

Goat Anti-ASCL1 (aa79-91) Antibody
Purified Goat Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AF4317a

Specification

Goat Anti-ASCL1 (aa79-91) Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P50553
Other Accession	NP_004307.2 , 429 , 17172 (mouse) , 64186 (rat)
Reactivity	Mouse, Rat
Predicted	Human
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	25454

Goat Anti-ASCL1 (aa79-91) Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 429

Other Names

ASCL1; achaete-scute complex homolog 1 (Drosophila); ASH1; HASH1; MASH1; bHLHa46; ASH-1; achaete scute protein; achaete-scute complex-like 1; achaete-scute homolog 1; class A basic helix-loop-helix protein 46

Format

Supplied at 0.5 mg/ml in Tris saline, 0.02% sodium azide, pH7.3 with 0.5% bovine serum albumin. Aliquot and store at -20°C. Minimize freezing and thawing.

Immunogen

Peptide with sequence C-HKSAPKQVKRQRS, from the internal region of the protein sequence according to NP_004307.2.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Goat Anti-ASCL1 (aa79-91) Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Goat Anti-ASCL1 (aa79-91) Antibody - Protein Information

Name ASCL1 ([HGNC:738](#))

Function

Transcription factor that plays a key role in neuronal differentiation: acts as a pioneer transcription factor, accessing closed chromatin to allow other factors to bind and activate neural pathways.

Directly binds the E box motif (5'-CANNTG-3') on promoters and promotes transcription of neuronal genes. The combination of three transcription factors, ASCL1, POU3F2/BRN2 and MYT1L, is sufficient to reprogram fibroblasts and other somatic cells into induced neuronal (iN) cells in vitro. Plays a role at early stages of development of specific neural lineages in most regions of the CNS, and of several lineages in the PNS. Essential for the generation of olfactory and autonomic neurons. Acts synergistically with FOXN4 to specify the identity of V2b neurons rather than V2a from bipotential p2 progenitors during spinal cord neurogenesis, probably through DLL4-NOTCH signaling activation. Involved in the regulation of neuroendocrine cell development in the glandular stomach (By similarity).

Cellular Location

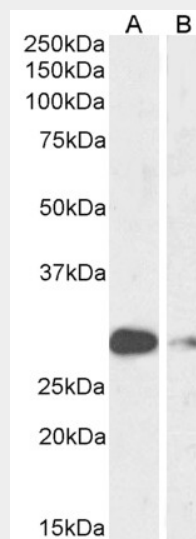
Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q02067}.

Goat Anti-ASCL1 (aa79-91) Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Goat Anti-ASCL1 (aa79-91) Antibody - Images



AF4317a (1 µg/ml) staining of Mouse (A) and Rat (B) Lung lysate (35 µg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence

Goat Anti-ASCL1 (aa79-91) Antibody - References

Fujiwara T, Hiramatsu M, Isagawa T, Ninomiya H, Inamura K, Ishikawa S, Ushijima M, Matsuura M, Jones MH, Shimane M, Nomura H, Ishikawa Y, Aburatani H.