

**Anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A mutase Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2D6)**  
Catalog # ABO14958**Specification****Anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A mutase Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2D6) - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P22033</a>
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A mutase Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2D6) . Tested in IHC, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A mutase Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2D6) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4594

**Other Names**

Methylmalonyl-CoA mutase, mitochondrial, MCM, 5.4.99.2, Methylmalonyl-CoA isomerase, MMUT ([http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\\_symbol\\_report?hgnc\\_id=7526](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=7526))  
HGNC:7526

**Calculated MW**

83 kDa KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat  
Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, Rat

**Subcellular Localization**

Mitochondrion.

**Contents**

Each vial contains 4mg Trehalose, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Na<sub>3</sub>.

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human MUT, different from the related mouse sequence by one amino acid.

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

#### Cross Reactivity

No cross-reactivity with other proteins.

Storage

Store at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at  $4^{\circ}\text{C}$  for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$  for six months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

### Anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A mutase Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2D6) - Protein Information

Name MMUT ([HGNC:7526](#))

#### Function

Catalyzes the reversible isomerization of methylmalonyl-CoA (MMCoA) (generated from branched-chain amino acid metabolism and degradation of dietary odd chain fatty acids and cholesterol) to succinyl-CoA (3-carboxypropionyl-CoA), a key intermediate of the tricarboxylic acid cycle.

#### Cellular Location

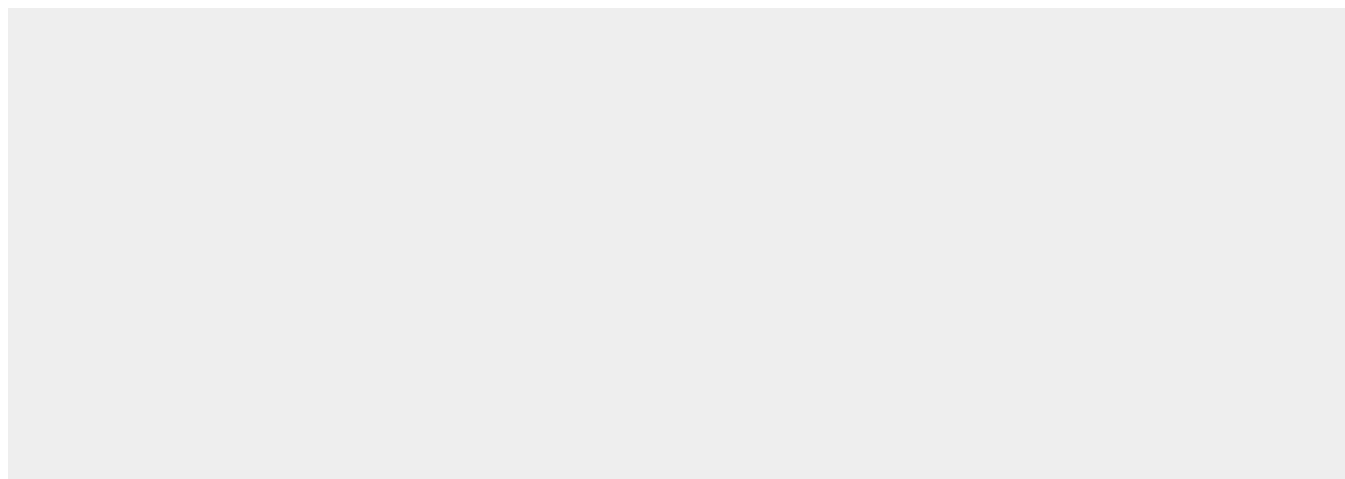
Mitochondrion matrix. Mitochondrion. Cytoplasm

### Anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A mutase Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2D6) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A mutase Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2D6) - Images



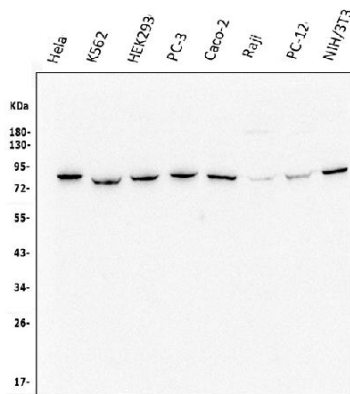


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A using anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A antibody (M01065).

Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 50ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human HeLa whole cell lysates;

Lane 2: human K562 whole cell lysates;

Lane 3: human HEK293 whole cell lysates;

Lane 4: human PC-3 whole cell lysates;

Lane 5: human Caco-2 whole cell lysates;

Lane 6: human Raji whole cell lysates;

Lane 7: rat PC-12 whole cell lysates;

Lane 8: mouse NIH/3T3 whole cell lysates.

After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with mouse anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M01065) at 0.5  $\mu$ g/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1001) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A at approximately 83KD. The expected band size for Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A is at 83KD.

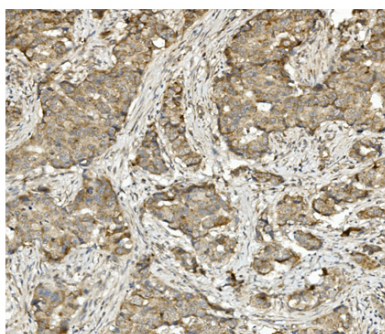


Figure 2. IHC analysis of Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A using anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A antibody (M01065).

Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human mammary cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was

then incubated with 1  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  mouse anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A Antibody (M01065) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

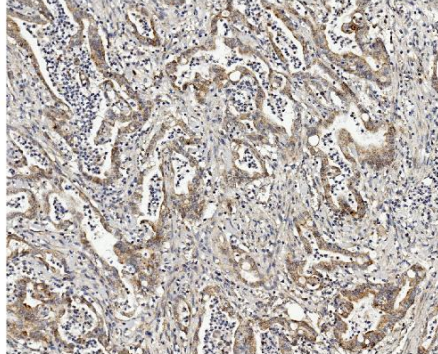


Figure 3. IHC analysis of Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A using anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A antibody (M01065).

Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human rectal cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  mouse anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A Antibody (M01065) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

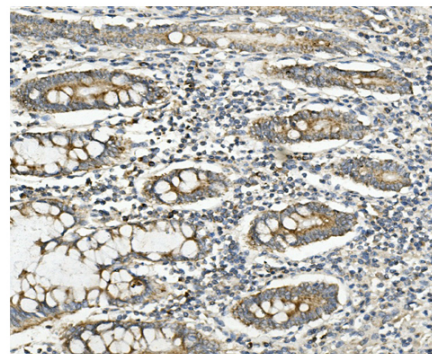


Figure 4. IHC analysis of Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A using anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A antibody (M01065).

Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human rectal cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1  $\mu\text{g}/\text{ml}$  mouse anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A Antibody (M01065) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

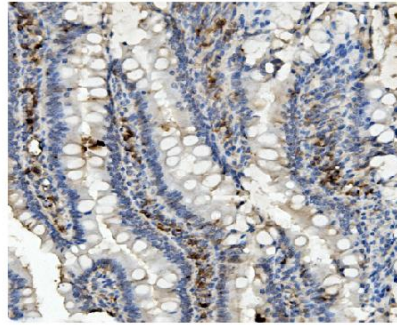


Figure 5. IHC analysis of Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A using anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A antibody (M01065).

Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A was detected in paraffin-embedded section of rat intestine tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1 µg/ml mouse anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A Antibody (M01065) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

#### **Anti-Methylmalonyl Coenzyme A mutase Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2D6) - Background**

Methylmalonyl-CoA mutase (MUT) is a mitochondrial enzyme that catalyzes the isomerization of methylmalonyl-CoA to succinyl-CoA. This gene is mapped to 6p12.3. MUT requires a vitamin B12-derived prosthetic group, adenosylcobalamin (commonly referred to as AdoCbl), to function. And the product of this enzyme, succinyl-CoA, is a key molecule of the TCA cycle.