

**SYVN1 / HRD1 Antibody (Internal)**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ALS10978****Specification**

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**SYVN1 / HRD1 Antibody (Internal) - Product Information**

Application	IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q86TM6</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Hamster, Monkey, Horse, Xenopus, Bovine, Dog
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	68kDa KDa

**SYVN1 / HRD1 Antibody (Internal) - Additional Information****Gene ID** 84447**Other Names**

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase synoviolin, 6.3.2.-, Synovial apoptosis inhibitor 1, SYVN1, HRD1, KIAA1810

**Target/Specificity**

Human SYVN1 / HRD1. BLAST analysis of the peptide immunogen showed no homology with other human proteins.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Long term: -70°C; Short term: +4°C

**Precautions**

SYVN1 / HRD1 Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**SYVN1 / HRD1 Antibody (Internal) - Protein Information****Name** SYVN1**Synonyms** HRD1, KIAA1810**Function**E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase which accepts ubiquitin specifically from endoplasmic reticulum-associated UBC7 E2 ligase and transfers it to substrates, promoting their degradation (PubMed: [12459480](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12459480), PubMed: [12646171](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12646171), PubMed: [12975321](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12975321), PubMed: [14593114](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14593114), PubMed: [16289116](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16289116)),

PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16847254" target="\_blank">16847254</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17059562" target="\_blank">17059562</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17141218" target="\_blank">17141218</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17170702" target="\_blank">17170702</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22607976" target="\_blank">22607976</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26471130" target="\_blank">26471130</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28827405" target="\_blank">28827405</a>). Component of the endoplasmic reticulum quality control (ERQC) system also called ER-associated degradation (ERAD) involved in ubiquitin- dependent degradation of misfolded endoplasmic reticulum proteins (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12459480" target="\_blank">12459480</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12646171" target="\_blank">12646171</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12975321" target="\_blank">12975321</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14593114" target="\_blank">14593114</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16289116" target="\_blank">16289116</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16847254" target="\_blank">16847254</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17059562" target="\_blank">17059562</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17141218" target="\_blank">17141218</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17170702" target="\_blank">17170702</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22607976" target="\_blank">22607976</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26471130" target="\_blank">26471130</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28842558" target="\_blank">28842558</a>). Also promotes the degradation of normal but naturally short-lived proteins such as SGK. Protects cells from ER stress-induced apoptosis. Protects neurons from apoptosis induced by polyglutamine-expanded huntingtin (HTT) or unfolded GPR37 by promoting their degradation (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17141218" target="\_blank">17141218</a>). Sequesters p53/TP53 in the cytoplasm and promotes its degradation, thereby negatively regulating its biological function in transcription, cell cycle regulation and apoptosis (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17170702" target="\_blank">17170702</a>). Mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent degradation of cytoplasmic NFE2L1 (By similarity). During the early stage of B cell development, required for degradation of the pre-B cell receptor (pre-BCR) complex, hence supporting further differentiation into mature B cells (By similarity).

#### Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

#### Tissue Location

Ubiquitously expressed, with highest levels in liver and kidney (at protein level). Up-regulated in synovial tissues from patients with rheumatoid arthritis (at protein level)

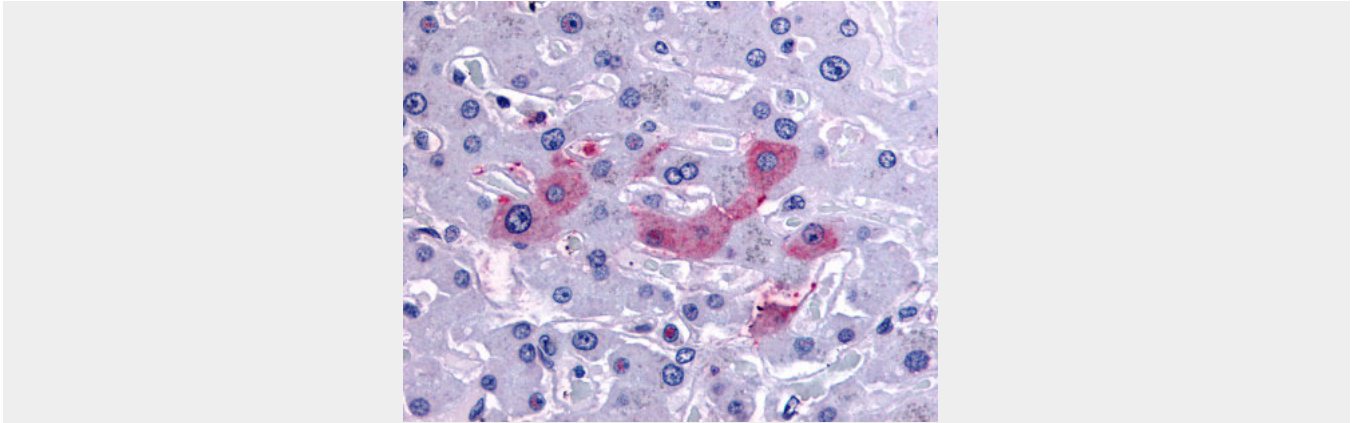
#### SYVN1 / HRD1 Antibody (Internal) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### SYVN1 / HRD1 Antibody (Internal) - Images





Anti-SYVN1 / HRD1 antibody ALS10978 IHC of human liver.

### **SYVN1 / HRD1 Antibody (Internal) - Background**

Acts as an E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase which accepts ubiquitin specifically from endoplasmic reticulum-associated UBC7 E2 ligase and transfers it to substrates, promoting their degradation. Component of the endoplasmic reticulum quality control (ERQC) system also called ER-associated degradation (ERAD) involved in ubiquitin-dependent degradation of misfolded endoplasmic reticulum proteins. Also promotes the degradation of normal but naturally short-lived proteins such as SGK. Protects cells from ER stress-induced apoptosis. Protects neurons from apoptosis induced by polyglutamine-expanded huntingtin (HTT) or unfolded GPR37 by promoting their degradation. Sequesters p53/TP53 in the cytoplasm and promotes its degradation, thereby negatively regulating its biological function in transcription, cell cycle regulation and apoptosis.

### **SYVN1 / HRD1 Antibody (Internal) - References**

- Kaneko M.,et al.FEBS Lett. 532:147-152(2002).
- Nadav E.,et al.Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 303:91-97(2003).
- Amano T.,et al.Genes Dev. 17:2436-2449(2003).
- Kikkert M.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 279:3525-3534(2004).
- Nagase T.,et al.DNA Res. 8:85-95(2001).