

**HK1 antibody - N-terminal region**  
**Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AI14605****Specification**

---

**HK1 antibody - N-terminal region - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P19367</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NM_033498</a> , <a href="#">NP_277033</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Horse, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rabbit, Pig, Chicken, Horse, Bovine, Guinea Pig, Dog
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	103kDa KDa

**HK1 antibody - N-terminal region - Additional Information****Gene ID** 3098**Alias Symbol** HK1-ta, HK1-tb, HK1-tc, HKI, HXK1**Other Names**

Hexokinase-1, 2.7.1.1, Brain form hexokinase, Hexokinase type I, HK I, HK1

**Format**

Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.

**Reconstitution & Storage**

Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-HK1 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**

HK1 antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**HK1 antibody - N-terminal region - Protein Information****Name** HK1 ([HGNC:4922](#))**Function**

Catalyzes the phosphorylation of various hexoses, such as D- glucose, D-glucosamine, D-fructose, D-mannose and 2-deoxy-D-glucose, to hexose 6-phosphate (D-glucose 6-phosphate, D-glucosamine 6-phosphate, D-fructose 6-phosphate, D-mannose 6-phosphate and 2-deoxy-D-glucose 6- phosphate, respectively) (PubMed:&lt;a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/1637300" target="\_blank"&gt;1637300&lt;/a&gt;, PubMed:&lt;a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25316723" target="\_blank"&gt;25316723&lt;/a&gt;, PubMed:&lt;a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27374331" target="\_blank"&gt;27374331&lt;/a&gt;). Does not

phosphorylate N-acetyl-D-glucosamine (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27374331" target="\_blank">27374331</a>). Mediates the initial step of glycolysis by catalyzing phosphorylation of D-glucose to D-glucose 6-phosphate (By similarity). Involved in innate immunity and inflammation by acting as a pattern recognition receptor for bacterial peptidoglycan (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27374331" target="\_blank">27374331</a>). When released in the cytosol, N-acetyl-D-glucosamine component of bacterial peptidoglycan inhibits the hexokinase activity of HK1 and causes its dissociation from mitochondrial outer membrane, thereby activating the NLRP3 inflammasome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27374331" target="\_blank">27374331</a>).

#### Cellular Location

Mitochondrion outer membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Note=The mitochondrial-binding peptide (MBP) region promotes association with the mitochondrial outer membrane (Probable). Dissociates from the mitochondrial outer membrane following inhibition by N-acetyl-D-glucosamine, leading to relocation to the cytosol (PubMed:27374331).

#### Tissue Location

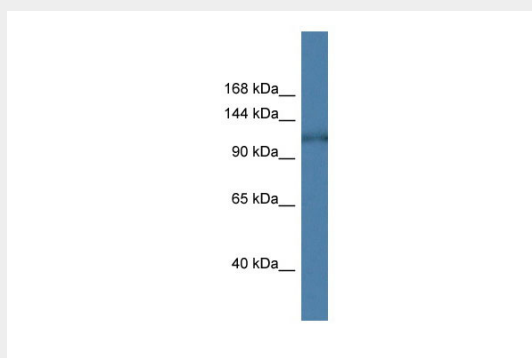
Isoform 2: Erythrocyte specific (Ref.6). Isoform 3: Testis-specific (PubMed:10978502). Isoform 4: Testis-specific (PubMed:10978502). {ECO:0000269|PubMed:10978502, ECO:0000269|Ref.6}

### HK1 antibody - N-terminal region - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### HK1 antibody - N-terminal region - Images



WB Suggested Anti-HK1 Antibody Titration: 1.0 µg/ml  
Positive Control: Fetal Heart

### HK1 antibody - N-terminal region - References

Nishi S., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 157:937-943(1988).  
Ruzzo A., et al. Biochem. J. 331:607-613(1998).

Deloukas P., et al. Nature 429:375-381(2004).  
Andreoni F., et al. Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1493:19-26(2000).  
Murakami K., et al. Blood 90:272-272(1998).