

**Goat Anti-LASS1 Antibody**  
Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody  
Catalog # AF1614a

## Specification

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### Goat Anti-LASS1 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P27544</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">NP_937850</a> , <a href="#">10715</a> , <a href="#">93898 (mouse)</a> , <a href="#">306351 (rat)</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Mouse, Pig
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	0.5 mg/ml
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	39536

### Goat Anti-LASS1 Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID** 10715

#### Other Names

Ceramide synthase 1, CerS1, LAG1 longevity assurance homolog 1, Longevity assurance gene 1 protein homolog 1, Protein UOG-1, CERS1, LAG1, LASS1, UOG1

#### Format

0.5 mg IgG/ml in Tris saline (20mM Tris pH7.3, 150mM NaCl), 0.02% sodium azide, with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

#### Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

#### Precautions

Goat Anti-LASS1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### Goat Anti-LASS1 Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** CERS1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17977534, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:14253}

#### Function

Ceramide synthase that catalyzes the transfer of the acyl chain from acyl-CoA to a sphingoid base, with high selectivity toward stearyl-CoA (octadecanoyl-CoA; C18:0-CoA) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17977534" target="\_blank">17977534</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23530041" target="\_blank">23530041</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23530041" target="\_blank">23530041</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23530041" target="\_blank">23530041</a>)

href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26887952" target="\_blank">26887952</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31916624" target="\_blank">31916624</a>). N-acylates sphinganine and sphingosine bases to form dihydroceramides and ceramides in de novo synthesis and salvage pathways, respectively (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17977534" target="\_blank">17977534</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23530041" target="\_blank">23530041</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24782409" target="\_blank">24782409</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26887952" target="\_blank">26887952</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31916624" target="\_blank">31916624</a>). Plays a predominant role in skeletal muscle in regulating C18 ceramide and dihydroceramide levels with an impact on whole-body glucose metabolism and insulin sensitivity. Protects from diet-induced obesity by suppressing the uptake of glucose in multiple organs in a FGF21-dependent way (By similarity). Generates C18 ceramides in the brain, playing a critical role in cerebellar development and Purkinje cell function (By similarity). In response to cellular stress mediates mitophagy, a known defense mechanism against cell transformation and aging. Upon mitochondria fission, generates C18 ceramides that anchor lipidated MAP1LC3B/LC3B-II autophagolysosomes to outer mitochondrial membranes to eliminate damaged mitochondria (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22922758" target="\_blank">22922758</a>).

### Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein

### Goat Anti-LASS1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Goat Anti-LASS1 Antibody - Images



AF1614a (1 µg/ml) staining of Frontal Cortex lysate (35 µg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.

### Goat Anti-LASS1 Antibody - Background

This gene encodes a member of the bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) family and the TGF-beta superfamily. This group of proteins is characterized by a polybasic proteolytic processing site that is cleaved to produce a mature protein containing seven conserved cysteine residues. Members of this family are regulators of cell growth and differentiation in both embryonic and adult tissues. Studies in yeast suggest that the encoded protein is involved in aging. This protein is transcribed from a monocistronic mRNA as well as a bicistronic mRNA, which also encodes growth differentiation factor 1.

#### **Goat Anti-LASS1 Antibody - References**

HRAS1 and LASS1 with APOE are associated with human longevity and healthy aging. Jazwinski SM, et al. *Aging Cell*, 2010 Oct. PMID 20569235. Stress-induced ER to Golgi translocation of ceramide synthase 1 is dependent on proteasomal processing. Sridevi P, et al. *Exp Cell Res*, 2010 Jan 1. PMID 19800881. The status, quality, and expansion of the NIH full-length cDNA project: the Mammalian Gene Collection (MGC). Gerhard DS, et al. *Genome Res*, 2004 Oct. PMID 15489334. Defects in cell growth regulation by C18:0-ceramide and longevity assurance gene 1 in human head and neck squamous cell carcinomas. Koybasi S, et al. *J Biol Chem*, 2004 Oct 22. PMID 15317812. The DNA sequence and biology of human chromosome 19. Grimwood J, et al. *Nature*, 2004 Apr 1. PMID 15057824.