

Anti-GABARAPL2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABO15214**Specification****Anti-GABARAPL2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P60520
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

Description

Anti-GABARAPL2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB application. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Anti-GABARAPL2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 11345

Other Names

Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor-associated protein-like 2, GABA(A) receptor-associated protein-like 2, Ganglioside expression factor 2, GEF-2, General protein transport factor p16, Golgi-associated ATPase enhancer of 16 kDa, GATE-16, MAP1 light chain 3-related protein, GABARAPL2 (http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=13291 target="_blank">HGNC:13291), FLC3A, GEF2

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human GABARAPL2

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-GABARAPL2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name GABARAPL2 ([HGNC:13291](#))

Synonyms FLC3A, GEF2

Function

Ubiquitin-like modifier involved in intra-Golgi traffic (By similarity). Modulates intra-Golgi transport through coupling between NSF activity and SNAREs activation (By similarity). It first stimulates the ATPase activity of NSF which in turn stimulates the association with GOSR1 (By similarity). Involved in autophagy (PubMed: [20418806](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20418806), PubMed: [23209295](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23209295)). Plays a role in mitophagy which contributes to regulate mitochondrial quantity and quality by eliminating the mitochondria to a basal level to fulfill cellular energy requirements and preventing excess ROS production (PubMed: [20418806](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20418806), PubMed: [23209295](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23209295)). Whereas LC3s are involved in elongation of the phagophore membrane, the GABARAP/GATE-16 subfamily is essential for a later stage in autophagosome maturation (PubMed: [20418806](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20418806), PubMed: [23209295](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23209295)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane. Golgi apparatus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P60519}

Tissue Location

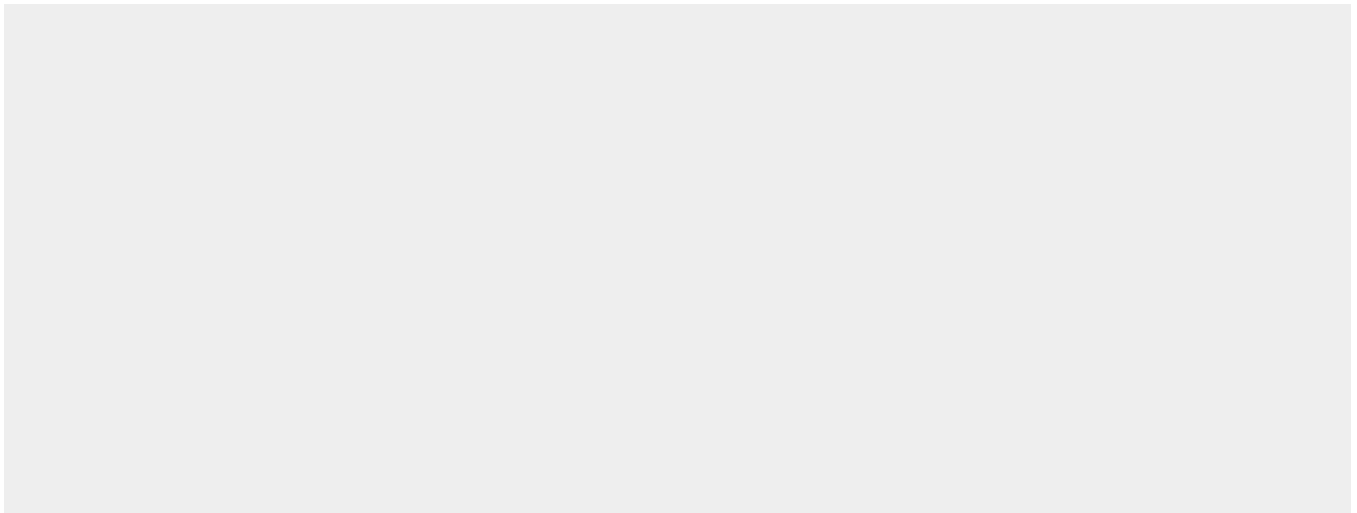
Ubiquitous. Expressed at high levels in the brain, heart, prostate, ovary, spleen and skeletal muscle. Expressed at very low levels in lung, thymus and small intestine

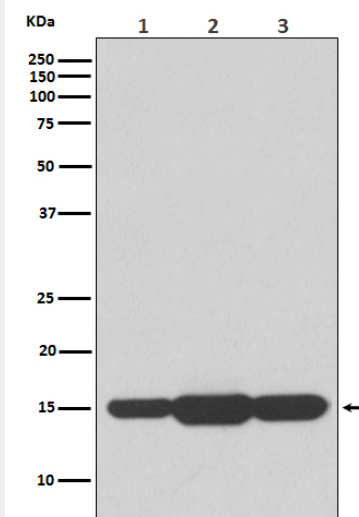
Anti-GABARAPL2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-GABARAPL2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of GABARAPL2 expression in (1) HeLa cell lysate; (2) Mouse spleen lysate; (3) Rat brain lysate.