

SPHK1 antibody - middle region
Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AI14965**Specification**

SPHK1 antibody - middle region - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	O9NYA1
Other Accession	NM_001142601 , NP_001136073
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Goat, Horse, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Chicken, Horse, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	42kDa KDa

SPHK1 antibody - middle region - Additional Information**Gene ID** 8877

Alias Symbol	SPHK
Other Names	Sphingosine kinase 1, SK 1, SPK 1, 2.7.1.91, SPHK1, SPHK, SPK

Format

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-SPHK1 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

SPHK1 antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

SPHK1 antibody - middle region - Protein Information**Name** SPHK1 ([HGNC:11240](#))**Function**

Catalyzes the phosphorylation of sphingosine to form sphingosine 1-phosphate (SPP), a lipid mediator with both intra- and extracellular functions. Also acts on D-erythro-sphingosine and to a lesser extent sphinganine, but not other lipids, such as D,L-threo- dihydrosphingosine, N,N-dimethylsphingosine, diacylglycerol, ceramide, or phosphatidylinositol (PubMed:11923095, PubMed:20577214, PubMed:23602659, PubMed:23602659).

<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24929359> target="_blank">24929359, PubMed:29662056). In contrast to proapoptotic SPHK2, has a negative effect on intracellular ceramide levels, enhances cell growth and inhibits apoptosis (PubMed:16118219). Involved in the regulation of inflammatory response and neuroinflammation. Via the product sphingosine 1-phosphate, stimulates TRAF2 E3 ubiquitin ligase activity, and promotes activation of NF- kappa-B in response to TNF signaling leading to IL17 secretion (PubMed:20577214). In response to TNF and in parallel to NF-kappa-B activation, negatively regulates RANTES induction through p38 MAPK signaling pathway (PubMed:23935096). Involved in endocytic membrane trafficking induced by sphingosine, recruited to dilate endosomes, also plays a role on later stages of endosomal maturation and membrane fusion independently of its kinase activity (PubMed:24929359, PubMed:28049734). In Purkinje cells, seems to be also involved in the regulation of autophagosome-lysosome fusion upon VEGFA (PubMed:25417698).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cell membrane. Endosome membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Membrane, clathrin-coated pit. Synapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CI15} Note=Translocated from the cytoplasm to the plasma membrane in a CIB1- dependent manner (PubMed:19854831). Binds to membranes containing negatively charged lipids but not neutral lipids (PubMed:24929359) Recruited to endocytic membranes by sphingosine where promotes membrane fusion (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CI15, ECO:0000269|PubMed:19854831, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24929359}

Tissue Location

Widely expressed with highest levels in adult liver, kidney, heart and skeletal muscle. Expressed in brain cortex (at protein level) (PubMed:29662056).

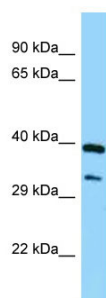
SPHK1 antibody - middle region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

SPHK1 antibody - middle region - Images





WB Suggested Anti-SPHK1 Antibody Titration: 1.0 μ g/ml

Positive Control: Fetal Lung

SPHK1 antibody - middle region - References

Melendez A.J., et al. *Gene* 251:19-26(2000).

Nava V.E., et al. *FEBS Lett.* 473:81-84(2000).

Pitson S.M., et al. *Biochem. J.* 350:429-441(2000).

Van Veldhoven P.P., et al. Submitted (AUG-1999) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Ota T., et al. *Nat. Genet.* 36:40-45(2004).