166), PubMed: [19321446](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19321446), PubMed: [21098034](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21098034), PubMed: [2293021](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2293021), PubMed: [23922390](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23922390), PubMed: [24847884](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24847884))

target="_blank">24847884, PubMed:26394692, PubMed:26968463, PubMed:29596046). Substrate binding induces important conformation changes, making it possible to bind and degrade larger substrates, such as insulin (PubMed:23922390, PubMed:26394692, PubMed:29596046). Contributes to the regulation of peptide hormone signaling cascades and regulation of blood glucose homeostasis via its role in the degradation of insulin, glucagon and IAPP (By similarity). Plays a role in the degradation and clearance of APP-derived amyloidogenic peptides that are secreted by neurons and microglia (Probable) (PubMed:26394692, PubMed:9830016). Degrades the natriuretic peptides ANP, BNP and CNP, inactivating their ability to raise intracellular cGMP (PubMed:21098034). Also degrades an aberrant frameshifted 40-residue form of NPPA (fsNPPA) which is associated with familial atrial fibrillation in heterozygous patients (PubMed:21098034). Involved in antigen processing. Produces both the N terminus and the C terminus of MAGEA3-derived antigenic peptide (EVDPIGHLI) that is presented to cytotoxic T lymphocytes by MHC class I.

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P35559}. Secreted Note=Present at the cell surface of neuron cells. The membrane- associated isoform is approximately 5 kDa larger than the known cytosolic isoform

Tissue Location

Detected in brain and in cerebrospinal fluid (at protein level).

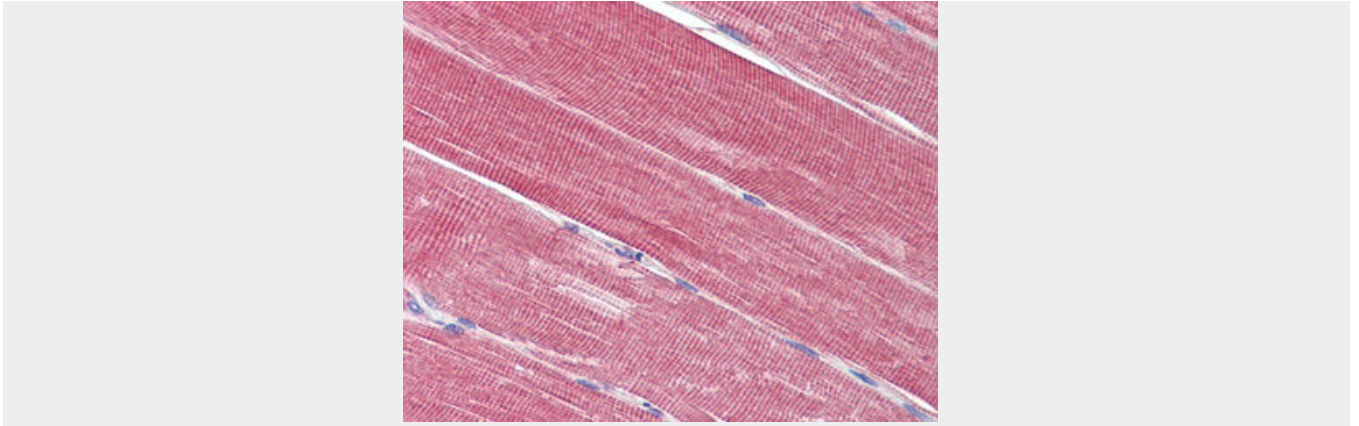
IDE Antibody (Internal) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

IDE Antibody (Internal) - Images





Anti-IDE antibody IHC of human skeletal muscle.

IDE Antibody (Internal) - Background

Plays a role in the cellular breakdown of insulin, IAPP, glucagon, bradykinin, kallidin and other peptides, and thereby plays a role in intercellular peptide signaling. Degrades amyloid formed by APP and IAPP. May play a role in the degradation and clearance of naturally secreted amyloid beta-protein by neurons and microglia.

IDE Antibody (Internal) - References

- Affholter J.A.,et al.Science 242:1415-1418(1988).
- Affholter J.A.,et al.Mol. Endocrinol. 4:1125-1135(1990).
- Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).
- Deloukas P.,et al.Nature 429:375-381(2004).
- Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.