

**Anti-GNG2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 7C13)**  
**Catalog # ABO15090****Specification**

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**Anti-GNG2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 7C13) - Product Information**

Application	WB, IF, ICC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P59768</a>
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Anti-GNG2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 7C13) . Tested in IF, ICC, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Adding 0.2 ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/ml.

**Anti-GNG2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 7C13) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 54331

**Other Names**

Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2, G gamma-I, GNG2

**Calculated MW**

12 kDa KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.25-0.5 µg/ml, Mouse, Rat  
Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, 5 µg/ml, Human

**Contents**

Each vial contains 4 mg Trehalose, 0.9 mg NaCl and 0.2 mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>.

**Immunogen**

E.coli-derived human GNG2 recombinant protein (Position: A2-D48).

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Storage**

**At -20°C for one year from date of receipt.  
After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month.  
It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen  
at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated  
freezing and thawing.**

**Anti-GNG2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 7C13) - Protein Information**

## Name GNG2

### Function

Guanine nucleotide-binding proteins (G proteins) are involved as a modulator or transducer in various transmembrane signaling systems (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29925951" target="\_blank">29925951</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33762731" target="\_blank">33762731</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34239069" target="\_blank">34239069</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35610220" target="\_blank">35610220</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35714614" target="\_blank">35714614</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35835867" target="\_blank">35835867</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36087581" target="\_blank">36087581</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36989299" target="\_blank">36989299</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37327704" target="\_blank">37327704</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37935376" target="\_blank">37935376</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37935377" target="\_blank">37935377</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37963465" target="\_blank">37963465</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38168118" target="\_blank">38168118</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38552625" target="\_blank">38552625</a>). The beta and gamma chains are required for the GTPase activity, for replacement of GDP by GTP, and for G protein-effector interaction (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29925951" target="\_blank">29925951</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33762731" target="\_blank">33762731</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34239069" target="\_blank">34239069</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35610220" target="\_blank">35610220</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35714614" target="\_blank">35714614</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35835867" target="\_blank">35835867</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36087581" target="\_blank">36087581</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36989299" target="\_blank">36989299</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37327704" target="\_blank">37327704</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37935376" target="\_blank">37935376</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37935377" target="\_blank">37935377</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37963465" target="\_blank">37963465</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38168118" target="\_blank">38168118</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/38552625" target="\_blank">38552625</a>).

### Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor; Cytoplasmic side

### Tissue Location

Expressed in fetal tissues, including testis, adrenal gland, brain, white blood cells and brain

## Anti-GNG2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 7C13) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-GNG2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 7C13) - Images

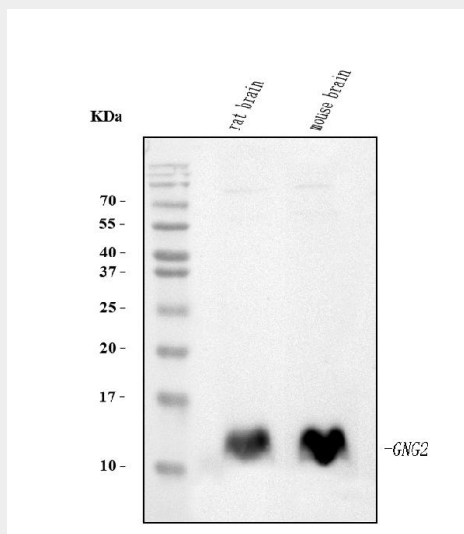


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of GNG2 using anti-GNG2 antibody (M06975-1).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: rat brain tissue lysates,

Lane 2: mouse brain tissue lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with mouse anti-GNG2 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M06975-1) at 0.5 µg/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1001) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for GNG2 at approximately 12 kDa. The expected band size for GNG2 is at 8 kDa.

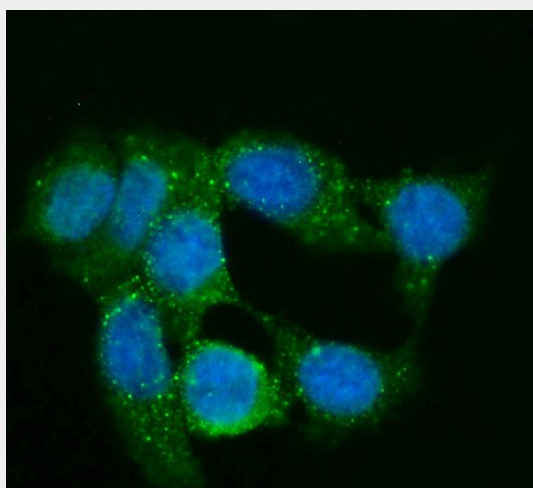


Figure 2. IF analysis of GNG2 using anti-GNG2 antibody (M06975-1).

GNG2 was detected in an immunocytochemical section of Caco-2 cells. Enzyme antigen retrieval was performed using IHC enzyme antigen retrieval reagent (AR0022) for 15 mins. The cells were blocked with 10% goat serum. And then incubated with 5 µg/mL mouse anti-GNG2 Antibody (M06975-1) overnight at 4°C. DyLight®488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (BA1126) was used

as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The section was counterstained with DAPI. Visualize using a fluorescence microscope and filter sets appropriate for the label used.

**Anti-GNG2 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 7C13) - Background**

Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2 is a protein that in humans is encoded by the GNG2 gene. This gene encodes one of the gamma subunits of a guanine nucleotide-binding protein. Such proteins are involved in signaling mechanisms across membranes. Various subunits forms heterodimers which then interact with the different signal molecules.