

**Anti-HIF-1-alpha Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**  
**Catalog # ABO16717****Specification****Anti-HIF-1-alpha Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q16665</a>
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

**Description**

Anti-HIF-1-alpha Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

**Anti-HIF-1-alpha Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3091

**Other Names**

Hypoxia-inducible factor 1-alpha, HIF-1-alpha, HIF1-alpha, ARNT-interacting protein, Basic-helix-loop-helix-PAS protein MOP1, Class E basic helix-loop-helix protein 78, bHLHe78, Member of PAS protein 1, PAS domain-containing protein 8, HIF1A {ECO:0000303|PubMed:7539918, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:4910}

**Application Details**

WB 1:500-1:2000<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200

**Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

**Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human HIF-1-alpha

**Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

**Storage**

**Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

**Anti-HIF-1-alpha Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** HIF1A {ECO:0000303|PubMed:7539918, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:4910}

## Function

Functions as a master transcriptional regulator of the adaptive response to hypoxia (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11292861" target="\_blank">11292861</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11566883" target="\_blank">11566883</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15465032" target="\_blank">15465032</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16973622" target="\_blank">16973622</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17610843" target="\_blank">17610843</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18658046" target="\_blank">18658046</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20624928" target="\_blank">20624928</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22009797" target="\_blank">22009797</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30125331" target="\_blank">30125331</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9887100" target="\_blank">9887100</a>). Under hypoxic conditions, activates the transcription of over 40 genes, including erythropoietin, glucose transporters, glycolytic enzymes, vascular endothelial growth factor, HILPDA, and other genes whose protein products increase oxygen delivery or facilitate metabolic adaptation to hypoxia (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11292861" target="\_blank">11292861</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11566883" target="\_blank">11566883</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15465032" target="\_blank">15465032</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16973622" target="\_blank">16973622</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17610843" target="\_blank">17610843</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20624928" target="\_blank">20624928</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22009797" target="\_blank">22009797</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30125331" target="\_blank">30125331</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9887100" target="\_blank">9887100</a>). Plays an essential role in embryonic vascularization, tumor angiogenesis and pathophysiology of ischemic disease (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22009797" target="\_blank">22009797</a>). Heterodimerizes with ARNT; heterodimer binds to core DNA sequence 5'-TACGTG-3' within the hypoxia response element (HRE) of target gene promoters (By similarity). Activation requires recruitment of transcriptional coactivators such as CREBBP and EP300 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16543236" target="\_blank">16543236</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9887100" target="\_blank">9887100</a>). Activity is enhanced by interaction with NCOA1 and/or NCOA2 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10594042" target="\_blank">10594042</a>). Interaction with redox regulatory protein APEX1 seems to activate CTAD and potentiates activation by NCOA1 and CREBBP (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10202154" target="\_blank">10202154</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10594042" target="\_blank">10594042</a>). Involved in the axonal distribution and transport of mitochondria in neurons during hypoxia (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19528298" target="\_blank">19528298</a>).

## Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus speckle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61221}. Note=Colocalizes with HIF3A in the nucleus and speckles (By similarity). Cytoplasmic in normoxia, nuclear translocation in response to hypoxia (PubMed:9822602) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q61221, ECO:0000269|PubMed:9822602}

## Tissue Location

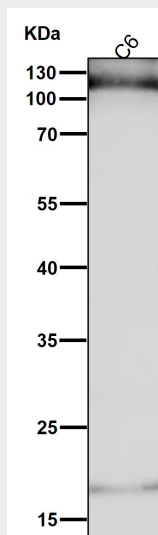
Expressed in most tissues with highest levels in kidney and heart. Overexpressed in the majority of common human cancers and their metastases, due to the presence of intratumoral hypoxia and as a result of mutations in genes encoding oncoproteins and tumor suppressors. A higher level expression seen in pituitary tumors as compared to the pituitary gland.

## Anti-HIF-1-alpha Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-HIF-1-alpha Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.

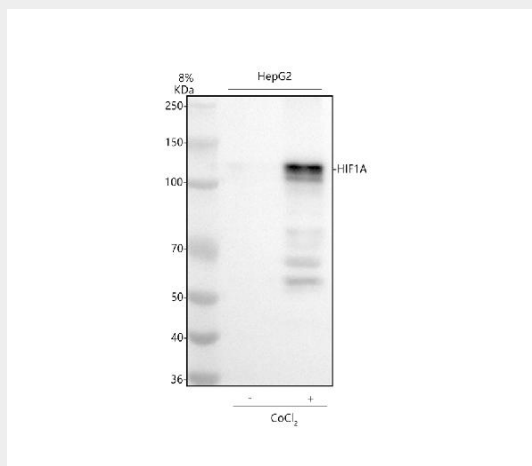


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of HIF-1-Alpha using anti-HIF-1-Alpha antibody (M00013-4). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human HepG2 whole cell lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-HIF-1-Alpha antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M00013-4) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:500 for 1.5

hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for HIF-1-Alpha at approximately 110 kDa. The expected band size for HIF-1-Alpha is at 110 kDa.