

### **Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**

**Catalog # ABO16130** 

## **Specification**

# **Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application WB, IHC
Primary Accession O43490
Host Rabbit
Isotype IgG
Reactivity Human
Clonality Monoclonal
Format Liquid

**Description** 

Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC applications. This antibody reacts with

## **Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID 8842** 

**Other Names** 

Prominin-1, Antigen AC133, Prominin-like protein 1, CD133, PROM1, PROML1

Calculated MW 115-130 kDa KDa

**Application Details** 

WB 1:500-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200

#### Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

#### **Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human CD133

**Purification** 

Affinity-chromatography

Storage Store at -20°C for one year. For short term

storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for

up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name PROM1



## Synonyms PROML1

#### **Function**

May play a role in cell differentiation, proliferation and apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24556617" target="\_blank">24556617</a>). Binds cholesterol in cholesterol- containing plasma membrane microdomains and may play a role in the organization of the apical plasma membrane in epithelial cells. During early retinal development acts as a key regulator of disk morphogenesis. Involved in regulation of MAPK and Akt signaling pathways. In neuroblastoma cells suppresses cell differentiation such as neurite outgrowth in a RET-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20818439" target="blank">20818439</a>).

#### **Cellular Location**

Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, microvillus membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, cilium, photoreceptor outer segment Endoplasmic reticulum. Endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment. Note=Found in extracellular membrane particles in various body fluids such as cerebrospinal fluid, saliva, seminal fluid and urine

#### **Tissue Location**

Isoform 1 is selectively expressed on CD34 hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells in adult and fetal bone marrow, fetal liver, cord blood and adult peripheral blood. Isoform 1 is not detected on other blood cells. Isoform 1 is also expressed in a number of non-lymphoid tissues including retina, pancreas, placenta, kidney, liver, lung, brain and heart. Found in saliva within small membrane particles. Isoform 2 is predominantly expressed in fetal liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, and heart as well as adult pancreas, kidney, liver, lung, and placenta. Isoform 2 is highly expressed in fetal liver, low in bone marrow, and barely detectable in peripheral blood Isoform 2 is expressed on hematopoietic stem cells and in epidermal basal cells (at protein level). Expressed in adult retina by rod and cone photoreceptor cells (at protein level)

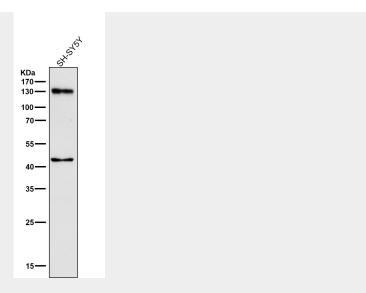
### Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

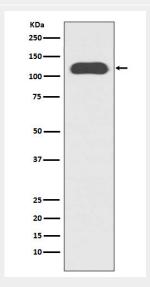
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- <u>Immunofluorescence</u>
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

### Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images





All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



Western blot analysis of CD133 expression in HT-29 cell lysate.