

## Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ABO16130

### Specification

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#### Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">O43490</a>
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

#### Description

Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

#### Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

**Gene ID** 8842

#### Other Names

Prominin-1, Antigen AC133, Prominin-like protein 1, CD133, PROM1, PROML1

#### Calculated MW

115-130 kDa KDa

#### Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200

#### Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

#### Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human CD133

#### Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

**Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

#### Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** PROM1

## Synonyms PROML1

### Function

May play a role in cell differentiation, proliferation and apoptosis (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24556617" target="\_blank">24556617</a>). Binds cholesterol in cholesterol- containing plasma membrane microdomains and may play a role in the organization of the apical plasma membrane in epithelial cells. During early retinal development acts as a key regulator of disk morphogenesis. Involved in regulation of MAPK and Akt signaling pathways. In neuroblastoma cells suppresses cell differentiation such as neurite outgrowth in a RET-dependent manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20818439" target="\_blank">20818439</a>).

### Cellular Location

Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, microvillus membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Cell projection, cilium, photoreceptor outer segment Endoplasmic reticulum. Endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment. Note=Found in extracellular membrane particles in various body fluids such as cerebrospinal fluid, saliva, seminal fluid and urine

### Tissue Location

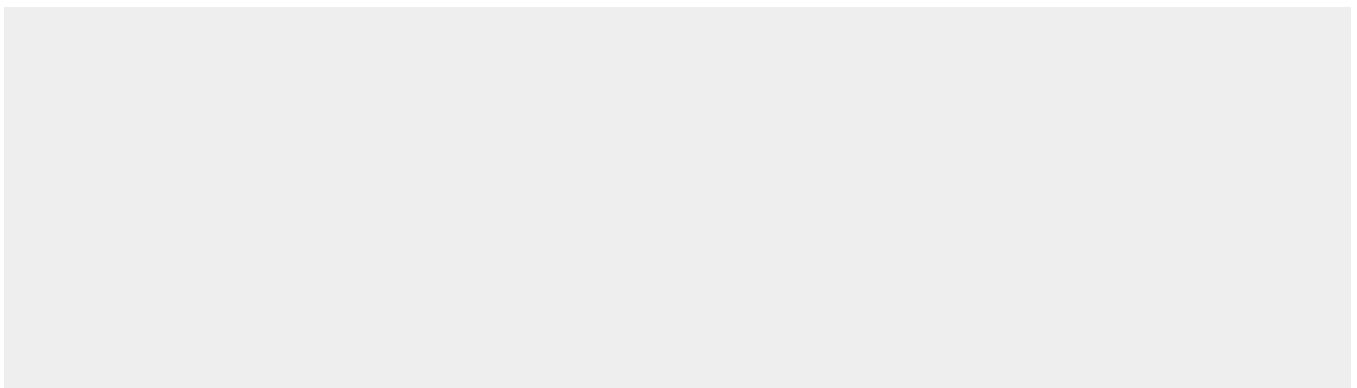
Isoform 1 is selectively expressed on CD34 hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells in adult and fetal bone marrow, fetal liver, cord blood and adult peripheral blood. Isoform 1 is not detected on other blood cells. Isoform 1 is also expressed in a number of non-lymphoid tissues including retina, pancreas, placenta, kidney, liver, lung, brain and heart. Found in saliva within small membrane particles. Isoform 2 is predominantly expressed in fetal liver, skeletal muscle, kidney, and heart as well as adult pancreas, kidney, liver, lung, and placenta. Isoform 2 is highly expressed in fetal liver, low in bone marrow, and barely detectable in peripheral blood Isoform 2 is expressed on hematopoietic stem cells and in epidermal basal cells (at protein level). Expressed in adult retina by rod and cone photoreceptor cells (at protein level)

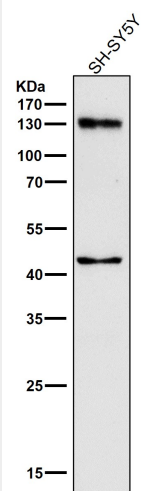
## Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

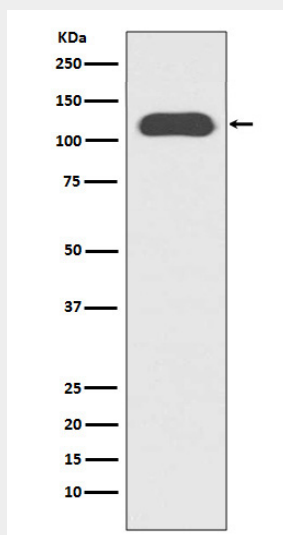
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-CD133 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images





All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



Western blot analysis of CD133 expression in HT-29 cell lysate.