

# CD22 / BL-CAM Antibody - With BSA and Azide

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone MYG13 ]
Catalog # AH12675

# **Specification**

# CD22 / BL-CAM Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Other Accession
Reactivity
Host
Clonality

Isotype Calculated MW ,3,4, P20273 933, 579691

Human, Mouse, Rat

Mouse Monoclonal

Mouse / IgG1, kappa 130-140kDa KDa

# CD22 / BL-CAM Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information

### Gene ID 933

# **Other Names**

B-cell receptor CD22, B-lymphocyte cell adhesion molecule, BL-CAM, Sialic acid-binding Ig-like lectin 2, Siglec-2, T-cell surface antigen Leu-14, CD22, CD22, SIGLEC2

#### Storage

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

#### **Precautions**

CD22 / BL-CAM Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

# CD22 / BL-CAM Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information

Name CD22 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:1691828, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:1643}

#### **Function**

Most highly expressed siglec (sialic acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin) on B-cells that plays a role in various aspects of B-cell biology including differentiation, antigen presentation, and trafficking to bone marrow (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34330755" target="\_blank">34330755</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8627166" target="\_blank">8627166</a>). Binds to alpha 2,6-linked sialic acid residues of surface molecules such as CD22 itself, CD45 and IgM in a cis configuration. Can also bind to ligands on other cells as an adhesion molecule in a trans configuration (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20172905" target="\_blank">20172905</a>). Acts as an inhibitory coreceptor on the surface of B-cells and inhibits B-cell receptor induced signaling, characterized by inhibition of the calcium mobilization and cellular activation. Mechanistically, the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif domain is phosphorylated by the Src kinase LYN, which in turn leads to the recruitment of the protein tyrosine phosphatase 1/PTPN6, leading to the negative regulation of BCR signaling (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8627166"





target="\_blank">8627166</a>). If this negative signaling from is of sufficient strength, apoptosis of the B-cell can be induced (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20516366" target=" blank">20516366</a>).

**Cellular Location** 

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

**Tissue Location** B-lymphocytes.

# CD22 / BL-CAM Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

# CD22 / BL-CAM Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images

# CD22 / BL-CAM Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

Recognizes a protein of 130-140kDa, identified as CD22 (also known as BL-CAM). CD22 expression is restricted to normal and neoplastic B cells and is absent from other haemopoietic cell types. In B-cell ontogeny, CD22 is first expressed in the cytoplasm of pro-B and pre-B cells, and on the surface as B cells mature to become IgD+. It is not expressed by plasma cells, CD22 is found highly expressed in follicular mantle and marginal zone B-cells, and while germinal center B-cells are relatively weak. CD22 is a member of the immunoglobulin superfamily and serves as an adhesion receptor for sialic acid-bearing ligands expressed on erythrocytes and all leukocyte classes. It also associates with tyrosine kinases and play a role in signal transduction and B-cell activation.

# CD22 / BL-CAM Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References

Knapp, W et al. eds Leukocyte Typing IV, p190-192, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1989 | Schlossman SF et al. eds. Leukocyte Typing V, p523-503, Oxford University Press, Oxford, 1989. | Tedder TF et al. CD22, a B lymphocyte-specific adhesion molecule that regulates antigen receptor signaling. Annu Rev Immunol 15:481-504. | Cyster JG and Goodnow CC. Tuning antigen receptor signaling by CD22: integrating cues from antigens and the microenvironment. Immunity 1997,6:509-517. | Tuscano JM et al. Involvement of p72syk kinase, p53/56lyn kinase and phosphatidyl inositol-3 kinase in signal transduction via the human B lymphocyte antigen CD22. Eur J Immunol 1996, 26:1246-1252. | Sato S et al. CD22 negatively and positively regulates signal transduction through the B lymphocyte antigen receptor. Semin Immunol 1998, 10:287-297