

Anti-Eph receptor B1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABO15429**Specification**

Anti-Eph receptor B1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IP
Primary Accession	P54762
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

Description

Anti-Eph receptor B1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IP applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Anti-Eph receptor B1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 2047

Other Names

Ephrin type-B receptor 1, 2.7.10.1, ELK, EPH tyrosine kinase 2, EPH-like kinase 6, EK6, hEK6, Neuronally-expressed EPH-related tyrosine kinase, NET, Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor EPH-2, EPHB1, ELK, EPHT2, HEK6, NET

Calculated MW

120 kDa KDa

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000
IP 1:50

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human Eph receptor B1

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-Eph receptor B1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name EPHB1

Synonyms ELK, EPHT2, HEK6, NET

Function

Receptor tyrosine kinase which binds promiscuously transmembrane ephrin-B family ligands residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. Cognate/functional ephrin ligands for this receptor include EFNB1, EFNB2 and EFNB3. During nervous system development, regulates retinal axon guidance redirecting ipsilaterally ventrotemporal retinal ganglion cells axons at the optic chiasm midline. This probably requires repulsive interaction with EFNB2. In the adult nervous system together with EFNB3, regulates chemotaxis, proliferation and polarity of the hippocampus neural progenitors. In addition to its role in axon guidance also plays an important redundant role with other ephrin-B receptors in development and maturation of dendritic spines and synapse formation. May also regulate angiogenesis. More generally, may play a role in targeted cell migration and adhesion. Upon activation by EFNB1 and probably other ephrin-B ligands activates the MAPK/ERK and the JNK signaling cascades to regulate cell migration and adhesion respectively. Involved in the maintenance of the pool of satellite cells (muscle stem cells) by promoting their self-renewal and reducing their activation and differentiation (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein Early endosome membrane. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8CBF3}

Tissue Location

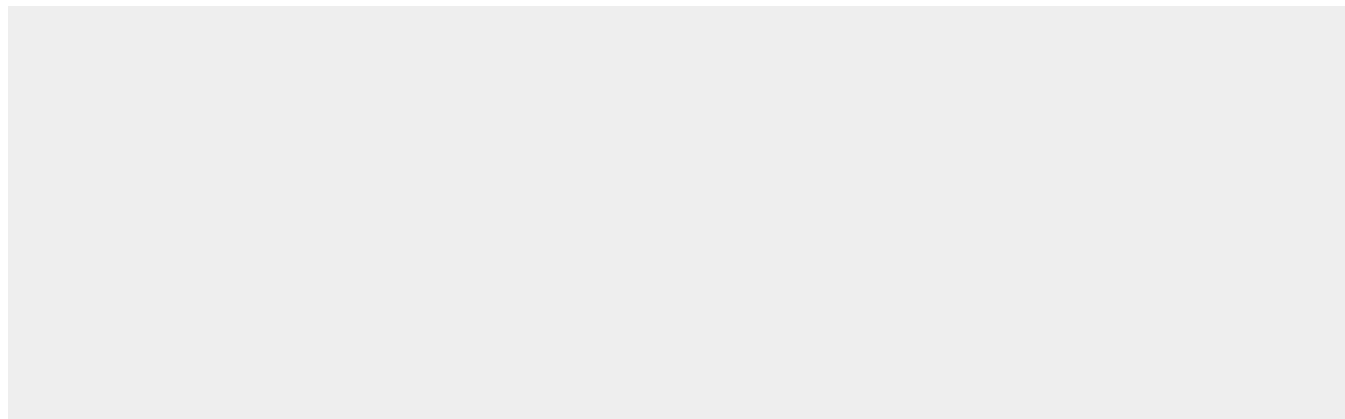
Preferentially expressed in brain.

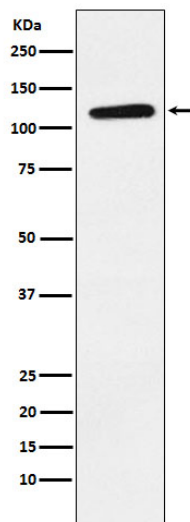
Anti-Eph receptor B1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-Eph receptor B1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of Eph receptor B1 expression in U87MG cell lysate.