

Anti-LIS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABO15372

Specification

Anti-LIS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P43034
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

Description

Anti-LIS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB application. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Anti-LIS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 5048

Other Names

Platelet-activating factor acetylhydrolase IB subunit beta {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03141, ECO:0000305}, Lissencephaly-1 protein {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03141}, LIS-1 {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03141}, PAF acetylhydrolase 45 kDa subunit {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03141}, PAF-AH 45 kDa subunit {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03141}, PAF-AH alpha {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03141}, PAF-AH alpha {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03141}, LIS1

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human LIS1

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-LIS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name LIS1

Function

Regulatory subunit (beta subunit) of the cytosolic type I platelet-activating factor (PAF) acetylhydrolase (PAF-AH (I)), an enzyme that catalyzes the hydrolyze of the acetyl group at the sn-2 position of PAF and its analogs and participates in PAF inactivation. Regulates the PAF-AH (I) activity in a catalytic dimer composition- dependent manner (By similarity). Required for proper activation of Rho GTPases and actin polymerization at the leading edge of locomoting cerebellar neurons and postmigratory hippocampal neurons in response to calcium influx triggered via NMDA receptors (By similarity). Positively regulates the activity of the minus-end directed microtubule motor protein dynein. May enhance dynein-mediated microtubule sliding by targeting dynein to the microtubule plus end. Required for several dynein- and microtubule-dependent processes such as the maintenance of Golgi integrity, the peripheral transport of microtubule fragments and the coupling of the nucleus and centrosome. Required during brain development for the proliferation of neuronal precursors and the migration of newly formed neurons from the ventricular/subventricular zone toward the cortical plate. Neuronal migration involves a process called nucleokinesis, whereby migrating cells extend an anterior process into which the nucleus subsequently translocates. During nucleokinesis dynein at the nuclear surface may translocate the nucleus towards the centrosome by exerting force on centrosomal microtubules. May also play a role in other forms of cell locomotion including the migration of fibroblasts during wound healing. Required for dynein recruitment to microtubule plus ends and BICD2-bound cargos (PubMed:22956769). May modulate the Reelin pathway through interaction of the PAF-AH (I) catalytic dimer with VLDLR (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03141}. Nucleus membrane {ECO:0000255|HAMAP-Rule:MF_03141}. Note=Redistributes to axons during neuronal development. Also localizes to the microtubules of the manchette in elongating spermatids and to the meiotic spindle in spermatocytes (By similarity). Localizes to the plus end of microtubules and to the centrosome. May localize to the nuclear membrane.

Tissue Location

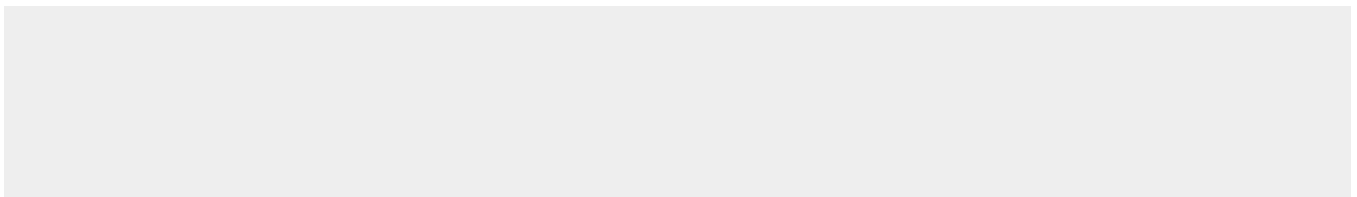
Fairly ubiquitous expression in both the frontal and occipital areas of the brain

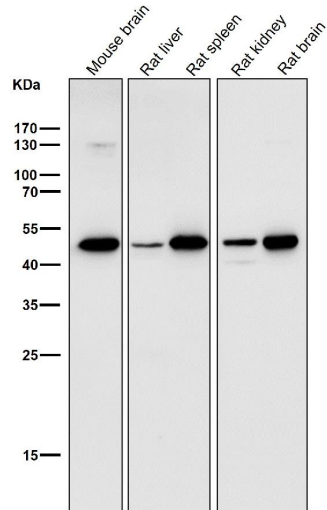
Anti-LIS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

