

**CLU antibody - C-terminal region**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AI14618****Specification**

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**CLU antibody - C-terminal region - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P10909</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NM_001831</a> , <a href="#">NP_001822</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Horse, Guinea Pig
Predicted Host	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Horse
Clonality	Rabbit
Calculated MW	Polyclonal 58kDa KDa

**CLU antibody - C-terminal region - Additional Information****Gene ID 1191**

Alias Symbol	AAG4, APOJ, CLI, KUB1, MGC24903, SGP-2, SGP2, SP-40, TRPM-2, TRPM2, APO-J, NA1/NA2
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**Other Names**

Clusterin, Aging-associated gene 4 protein, Apolipoprotein J, Apo-J, Complement cytolysis inhibitor, CLI, Complement-associated protein SP-40, 40, Ku70-binding protein 1, NA1/NA2, Testosterone-repressed prostate message 2, TRPM-2, Clusterin beta chain, ApoJalpha, Complement cytolysis inhibitor a chain, Clusterin alpha chain, ApoJbeta, Complement cytolysis inhibitor b chain, CLU, APOJ, CLI, KUB1

**Format**

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-CLU antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

CLU antibody - C-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**CLU antibody - C-terminal region - Protein Information**

Name CLU ([HGNC:2095](#))

**Function**

[Isoform 1]: Functions as extracellular chaperone that prevents aggregation of non native proteins (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11123922" target="\_blank">11123922</a>),

PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19535339" target="\_blank">19535339</a>). Prevents stress-induced aggregation of blood plasma proteins (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11123922" target="\_blank">11123922</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12176985" target="\_blank">12176985</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17260971" target="\_blank">17260971</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19996109" target="\_blank">19996109</a>). Inhibits formation of amyloid fibrils by APP, APOC2, B2M, CALCA, CSN3, SNCA and aggregation-prone LYZ variants (in vitro) (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12047389" target="\_blank">12047389</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17407782" target="\_blank">17407782</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17412999" target="\_blank">17412999</a>). Does not require ATP (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11123922" target="\_blank">11123922</a>). Maintains partially unfolded proteins in a state appropriate for subsequent refolding by other chaperones, such as HSPA8/HSC70 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11123922" target="\_blank">11123922</a>). Does not refold proteins by itself (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11123922" target="\_blank">11123922</a>). Binding to cell surface receptors triggers internalization of the chaperone-client complex and subsequent lysosomal or proteasomal degradation (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/21505792" target="\_blank">21505792</a>). Protects cells against apoptosis and against cytolysis by complement (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2780565" target="\_blank">2780565</a>). Intracellular forms interact with ubiquitin and SCF (SKP1-CUL1-F-box protein) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complexes and promote the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20068069" target="\_blank">20068069</a>). Promotes proteasomal degradation of COMMD1 and IKBKB (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20068069" target="\_blank">20068069</a>). Modulates NF-kappa-B transcriptional activity (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12882985" target="\_blank">12882985</a>). A mitochondrial form suppresses BAX- dependent release of cytochrome c into the cytoplasm and inhibit apoptosis (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16113678" target="\_blank">16113678</a>, PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17689225" target="\_blank">17689225</a>). Plays a role in the regulation of cell proliferation (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19137541" target="\_blank">19137541</a>). An intracellular form suppresses stress-induced apoptosis by stabilizing mitochondrial membrane integrity through interaction with HSPA5 (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22689054" target="\_blank">22689054</a>). Secreted form does not affect caspase or BAX-mediated intrinsic apoptosis and TNF-induced NF-kappa-B-activity (PubMed: <a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24073260" target="\_blank">24073260</a>). Secreted form act as an important modulator during neuronal differentiation through interaction with STMN3 (By similarity). Plays a role in the clearance of immune complexes that arise during cell injury (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

[Isoform 1]: Secreted. Note=Can retrotranslocate from the secretory compartments to the cytosol upon cellular stress. [Isoform 6]: Cytoplasm. Note=Keeps cytoplasmic localization in stressed and unstressed cell.

### Tissue Location

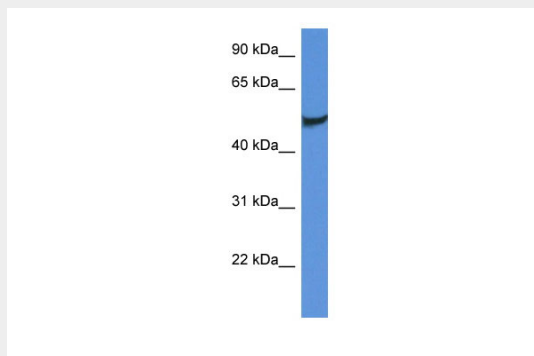
Detected in blood plasma, cerebrospinal fluid, milk, seminal plasma and colon mucosa. Detected in the germinal center of colon lymphoid nodules and in colon parasympathetic ganglia of the Auerbach plexus (at protein level). Ubiquitous. Detected in brain, testis, ovary, liver and pancreas, and at lower levels in kidney, heart, spleen and lung.

### CLU antibody - C-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

#### **CLU antibody - C-terminal region - Images**



CLU antibody - C-terminal region (AI14618) validated by WB using Fetal Brain Lysate at 1 $\mu$ g/ml.

#### **CLU antibody - C-terminal region - References**

- Jenne D.E., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 86:7123-7127(1989).  
Wong P., et al. Eur. J. Biochem. 221:917-925(1994).  
Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).  
Li W.B., et al. Submitted (JUL-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.  
Bechtel S., et al. BMC Genomics 8:399-399(2007).