

ARHGEF39 Antibody - C-terminal region
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AI15698

Specification

ARHGEF39 Antibody - C-terminal region - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q8N4T4
Other Accession	NM_032818 , NP_116207
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Horse, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Horse, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	38kDa KDa

ARHGEF39 Antibody - C-terminal region - Additional Information

Gene ID 84904

Alias Symbol **RP11-331F9.7**
Other Names
Rho guanine nucleotide exchange factor 39, ARHGEF39, C9orf100

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-ARHGEF39 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

ARHGEF39 Antibody - C-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

ARHGEF39 Antibody - C-terminal region - Protein Information

Name ARHGEF39

Synonyms C9orf100

Function

Promotes cell proliferation.

Cellular Location

Cell membrane.

Tissue Location

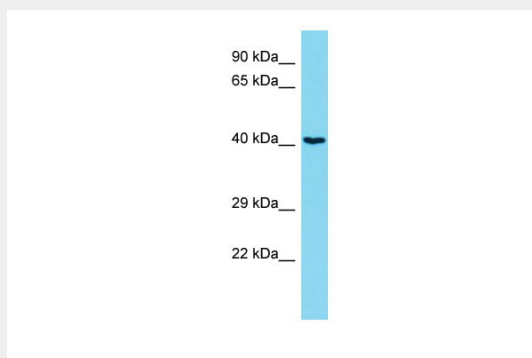
Strongly expressed in hepatocellular carcinoma (HCC) compared with their non-cancerous counterparts

ARHGEF39 Antibody - C-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

ARHGEF39 Antibody - C-terminal region - Images



Host: Rabbit

Target Name: ARHGEF39

Sample Tissue: Jurkat Whole cell lysate

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Antibody Dilution: 1.0µg/ml

ARHGEF39 Antibody - C-terminal region - References

Makela H.M.A.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2003) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

Humphray S.J.,et al.Nature 429:369-374(2004).

Wang H.,et al.Mol. Med. Report. 5:1169-1174(2012).