

Goat Anti-AREB6 / ZEB1 Antibody
Peptide-affinity purified goat antibody
Catalog # AF1093a

Specification

Goat Anti-AREB6 / ZEB1 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IF
Primary Accession	P37275
Other Accession	NP_110378 , 6935 , 21417 (mouse) , 25705 (rat)
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat
Host	Goat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	100ug/200ul
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	124074

Goat Anti-AREB6 / ZEB1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 6935

Other Names

Zinc finger E-box-binding homeobox 1, NIL-2-A zinc finger protein, Negative regulator of IL2, Transcription factor 8, TCF-8, ZEB1, AREB6, TCF8

Format

0.5 mg IgG/ml in Tris saline (20mM Tris pH7.3, 150mM NaCl), 0.02% sodium azide, with 0.5% bovine serum albumin

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Goat Anti-AREB6 / ZEB1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Goat Anti-AREB6 / ZEB1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name ZEB1 ([HGNC:11642](#))

Function

Acts as a transcriptional repressor. Inhibits interleukin-2 (IL-2) gene expression. Enhances or represses the promoter activity of the ATP1A1 gene depending on the quantity of cDNA and on the cell type. Represses E-cadherin promoter and induces an epithelial-mesenchymal transition (EMT) by recruiting SMARCA4/BRG1. Represses BCL6 transcription in the presence of the corepressor CTBP1. Positively regulates neuronal differentiation. Represses RCOR1 transcription activation

during neurogenesis. Represses transcription by binding to the E box (5'-CANNTG-3'). In the absence of TGFB1, acts as a repressor of COL1A2 transcription via binding to the E-box in the upstream enhancer region (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus

Tissue Location

Colocalizes with SMARCA4/BRG1 in E-cadherin- negative cells from established lines, and stroma of normal colon as well as in de-differentiated epithelial cells at the invasion front of colorectal carcinomas (at protein level). Expressed in heart and skeletal muscle, but not in liver, spleen, or pancreas

Goat Anti-AREB6 / ZEB1 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

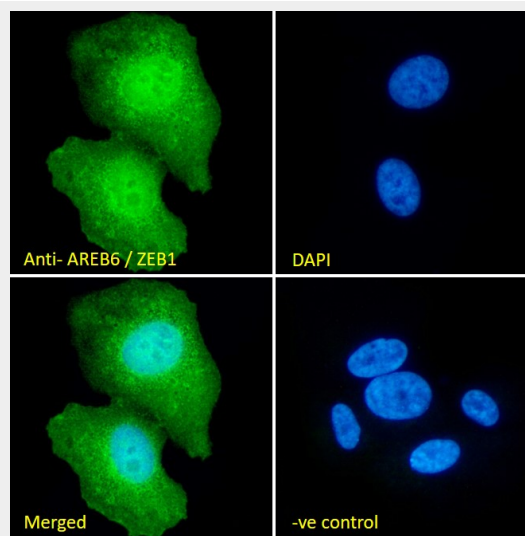
Goat Anti-AREB6 / ZEB1 Antibody - Images



AF1093a (0.05 µg/ml) staining of Mouse Heart lysate (35 µg protein in RIPA buffer). Primary incubation was 1 hour. Detected by chemiluminescence.



EB09166 (0.05 μ g/ml) staining of Mouse Heart lysate (35 μ g protein in RIPA buffer). Detected by chemiluminescence.



EB09166 Immunofluorescence analysis of paraformaldehyde fixed U2OS cells, permeabilized with 0.15% Triton. Primary incubation 1hr (10 μ g/ml) followed by Alexa Fluor 488 secondary antibody (2 μ g/ml), showing nuclear and cytoplasmic staining. The nuclear stain

Goat Anti-AREB6 / ZEB1 Antibody - Background

This gene encodes a zinc finger transcription factor. The encoded protein likely plays a role in transcriptional repression of interleukin 2. Mutations in this gene have been associated with posterior polymorphous corneal dystrophy-3 and late-onset Fuchs endothelial corneal dystrophy. Alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been described.

Goat Anti-AREB6 / ZEB1 Antibody - References

Downregulation of ZEB1 and overexpression of Smad7 contribute to resistance to TGF-beta1-mediated growth suppression in adult T-cell leukemia/lymphoma. Nakahata S, et al. *Oncogene*, 2010 Jul 22. PMID 20514018.

Knockdown of ZEB1, a master epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition (EMT) gene, suppresses anchorage-independent cell growth of lung cancer cells. Takeyama Y, et al. *Cancer Lett*, 2010 Oct 28. PMID 20452118.

Epidermal growth factor receptor and mutant p53 expand an esophageal cellular subpopulation capable of epithelial-to-mesenchymal transition through ZEB transcription factors. Ohashi S, et al. *Cancer Res*, 2010 May 15. PMID 20424117.

ZEB1 represses E-cadherin and induces an EMT by recruiting the SWI/SNF chromatin-remodeling protein BRG1. Sanchez-Till E, et al. *Oncogene*, 2010 Jun 17. PMID 20418909.

Either ZEB1 or ZEB2/SIP1 can play a central role in regulating the Epstein-Barr virus latent-lytic switch in a cell-type-specific manner. Ellis AL, et al. J Virol, 2010 Jun. PMID 20375168.