

## Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AH13085

## **Specification**

## Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Product Information

**Application** ,3,4, **Primary Accession** P06731 Other Accession 709196, 634 Reactivity Human Host Mouse Clonality **Monoclonal** Isotype Mouse / IgG1 Calculated MW 76796

## Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Additional Information

### **Gene ID 1048**

### **Other Names**

Carcinoembryonic Antigen-related Cell Adhesion Molecule 5, CEACAM5, CD66, Biliary Glycoprotein (BGP-1)

### **Format**

200ug/ml of Ab purified from Bioreactor Concentrate by Protein A/G. Prepared in 10mM PBS with 0.05% BSA & 0.05% azide. Also available WITHOUT BSA & azide at 1.0mg/ml.

### Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

### **Precautions**

Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Protein Information

## Name CEACAM5 (HGNC:1817)

### **Function**

Cell surface glycoprotein that plays a role in cell adhesion, intracellular signaling and tumor progression (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10864933" target="\_blank">10864933</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10910050" target="\_blank">10910050</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2803308" target="\_blank">2803308</a>). Mediates homophilic and heterophilic cell adhesion with other carcinoembryonic antigen-related cell adhesion molecules, such as CEACAM6 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2803308" target="\_blank">2803308</a>). Plays a role as an oncogene by promoting tumor progression; induces resistance to anoikis of colorectal carcinoma cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10910050"



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target=" blank">10910050</a>).

### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor. Apical cell membrane. Cell surface Note=Localized to the apical glycocalyx surface

### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in columnar epithelial and goblet cells of the colon (at protein level) (PubMed:10436421). Found in adenocarcinomas of endodermally derived digestive system epithelium and fetal colon.

# Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

## Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Images

# Anti-Carcinoembryonic Antigen (CEA) / CD66 Antibody - Background

This antibody recognizes proteins of 80-200kDa, identified as different members of CEA family. CEA is synthesized during development in the fetal gut and is re-expressed in increased amounts in intestinal carcinomas and several other tumors. This MAb does not react with nonspecific cross-reacting antigen (NCA) and with human polymorphonuclear leucocytes. It shows no reaction with a variety of normal tissues and is suitable for staining of formalin/paraffin tissues. CEA is not found in benign glands, stroma, or malignant prostatic cells. Antibody to CEA is useful in detecting early foci of gastric carcinoma and in distinguishing pulmonary adenocarcinomas (60-70% are CEA+) from pleural mesotheliomas (rarely or weakly CEA+). Anti-CEA positivity is seen in adenocarcinomas from the lung, colon, stomach, esophagus, pancreas, gallbadder, urachus, salivary gland, ovary, and endocervix.