

**Anti-Rb1 (Tumor Suppressor Protein) Antibody**  
**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # AH13480****Specification**

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**Anti-Rb1 (Tumor Suppressor Protein) Antibody - Product Information**

Application	,1,14,5,
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P06400</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">408528</a>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / IgG1, kappa
Calculated MW	106159

**Anti-Rb1 (Tumor Suppressor Protein) Antibody - Additional Information****Gene ID** 5925**Other Names**

OSRC; Osteosarcoma; p105-Rb; PP105; pp110; pRb; Prepro retinoblastoma associated protein; RB1; Retinoblastoma 1; Retinoblastoma-associated protein

**Format**

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA &amp; 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA &amp; azide at 1.0mg/ml.

**Storage**

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

**Precautions**

Anti-Rb1 (Tumor Suppressor Protein) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Anti-Rb1 (Tumor Suppressor Protein) Antibody - Protein Information****Name** RB1**Function**

Tumor suppressor that is a key regulator of the G1/S transition of the cell cycle (PubMed: [10499802](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10499802)). The hypophosphorylated form binds transcription regulators of the E2F family, preventing transcription of E2F-responsive genes (PubMed: [10499802](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10499802)). Both physically blocks E2Fs transactivating domain and recruits chromatin-modifying enzymes that actively repress transcription (PubMed: [10499802](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10499802)). Cyclin and CDK-dependent phosphorylation of RB1 induces its dissociation from E2Fs, thereby activating transcription of E2F responsive genes and triggering entry into S phase (PubMed: [10499802](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10499802)).

[10499802](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10499802)). RB1 also promotes the G0-G1 transition upon phosphorylation and activation by CDK3/cyclin-C (PubMed:[15084261](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15084261)). Directly involved in heterochromatin formation by maintaining overall chromatin structure and, in particular, that of constitutive heterochromatin by stabilizing histone methylation. Recruits and targets histone methyltransferases SUV39H1, KMT5B and KMT5C, leading to epigenetic transcriptional repression. Controls histone H4 'Lys-20' trimethylation. Inhibits the intrinsic kinase activity of TAF1. Mediates transcriptional repression by SMARCA4/BRG1 by recruiting a histone deacetylase (HDAC) complex to the c-FOS promoter. In resting neurons, transcription of the c-FOS promoter is inhibited by BRG1- dependent recruitment of a phospho-RB1-HDAC1 repressor complex. Upon calcium influx, RB1 is dephosphorylated by calcineurin, which leads to release of the repressor complex (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Note=During keratinocyte differentiation, acetylation by KAT2B/PCAF is required for nuclear localization.

#### **Tissue Location**

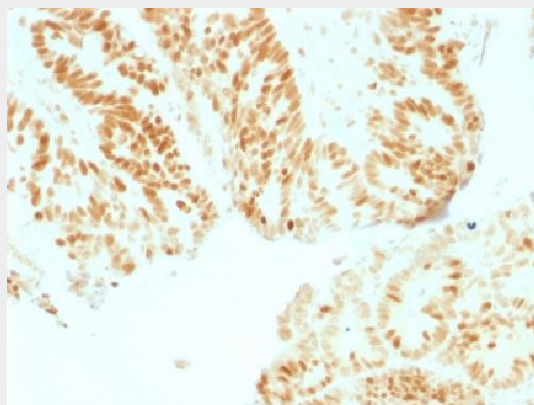
Expressed in the retina. Expressed in foreskin keratinocytes (at protein level) (PubMed:20940255)

### **Anti-Rb1 (Tumor Suppressor Protein) Antibody - Protocols**

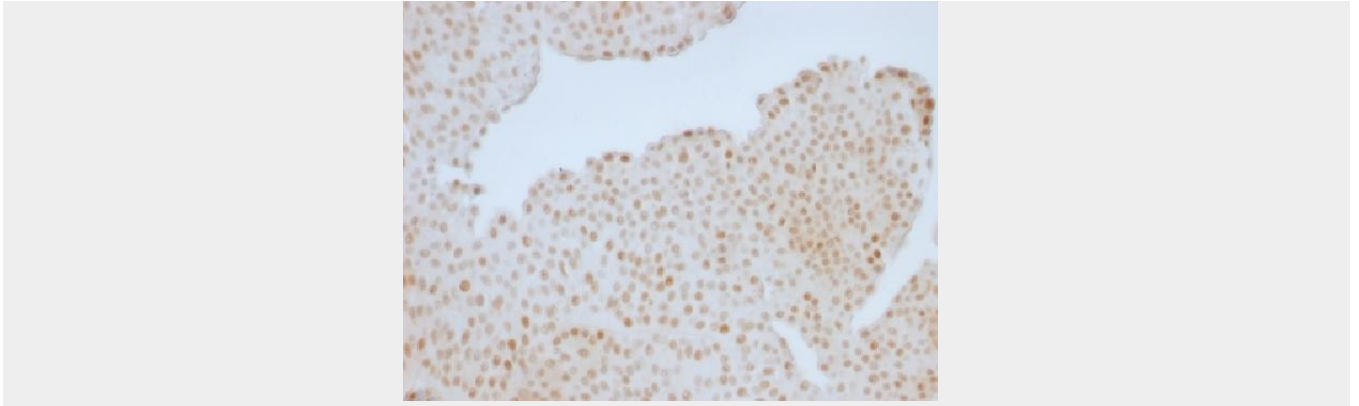
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### **Anti-Rb1 (Tumor Suppressor Protein) Antibody - Images**



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Colon stained with Retinoblastoma (Rb1) Monoclonal Antibody (RB1/1754).



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Colon stained with Retinoblastoma (Rb1) Monoclonal Antibody (RB1/1754).

### **Anti-Rb1 (Tumor Suppressor Protein) Antibody - Background**

Recognizes a 105kDa phosphoprotein, identified as retinoblastoma (Rb) gene product. It shows no cross reaction with p107 or p130. It reacts with the hyper-phosphorylated as well as the un (under) phosphorylated form of the Rb protein. Retinoblastoma gene product plays a key role in cell cycle control. It has been identified as a tumor suppressor gene whose loss of its function leads to tumor development. It is widely expressed in a variety of human tissues including breast, esophageal, squamous cell and cervical carcinoma.