

CASP4 / Caspase 4 Antibody
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS11532**Specification**

CASP4 / Caspase 4 Antibody - Product Information

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	P49662
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	43kDa KDa

CASP4 / Caspase 4 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 837

Other Names

Caspase-4, CASP-4, 3.4.22.57, ICE(rel)-II, Protease ICH-2, Protease TX, Caspase-4 subunit 1, Caspase-4 subunit 2, CASP4, ICH2

Reconstitution & Storage

Aliquot and store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

Precautions

CASP4 / Caspase 4 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

CASP4 / Caspase 4 Antibody - Protein Information

Name CASP4 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:15123740, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:1505}

Function

Inflammatory caspase that acts as the effector of the non-canonical inflammasome by mediating lipopolysaccharide (LPS)-induced pyroptosis (PubMed: 25119034, PubMed: 26375003, PubMed: 32109412, PubMed: 34671164, PubMed: 37001519, PubMed: 37993712, PubMed: 37993714). Also indirectly activates the NLRP3 and NLRP6 inflammasomes (PubMed: 23516580, PubMed: 26375003, PubMed: 32109412, PubMed: 7797510). Acts as a thiol protease that cleaves a tetrapeptide after an Asp residue at position P1: catalyzes cleavage of

CGAS, GSDMD and IL18 (PubMed: 15326478, PubMed: 23516580, PubMed: 26375003, PubMed: 28314590, PubMed: 32109412, PubMed: 37993712, PubMed: 37993714, PubMed: 7797510). Effector of the non-canonical inflammasome independently of NLRP3 inflammasome and CASP1: the non-canonical inflammasome promotes pyroptosis through GSDMD cleavage without involving secretion of cytokine IL1B (PubMed: 25119034, PubMed: 25121752, PubMed: 26375003, PubMed: 31268602, PubMed: 32109412, PubMed: 37993712, PubMed: 37993714). In the non-canonical inflammasome, CASP4 is activated by direct binding to the lipid A moiety of LPS without the need of an upstream sensor (PubMed: 25119034, PubMed: 25121752, PubMed: 29520027, PubMed: 32510692, PubMed: 32581219, PubMed: 37993712). LPS-binding promotes CASP4 activation and CASP4-mediated cleavage of GSDMD and IL18, followed by IL18 secretion through the GSDMD pore, pyroptosis of infected cells and their extrusion into the gut lumen (PubMed: 25119034, PubMed: 25121752, PubMed: 37993712, PubMed: 37993714). Also indirectly promotes secretion of mature cytokines (IL1A and HMGB1) downstream of GSDMD-mediated pyroptosis via activation of the NLRP3 and NLRP6 inflammasomes (PubMed: 26375003, PubMed: 32109412). Involved in NLRP3-dependent CASP1 activation and IL1B secretion in response to non-canonical activators, such as UVB radiation or cholera enterotoxin (PubMed: 22246630, PubMed: 23516580, PubMed: 24879791, PubMed: 25964352, PubMed: 26173988, PubMed: 26174085, PubMed: 26508369). Involved in NLRP6 inflammasome- dependent activation in response to lipoteichoic acid (LTA), a cell- wall component of Gram-positive bacteria, which leads to CASP1 activation and IL1B secretion (PubMed: 33377178). Involved in LPS- induced IL6 secretion; this activity may not require caspase enzymatic activity (PubMed: 26508369). The non-canonical inflammasome is required for innate immunity to cytosolic, but not vacuolar, bacteria (By similarity). Plays a crucial role in the restriction of S.typhimurium replication in colonic epithelial cells during infection (PubMed: 25121752, PubMed: 25964352). Activation of the non-canonical inflammasome in brain endothelial cells can lead to excessive pyroptosis, leading to blood-brain barrier breakdown (By similarity). Pyroptosis limits bacterial replication, while cytokine secretion promotes the

