

**Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide  
Mouse Monoclonal Antibody [Clone CHGA/798 ]  
Catalog # AH11092**

**Specification**

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**Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -  
Product Information**

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| Application       | ,2,3,4,                                       |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">P10645</a>                        |
| Other Accession   | <a href="#">1113</a> , <a href="#">150793</a> |
| Reactivity        | Human, Rat                                    |
| Host              | Mouse   |
| Clonality         | Monoclonal                                    |
| Isotype           | Mouse / IgG1, kappa                           |
| Calculated MW     | 68-75kDa KDa                                  |

**Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -  
Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 1113

**Other Names**

Chromogranin-A, CgA, Pituitary secretory protein I, SP-I, Vasostatin-1, Vasostatin I, Vasostatin-2, Vasostatin II, EA-92, ES-43, Pancreastatin, SS-18, WA-8, WE-14, LF-19, AL-11, GV-19, GR-44, ER-37, CHGA

**Storage**

Store at 2 to 8°C. Antibody is stable for 24 months.

**Precautions**

Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

**Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -  
Protein Information**

**Name** CHGA

**Function**

[Pancreastatin]: Strongly inhibits glucose induced insulin release from the pancreas. [Serpinin]: Regulates granule biogenesis in endocrine cells by up-regulating the transcription of protease nexin 1 (SERPINE2) via a cAMP-PKA-SP1 pathway. This leads to inhibition of granule protein degradation in the Golgi complex which in turn promotes granule formation.

**Cellular Location**

[Serpinin]: Secreted {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26339}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26339}. Note=Pyroglutaminated serpinin localizes to secretory vesicle. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P26339}

### Tissue Location

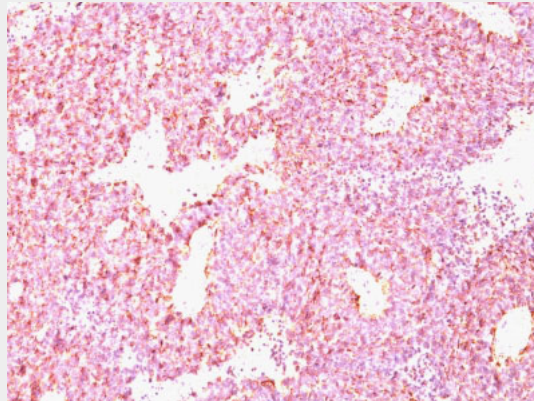
Detected in cerebrospinal fluid (at protein level) (PubMed:25326458). Detected in urine (at protein level) (PubMed:37453717).

### Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Protocols

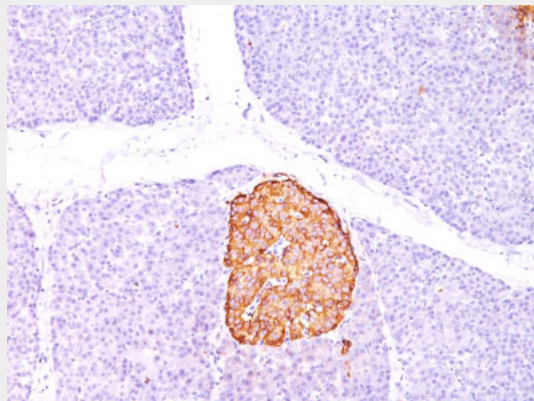
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

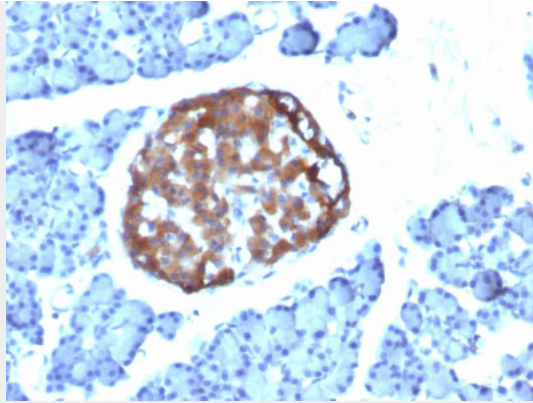
### Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Images



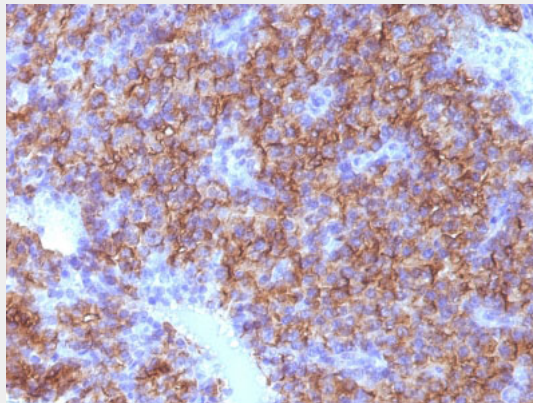
Formalin-paraffin human SC Lung Carcinoma stained with Chromogranin A MAb (CHGA/798)



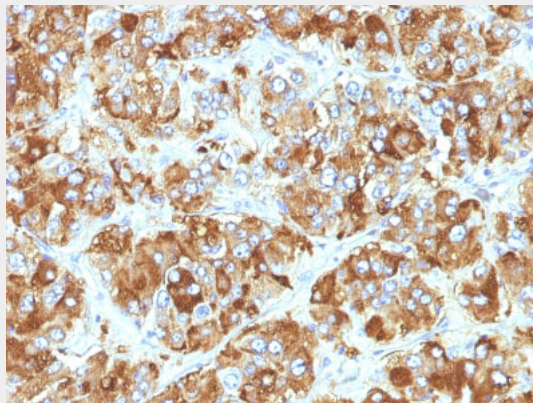
Formalin-paraffin human Pancreas stained with Chromogranin A MAb (CHGA/798)



Formalin-paraffin Rat Pancreas stained with Chromogranin A MAb (CHGA/798)



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Parathyroid stained with Chromogranin A Monoclonal Antibody (CHGA/798)



Formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded human Adrenal Gland stained with Chromogranin A Monoclonal Antibody (CHGA/798)

**Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide - Background**

Chromogranin A is present in neuroendocrine cells throughout the body, including the neuroendocrine cells of the large and small intestine, adrenal medulla and pancreatic islets. It is an excellent marker for carcinoid tumors, pheochromocytomas, paragangliomas, and other neuroendocrine tumors. Co-expression of chromogranin A and neuron specific enolase (NSE) is common in neuroendocrine neoplasms. Reportedly, co-expression of certain keratins and chromogranin indicates neuroendocrine lineage. The presence of strong anti-chromogranin staining and absence of anti-keratin staining should raise the possibility of paraganglioma. The

co-expression of chromogranin and NSE is typical of neuroendocrine neoplasms. Most pituitary adenomas and prolactinomas readily express chromogranin.

**Chromogranin A / CHGA (Neuroendocrine Marker) Antibody - With BSA and Azide -  
References**

Schmid, K.W., et al. 1993. Chromogranin A, secretogranin II and vasoactive intestinal peptide in pheochromocytomas and ganglioneuromas. *Histopathology* 22: 527-533