

Anti-CD3e (T-Cell Marker) Antibody
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # AH13600**Specification**

Anti-CD3e (T-Cell Marker) Antibody - Product Information

Application	,1,14,3,4,
Primary Accession	P07766
Other Accession	3003
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / IgG1
Calculated MW	23147

Anti-CD3e (T-Cell Marker) Antibody - Additional Information**Gene ID** 916**Other Names**

CD 3E, CD3 epsilon, CD3 TCR complex, CD3E, CD3e antigen epsilon polypeptide (TiT3 complex), T cell antigen receptor complex epsilon subunit of T3, T-cell surface antigen T3/Leu-4 epsilon chain, T-cell surface glycoprotein CD3 epsilon chain, T3E, TCRE, TiT3 complex

Format

200ug/ml of Ab purified from rabbit anti-serum by Protein A. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA at 1.0mg/ml.

Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

Precautions

Anti-CD3e (T-Cell Marker) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Anti-CD3e (T-Cell Marker) Antibody - Protein Information**Name** CD3E**Synonyms** T3E**Function**

Part of the TCR-CD3 complex present on T-lymphocyte cell surface that plays an essential role in adaptive immune response. When antigen presenting cells (APCs) activate T-cell receptor (TCR), TCR-mediated signals are transmitted across the cell membrane by the CD3 chains CD3D, CD3E, CD3G and CD3Z. All CD3 chains contain immunoreceptor tyrosine-based activation motifs (ITAMs) in their cytoplasmic domain. Upon TCR engagement, these motifs become phosphorylated by Src family protein tyrosine kinases LCK and FYN, resulting in the activation of downstream signaling

pathways (PubMed:2470098). In addition of this role of signal transduction in T-cell activation, CD3E plays an essential role in correct T-cell development. Initiates the TCR-CD3 complex assembly by forming the two heterodimers CD3D/CD3E and CD3G/CD3E. Participates also in internalization and cell surface down-regulation of TCR-CD3 complexes via endocytosis sequences present in CD3E cytosolic region (PubMed:10384095, PubMed:26507128).

Cellular Location

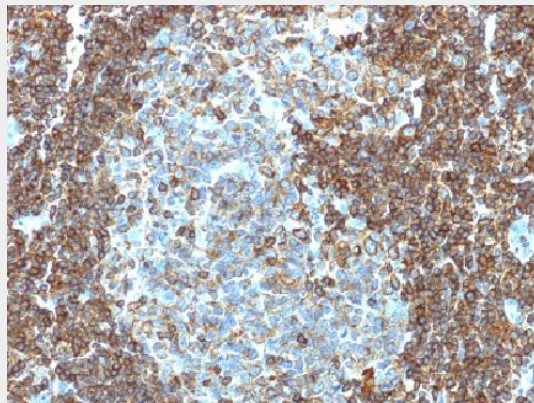
Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Anti-CD3e (T-Cell Marker) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-CD3e (T-Cell Marker) Antibody - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with CD3 epsilon Monoclonal Antibody (PC3/188A).

Anti-CD3e (T-Cell Marker) Antibody - Background

Recognizes the ϵ -chain of CD3, which consists of five different polypeptide chains (designated as gamma, delta, epsilon, zeta, and eta) with MW ranging from 16-28kDa. The CD3 complex is closely associated at the lymphocyte cell surface with the T cell antigen receptor (TCR). Reportedly, CD3 complex is involved in signal transduction to the T cell interior following antigen recognition. The CD3 antigen is first detectable in early thymocytes and probably represents one of the earliest signs of commitment to the T cell lineage. In cortical thymocytes, CD3 is predominantly intra-cytoplasmic. However, in medullary thymocytes, it appears on the T cell surface. CD3 antigen is a highly specific marker for T cells, and is present in majority of T cell neoplasms.