

Anti-NLK Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO16018

Specification

Anti-NLK Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, FC
Primary Accession	<u>O9UBE8</u>
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid
Description	
Anti-NLK Rabbit Monoclonal Antibo	ly . Tested in WB, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody
reacts with Human.	

Anti-NLK Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 51701

Other Names Serine/threonine-protein kinase NLK, 2.7.11.24, Nemo-like kinase, Protein LAK1, NLK, LAK1 {ECO:0000312|EMBL:AAD56013.1}

Calculated MW 58 kDa KDa

Application Details WB 1:500-1:2000
FC 1:50

Contents Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human NLK

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-NLK Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name NLK



Synonyms LAK1 {ECO:0000312|EMBL:AAD56013.1}

Function

Serine/threonine-protein kinase that regulates a number of transcription factors with key roles in cell fate determination (PubMed: 12482967, PubMed:14960582, PubMed:15004007, PubMed:15764709, PubMed:20061393, PubMed:20874444, PubMed:21454679). Positive effector of the non-canonical Wnt signaling pathway, acting downstream of WNT5A, MAP3K7/TAK1 and HIPK2 (PubMed: 15004007, PubMed:15764709). Negative regulator of the canonical Wnt/beta-catenin signaling pathway (PubMed:12482967). Binds to and phosphorylates TCF7L2/TCF4 and LEF1, promoting the dissociation of the TCF7L2/LEF1/beta-catenin complex from DNA, as well as the ubiquitination and subsequent proteolysis of LEF1 (PubMed:21454679). Together these effects inhibit the transcriptional activation of canonical Wnt/beta-catenin target genes (PubMed:12482967, PubMed:21454679). Negative regulator of the Notch signaling pathway (PubMed:20118921). Binds to and phosphorylates NOTCH1, thereby preventing the formation of a transcriptionally active ternary complex of NOTCH1, RBPJ/RBPSUH and MAML1 (PubMed:20118921). Negative regulator of the MYB family of transcription factors (PubMed: 15082531). Phosphorylation of MYB leads to its subsequent proteolysis while phosphorylation of MYBL1 and MYBL2 inhibits their interaction with the coactivator CREBBP (PubMed:15082531). Other transcription factors may also be inhibited by direct phosphorylation of CREBBP itself (PubMed:15082531). Acts downstream of IL6 and MAP3K7/TAK1 to phosphorylate STAT3, which is in turn required for activation of NLK by MAP3K7/TAK1 (PubMed:15004007, PubMed:15764709). Upon IL1B stimulus, cooperates with ATF5 to activate the transactivation activity of C/EBP subfamily members (PubMed: 25512613). Phosphorylates ATF5 but also stabilizes ATF5 protein levels in a kinase-independent manner (PubMed:25512613). Acts as an inhibitor of the mTORC1 complex in response to osmotic stress by mediating phosphorylation of RPTOR, thereby preventing recruitment of the mTORC1 complex to lysosomes (PubMed:26588989).

Cellular Location

Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O54949}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O54949}. Note=Predominantly nuclear. A smaller fraction is cytoplasmic. {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O54949}

Anti-NLK Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.



- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-NLK Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



Figure 1. Western blot analysis of NLK using anti-NLK antibody (M02091-1).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human Hela whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human Caco-2 whole cell lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-NLK antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M02091-1) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:500 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for NLK at approximately 58 kDa. The expected band size for NLK is at 58 kDa.