

**HLA-Aw32 & HLA-A25 (MHC I) Antibody - With BSA and Azide**  
**Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone SPM418 ]**  
**Catalog # AH11408****Specification****HLA-Aw32 & HLA-A25 (MHC I) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Product Information**

Application	,2,3,4,
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P01889</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">3105</a> , <a href="#">181244</a> , <a href="#">654404</a> , <a href="#">77961</a> , <a href="#">P30443</a> , <a href="#">P30499</a>
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse / IgG2a, kappa
Calculated MW	kDa KDa

**HLA-Aw32 & HLA-A25 (MHC I) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Additional Information****Gene ID** 3106**Other Names**

HLA class I histocompatibility antigen, B-7 alpha chain, MHC class I antigen B\*7, HLA-B, HLAB

**Storage**

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

**Precautions**

HLA-Aw32 &amp; HLA-A25 (MHC I) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**HLA-Aw32 & HLA-A25 (MHC I) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protein Information****Name** HLA-B ([HGNC:4932](#))**Synonyms** HLAB**Function**

Antigen-presenting major histocompatibility complex class I (MHCI) molecule. In complex with B2M/beta 2 microglobulin displays primarily viral and tumor-derived peptides on antigen-presenting cells for recognition by alpha-beta T cell receptor (TCR) on HLA-B-restricted CD8-positive T cells, guiding antigen-specific T cell immune response to eliminate infected or transformed cells (PubMed: [23209413](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23209413) target="\_blank">23209413</a>, PubMed: [25808313](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25808313) target="\_blank">25808313</a>, PubMed: [29531227](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29531227) target="\_blank">29531227</a>, PubMed: [9620674](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9620674) target="\_blank">9620674</a>). May also present self-peptides derived from the signal sequence of secreted or membrane proteins, although T cells specific for these peptides are usually inactivated to prevent autoreactivity (PubMed: [18991276](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18991276) target="\_blank">18991276</a>, PubMed: [18991276](#) target="\_blank">18991276</a>).

<http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7743181> target="\_blank">7743181</a>). Both the peptide and the MHC molecule are recognized by TCR, the peptide is responsible for the fine specificity of antigen recognition and MHC residues account for the MHC restriction of T cells (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24600035" target="\_blank">24600035</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29531227" target="\_blank">29531227</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9620674" target="\_blank">9620674</a>). Typically presents intracellular peptide antigens of 8 to 13 amino acids that arise from cytosolic proteolysis via constitutive proteasome and IFNG-induced immunoproteasome (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23209413" target="\_blank">23209413</a>). Can bind different peptides containing allele-specific binding motifs, which are mainly defined by anchor residues at position 2 and 9 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25808313" target="\_blank">25808313</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29531227" target="\_blank">29531227</a>).

### Cellular Location

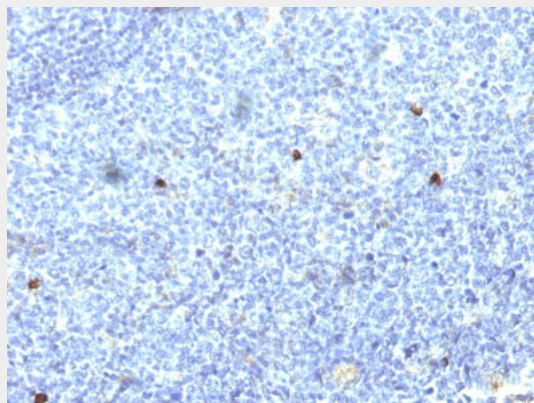
Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

### HLA-Aw32 & HLA-A25 (MHC I) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### HLA-Aw32 & HLA-A25 (MHC I) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Tonsil stained with MHC I Monoclonal Antibody (SPM418).

### HLA-Aw32 & HLA-A25 (MHC I) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background

This MAb reacts with cells bearing HLA-A25 or HLA-Aw32 antigens. In addition, a reaction was observed with a cell of phenotype A2, Aw31; B17, Bw49. HLA-A, with HLA-B and HLA-C, belongs to major histocompatibility complex (MHC) class I antigens and expresses constitutively on all nucleated cells. HLA system comprises closely linked genes controlling highly polymorphic proteins

involved in the presentation of peptides to the T-cell receptor, inhibition of NK cell cytotoxicity, and rejection of tissue allotransplantation. Specific alleles at HLA loci are associated with diseases. This MAb is specifically applicable for typing peripheral T cells for the antigens HLA-A25 and HLA-Aw32.

#### **HLA-Aw32 & HLA-A25 (MHC I) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - References**

Vilella R et al. Monoclonal antibody against HLA-Aw32 + A25. Is HLA-Aw32 an allele with no unique antigenic determinant? Hum Immunol 1983, 6(1):53-62. |