

Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody
Purified Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody (Pab)
Catalog # AE1009b

Specification

Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF
Primary Accession	P23528
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Concentration	1mg/ml
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Calculated MW	18502

Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 1072

Other Names

Cofilin-1, 18 kDa phosphoprotein, p18, Cofilin, non-muscle isoform, CFL1, CFL

Target/Specificity

The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum using epitope-specific phosphopeptide column, and the antibody against non-phosphopeptide was removed using non-phosphopeptide column corresponding to the phosphorylation site.

Dilution

WB~~1:500~1:1000
IHC~~1:50~1:100
IF~~1:100~200

Format

affinity Purified IgG, in PBS, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol.

Storage

Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions

Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody - Protein Information

Name CFL1

Synonyms CFL

Function

Binds to F-actin and exhibits pH-sensitive F-actin depolymerizing activity (PubMed:11812157). In conjunction with the subcortical maternal complex (SCMC), plays an essential role for zygotes to progress beyond the first embryonic cell divisions via regulation of actin dynamics (PubMed:15580268). Required for the centralization of the mitotic spindle and symmetric division of zygotes (By similarity). Plays a role in the regulation of cell morphology and cytoskeletal organization in epithelial cells (PubMed:21834987). Required for the up-regulation of atypical chemokine receptor ACKR2 from endosomal compartment to cell membrane, increasing its efficiency in chemokine uptake and degradation (PubMed:23633677). Required for neural tube morphogenesis and neural crest cell migration (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Nucleus matrix. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell projection, ruffle membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cell projection, lamellipodium membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side. Cell projection, lamellipodium {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P18760}. Cell projection, growth cone {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P18760}. Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P18760}. Note=Colocalizes with the actin cytoskeleton in membrane ruffles and lamellipodia. Detected at the cleavage furrow and contractile ring during cytokinesis. Almost completely in nucleus in cells exposed to heat shock or 10% dimethyl sulfoxide

Tissue Location

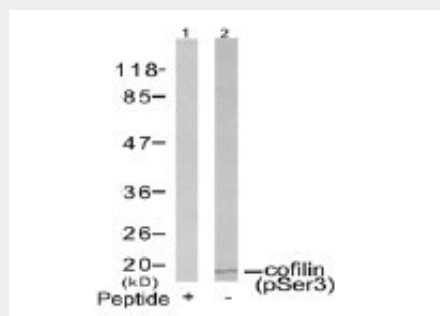
Widely distributed in various tissues.

Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

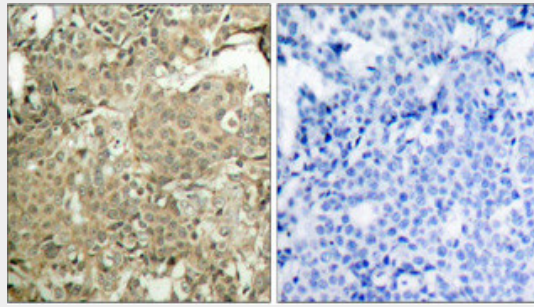
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody - Images

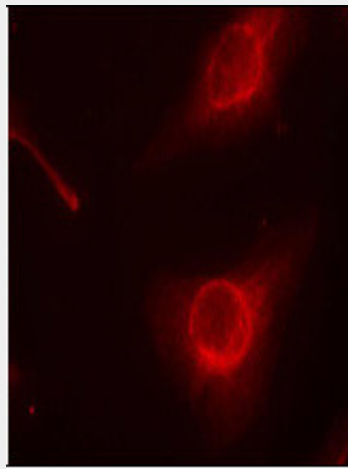


Western blot analysis of extracts from COLO205 cells using Cofilin Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody

(Cat#AE1009b)(Lane 2)and the same antibody preincubated with blocking peptide(Lane 1).



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human breast carcinoma tissue using Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody (Cat#AE1009b).



Immunofluorescence staining of methanol-fixed HeLa cells using Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody

Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody - Background

Cofilin is a widely distributed intracellular actin-modulating protein that binds and depolymerizes filamentous F-actin and inhibits the polymerization of monomeric G-actin in a pH-dependent manner. It is involved in the translocation of actin-cofilin complex from cytoplasm to nucleus.

Phospho-Cofilin-S3 Antibody - References

Actin-depolymerizing factor cofilin-1 is necessary in maintaining mature podocyte architecture. Garg P, et al. J Biol Chem, 2010 Jul 16. PMID 20472933. Proteome analysis of the thalamus and cerebrospinal fluid reveals glycolysis dysfunction and potential biomarkers candidates for schizophrenia. Martins-de-Souza D, et al. J Psychiatr Res, 2010 May 14. PMID 20471030. Sex-specific proteome differences in the anterior cingulate cortex of schizophrenia. Martins-de-Souza D, et al. J Psychiatr Res, 2010 Apr 8. PMID 20381070. HUNK suppresses metastasis of basal type breast cancers by disrupting the interaction between PP2A and cofilin-1. Quintela-Fandino M, et al. Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A, 2010 Feb 9. PMID 20133759. Tyrosine phosphorylation of cofilin at Y68 by v-Src leads to its degradation through ubiquitin-proteasome pathway. Yoo Y, et al. Oncogene, 2010 Jan 14. PMID 19802004.