

MYC / c-Myc Antibody (C-Terminus, clone 9E10)
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS12478**Specification**

MYC / c-Myc Antibody (C-Terminus, clone 9E10) - Product Information

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	P01106
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Calculated MW	49kDa KDa

MYC / c-Myc Antibody (C-Terminus, clone 9E10) - Additional Information**Gene ID** 4609**Other Names**

Myc proto-oncogene protein, Class E basic helix-loop-helix protein 39, bHLHe39, Proto-oncogene c-Myc, Transcription factor p64, MYC, BHLHE39

Target/Specificity

The antibody 9E10 may be used to detect the c-Myc tag. The c-myc gene (8q24 on human chromosome) is the cellular homologue of the v-myc gene originally isolated from an avian myelocytomatosis virus. The c-Myc protein is a transcription factor (nuclea ...

Reconstitution & Storage

+4°C or -20°C, Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Precautions

MYC / c-Myc Antibody (C-Terminus, clone 9E10) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

MYC / c-Myc Antibody (C-Terminus, clone 9E10) - Protein Information**Name** MYC**Synonyms** BHLHE39**Function**

Transcription factor that binds DNA in a non-specific manner, yet also specifically recognizes the core sequence 5'-CAC[GA]TG-3' (PubMed: [24940000](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24940000), PubMed: [25956029](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25956029)). Activates the transcription of growth-related genes (PubMed: [24940000](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24940000), PubMed: [25956029](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25956029)). Binds to the VEGFA promoter, promoting VEGFA production and subsequent sprouting angiogenesis (PubMed: [24940000](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24940000),

PubMed: 25956029). Regulator of somatic reprogramming, controls self-renewal of embryonic stem cells (By similarity). Functions with TAF6L to activate target gene expression through RNA polymerase II pause release (By similarity). Positively regulates transcription of HNRNPA1, HNRNPA2 and PTBP1 which in turn regulate splicing of pyruvate kinase PKM by binding repressively to sequences flanking PKM exon 9, inhibiting exon 9 inclusion and resulting in exon 10 inclusion and production of the PKM M2 isoform (PubMed: 20010808).

Cellular Location

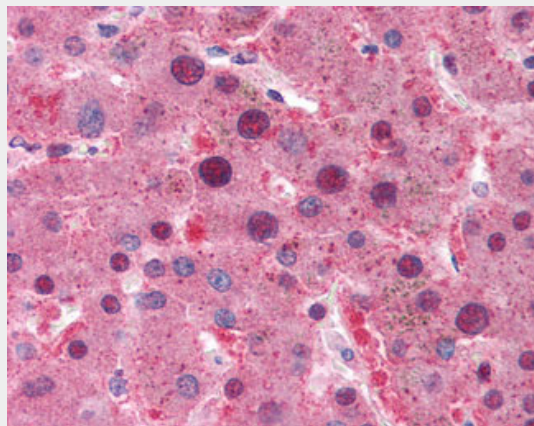
Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus. Cytoplasm Note=Localization to the nucleolus is dependent on HEATR1

MYC / c-Myc Antibody (C-Terminus, clone 9E10) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

MYC / c-Myc Antibody (C-Terminus, clone 9E10) - Images



Anti-MYC / c-Myc antibody IHC of human liver.

MYC / c-Myc Antibody (C-Terminus, clone 9E10) - Background

Transcription factor that binds DNA in a non-specific manner, yet also specifically recognizes the core sequence 5'-CAC[GA]TG-3'. Activates the transcription of growth-related genes.

MYC / c-Myc Antibody (C-Terminus, clone 9E10) - References

Batley J., et al. Cell 34:779-787(1983).
Bernard O., et al. EMBO J. 2:2375-2383(1983).
Colby W.W., et al. Nature 301:722-725(1983).
Watt R., et al. Nature 303:725-728(1983).

Rabbitts T.H., et al. Nature 306:760-765(1983).