

**VMD2L3 / BEST3 Antibody (C-Terminus)**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ALS11003**

**Specification**

---

**VMD2L3 / BEST3 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Product Information**

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q8N1M1</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	76kDa KDa

**VMD2L3 / BEST3 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 144453

**Other Names**

Bestrophin-3, Vitelliform macular dystrophy 2-like protein 3, BEST3, VMD2L3

**Target/Specificity**

Human BEST3. BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Long term: -70°C; Short term: +4°C

**Precautions**

VMD2L3 / BEST3 Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**VMD2L3 / BEST3 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protein Information**

**Name** BEST3 ([HGNC:17105](#))

**Function**

Ligand-gated anion channel that allows the movement of chloride monoatomic anions across cell membranes when activated by calcium (Ca<sup>2+</sup>).

**Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein.

**Tissue Location**

Present in skeletal muscle and weakly in brain, spinal cord, bone marrow and retina.

**Volume**

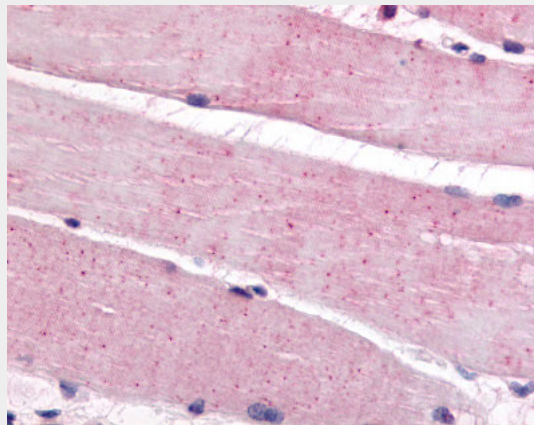
50 µl

## VMD2L3 / BEST3 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## VMD2L3 / BEST3 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Images



Anti-BEST3 antibody ALS11003 IHC of human skeletal muscle.

## VMD2L3 / BEST3 Antibody (C-Terminus) - Background

Forms calcium-sensitive chloride channels. Permeable to bicarbonate.

## VMD2L3 / BEST3 Antibody (C-Terminus) - References

- Stoehr H., et al. Eur. J. Hum. Genet. 10:281-284(2002).  
Tsunenari T., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 278:41114-41125(2003).  
Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).  
Scherer S.E., et al. Nature 440:346-351(2006).