

Anti-MUTA Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO16176

Specification

Anti-MUTA Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application WB, IHC, IF, ICC

Primary Accession
Host
Rabbit
Isotype
IgG

Reactivity Rat, Human, Mouse

Clonality Monoclonal Format Liquid

Description

Anti-MUTA Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Anti-MUTA Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 4594

Other Names

Methylmalonyl-CoA mutase, mitochondrial, MCM, 5.4.99.2, Methylmalonyl-CoA isomerase, MMUT (HGNC:7526)

Calculated MW

78 kDa KDa

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000
IHC 1:50-1:200
ICC/IF 1:50-1:200</br>

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human MUTA

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for

up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-MUTA Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information



Name MMUT (HGNC:7526)

Function

Catalyzes the reversible isomerization of methylmalonyl-CoA (MMCoA) (generated from branched-chain amino acid metabolism and degradation of dietary odd chain fatty acids and cholesterol) to succinyl-CoA (3-carboxypropionyl-CoA), a key intermediate of the tricarboxylic acid cycle.

Cellular Location

Mitochondrion matrix. Mitochondrion. Cytoplasm

Anti-MUTA Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-MUTA Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images

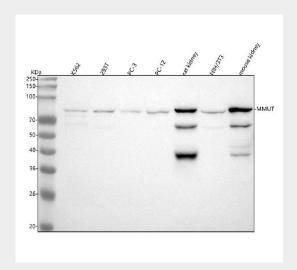


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of MMUT using anti-MMUT antibody (M34008). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving sel) for 2.2 hours. The sample well of each lane was leaded with 20 years of cample under reducing

gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human K562 whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human 293T whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: human PC-3 whole cell lysates,

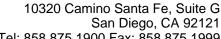
Lane 4: rat PC-12 whole cell lysates,

Lane 5: rat kidney tissue lysates,

Lane 6: mouse NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates,

Lane 7: mouse kidney tissue lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90





Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999

minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-MMUT antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M34008) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:500 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for MMUT at approximately 83 kDa. The expected band size for MMUT is at 83 kDa.