recruitment and activation of immune cells and triggers mucosal inflammation (PubMed:25121752, PubMed:25964352, PubMed:26375003). May also act as an activator of adaptive immunity in dendritic cells, following activation by oxidized phospholipid 1- palmitoyl-2-arachidonoyl- sn-glycero-3-phosphorylcholine, an oxidized phospholipid (oxPAPC) (By similarity). Involved in cell death induced by endoplasmic reticulum stress and by treatment with cytotoxic APP peptides found in Alzheimer's patient brains (PubMed:15123740, PubMed:22246630, PubMed:23661706). Cleavage of GSDMD is not strictly dependent on the consensus cleavage site but depends on an exosite interface on CASP4 that recognizes and binds the Gasdermin-D, C- terminal (GSDMD-CT) part (PubMed:32109412). Catalyzes cleavage and maturation of IL18; IL18 processing also depends of the exosite interface on CASP4 (PubMed:15326478, PubMed:37993712, PubMed:37993714). In contrast, it does not directly process IL1B (PubMed:7743998, PubMed:7797510, PubMed:7797592). During non-canonical inflammasome activation, cuts CGAS and may play a role in the regulation of antiviral innate immune activation (PubMed:28314590).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Mitochondrion Inflammasome. Secreted Note=Predominantly localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) Association with the ER membrane requires TMEM214 (PubMed:15123740) Released in the extracellular milieu by keratinocytes following UVB irradiation (PubMed:22246630).

Tissue Location

Widely expressed, including in keratinocytes and colonic and small intestinal epithelial cells (at protein level). Not detected in brain.

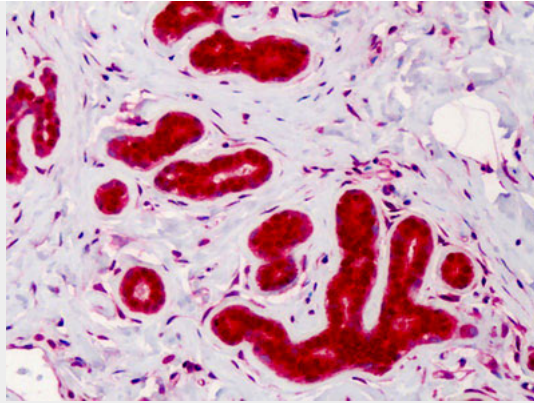
CASP4 / Caspase 4 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

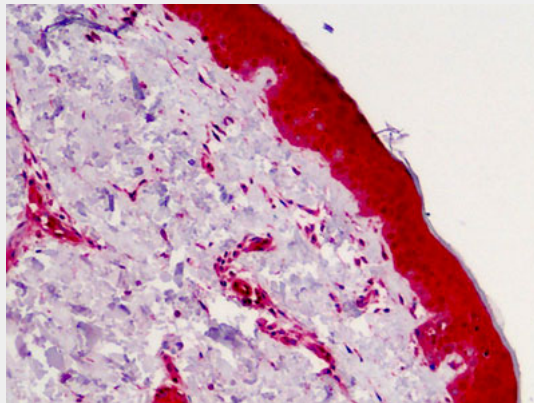
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

CASP4 / Caspase 4 Antibody - Images





Anti-CASP4 / Caspase 4 antibody IHC of human breast.



Anti-CASP4 / Caspase 4 antibody IHC of human skin.

CASP4 / Caspase 4 Antibody - Background

Involved in the activation cascade of caspases responsible for apoptosis execution. Involved in ER-stress induced apoptosis. Cleaves caspase-1.

CASP4 / Caspase 4 Antibody - References

- Faucheu C.,et al.EMBO J. 14:1914-1922(1995).
- Munday N.A.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 270:15870-15876(1995).
- Kamens J.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 270:15250-15256(1995).
- Fernandes-Alnemri T.,et al.Submitted (JUN-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
- Taylor T.D.,et al.Nature 440:497-500(2006).