

Anti-Phospho-CaMKII alpha (T286) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABO16655**Specification****Anti-Phospho-CaMKII alpha (T286) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	Q9UQM7
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

Description

Anti-Phospho-CaMKII alpha (T286) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC applications. This antibody reacts with Mouse, Rat.

Anti-Phospho-CaMKII alpha (T286) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 815

Other Names

Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase type II subunit alpha, CaM kinase II subunit alpha, CaMK-II subunit alpha, 2.7.11.17, CAMK2A, CAMKA, KIAA0968

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000
IHC 1:50-1:200

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human Phospho-CaMKII alpha (T286)

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-Phospho-CaMKII alpha (T286) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CAMK2A

Synonyms CAMKA, KIAA0968

Function

Calcium/calmodulin-dependent protein kinase that functions autonomously after Ca(2+)/calmodulin-binding and autophosphorylation, and is involved in various processes, such as synaptic plasticity, neurotransmitter release and long-term potentiation (PubMed:14722083). Member of the NMDAR signaling complex in excitatory synapses, it regulates NMDAR-dependent potentiation of the AMPAR and therefore excitatory synaptic transmission (By similarity). Regulates dendritic spine development (PubMed:28130356). Also regulates the migration of developing neurons (PubMed:29100089). Phosphorylates the transcription factor FOXO3 to activate its transcriptional activity (PubMed:23805378). Phosphorylates the transcription factor ETS1 in response to calcium signaling, thereby decreasing ETS1 affinity for DNA (By similarity). In response to interferon-gamma (IFN-gamma) stimulation, catalyzes phosphorylation of STAT1, stimulating the JAK- STAT signaling pathway (PubMed:11972023). In response to interferon- beta (IFN-beta) stimulation, stimulates the JAK-STAT signaling pathway (PubMed:35568036). Acts as a negative regulator of 2- arachidonoylglycerol (2-AG)-mediated synaptic signaling via modulation of DAGLA activity (By similarity).

Cellular Location

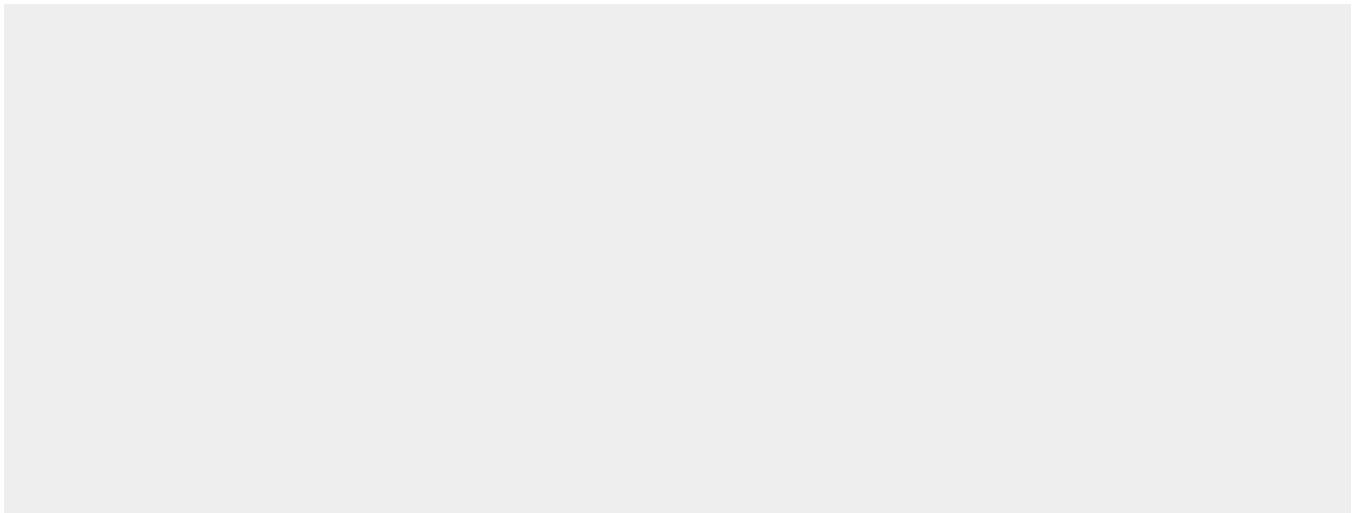
Synapse {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11275}. Postsynaptic density {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11275}. Cell projection, dendritic spine. Cell projection, dendrite. Note=Postsynaptic lipid rafts {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P11275}

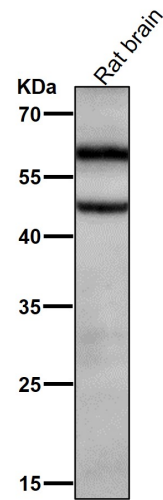
Anti-Phospho-CaMKII alpha (T286) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

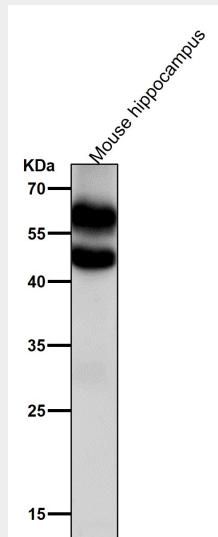
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-Phospho-CaMKII alpha (T286) Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images

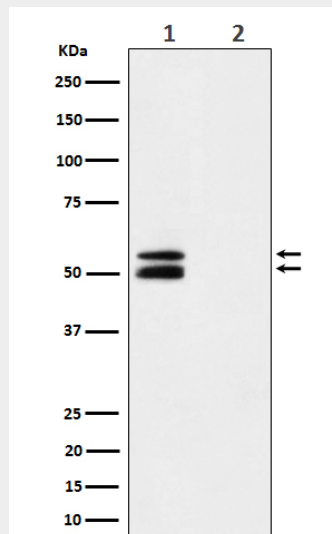




All lanes use the Antibody at 1:2K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



All lanes use the Antibody at 1:2K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



Western blot analysis of Phospho-CaMKII alpha (T286) expression in Mouse brain treated with

Lambda phosphatase cell lysate.