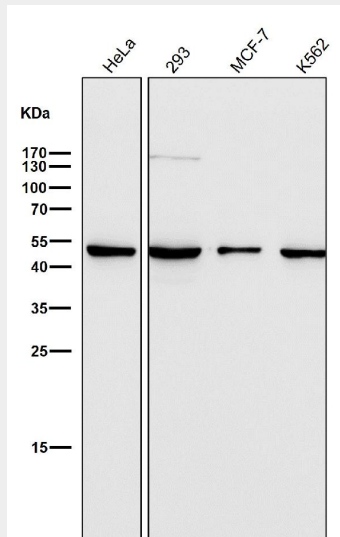
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-LIS1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images

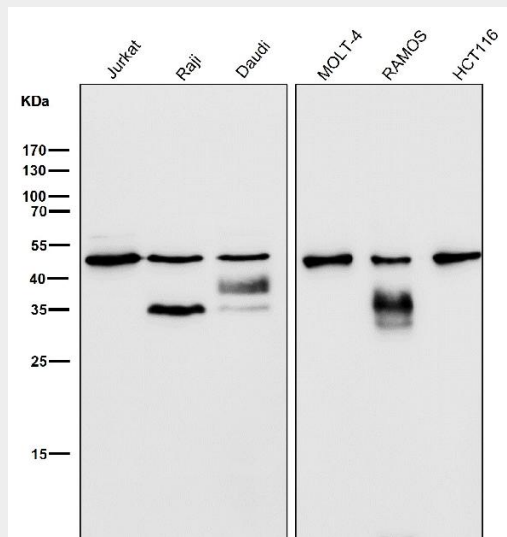




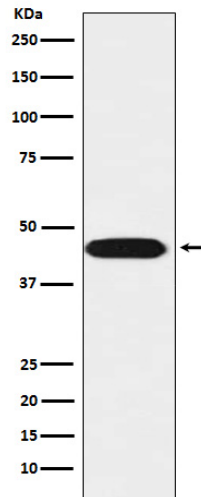
All lanes use the Antibody at 1:500 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



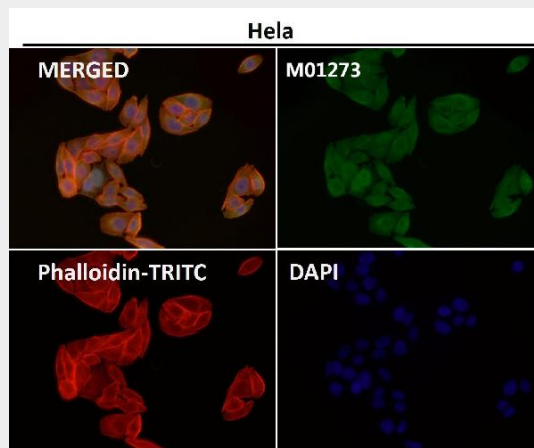
All lanes use the Antibody at 1:500 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



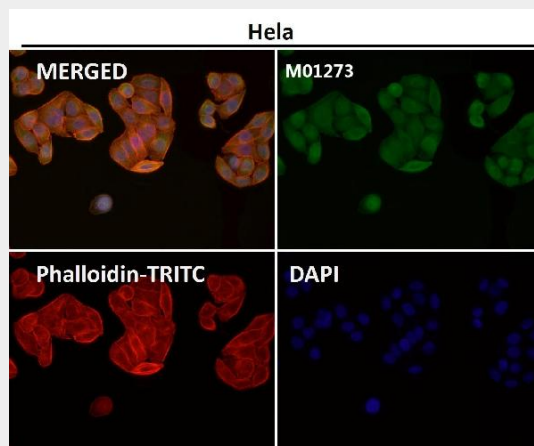
All lanes use the Antibody at 1:500 dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



Western blot analysis of LIS1 expression in SH-SY5Y cell lysate.



Immunofluorescent analysis using the Antibody at 1:50 dilution.



Immunofluorescent analysis using the Antibody at 1:50 dilution.

