

**Anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E6)**  
Catalog # ABO14824**Specification****Anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E6) - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, IF, ICC, FC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q06124</a>
Host	Mouse
Isotype	Mouse IgG2b
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E6) . Tested in Flow Cytometry, IF, IHC, ICC, WB applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500 µg/ml.

**Anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E6) - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5781

**Other Names**

Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 11, 3.1.3.48, Protein-tyrosine phosphatase 1D, PTP-1D, Protein-tyrosine phosphatase 2C, PTP-2C, SH-PTP2, SHP-2, Shp2, SH-PTP3, PTPN11, PTP2C, SHPTP2

**Calculated MW**

70 kDa KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml<br> Immunohistochemistry (Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml<br> Immunocytochemistry/Immunofluorescence, 2 µg/ml<br> Flow Cytometry, 1-3 µg/1x10<sup>6</sup> cells<br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm.

**Tissue Specificity**

Widely expressed, with highest levels in heart, brain, and skeletal muscle.

**Contents**

Each vial contains 4mg Trehalose, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Na<sub>3</sub>N.

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human SHP2, identical to the related mouse and rat sequences.

**Cross Reactivity**

No cross-reactivity with other proteins.

**Storage**

**Store at -20°C for one year from date of receipt. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for six months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

**Anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E6) - Protein Information**

**Name** PTPN11

**Synonyms** PTP2C, SHPTP2

**Function**

Acts downstream of various receptor and cytoplasmic protein tyrosine kinases to participate in the signal transduction from the cell surface to the nucleus (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10655584" target="\_blank">10655584</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/14739280" target="\_blank">14739280</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18559669" target="\_blank">18559669</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18829466" target="\_blank">18829466</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26742426" target="\_blank">26742426</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28074573" target="\_blank">28074573</a>). Positively regulates MAPK signal transduction pathway (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28074573" target="\_blank">28074573</a>). Dephosphorylates GAB1, ARHGAP35 and EGFR (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28074573" target="\_blank">28074573</a>). Dephosphorylates ROCK2 at 'Tyr-722' resulting in stimulation of its RhoA binding activity (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18559669" target="\_blank">18559669</a>). Dephosphorylates CDC73 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26742426" target="\_blank">26742426</a>). Dephosphorylates SOX9 on tyrosine residues, leading to inactivate SOX9 and promote ossification (By similarity). Dephosphorylates tyrosine-phosphorylated NEDD9/CAS-L (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19275884" target="\_blank">19275884</a>).

**Cellular Location**

Cytoplasm. Nucleus

**Tissue Location**

Widely expressed, with highest levels in heart, brain, and skeletal muscle.

**Anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E6) - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E6) - Images

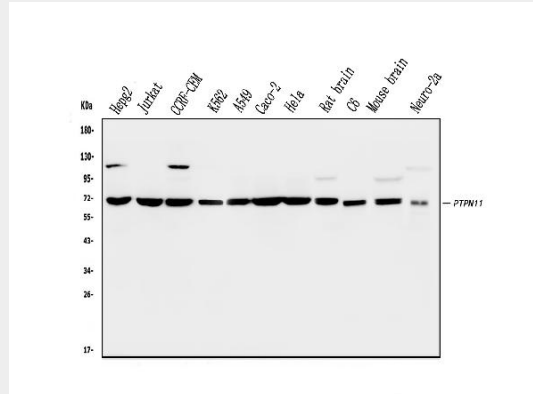


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of SHP2/PTPN11 using anti-SHP2/PTPN11 antibody (M00150-2). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 50ug of sample under reducing conditions.

- Lane 1: human HepG2 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 2: human Jurkat whole cell lysates,
- Lane 3: human CCRF-CEM whole cell lysates.
- Lane 4: human K562 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 5: human A549 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 6: human CACO-2 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 7: human Hela whole cell lysates,
- Lane 8: rat brain tissue lysates,
- Lane 9: rat C6 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 10: mouse brain tissue lysates,
- Lane 11: mouse Neuro-2a whole cell lysates.

After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with mouse anti-SHP2/PTPN11 antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M00150-2) at 0.5 µg/mL overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-mouse IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1001) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for SHP2/PTPN11 at approximately 70KD. The expected band size for SHP2/PTPN11 is at 70KD.

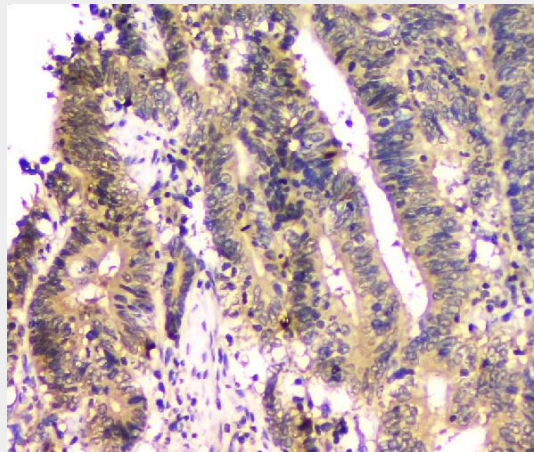


Figure 2. IHC analysis of SHP2/PTPN11 using anti SHP2/PTPN11 antibody (M00150-2).

SHP2/PTPN11 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human colon cancer tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1 µg/ml mouse anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody (M00150-2) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

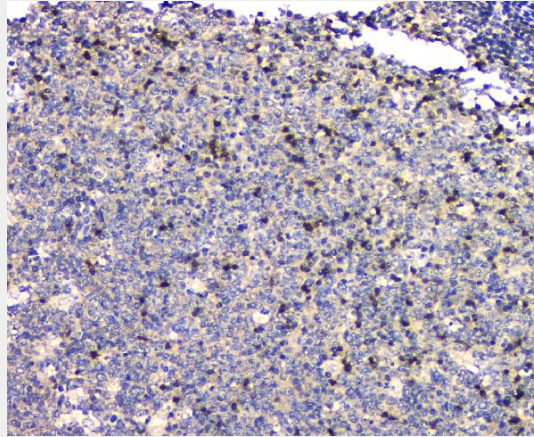


Figure 3. IHC analysis of SHP2/PTPN11 using anti SHP2/PTPN11 antibody (M00150-2). SHP2/PTPN11 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of human tonsil tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1 µg/ml mouse anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody (M00150-2) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

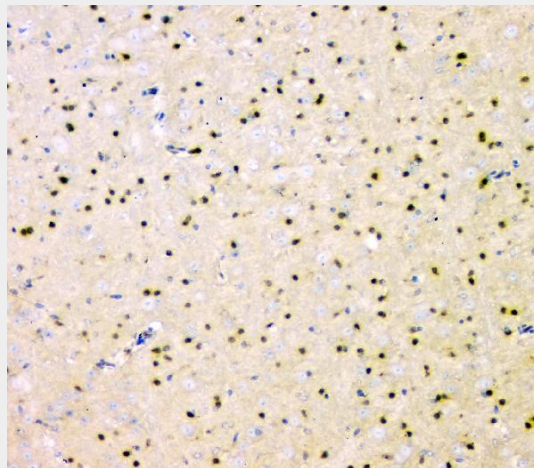


Figure 4. IHC analysis of SHP2/PTPN11 using anti SHP2/PTPN11 antibody (M00150-2). SHP2/PTPN11 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of mouse brain tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1 µg/ml mouse anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody (M00150-2) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

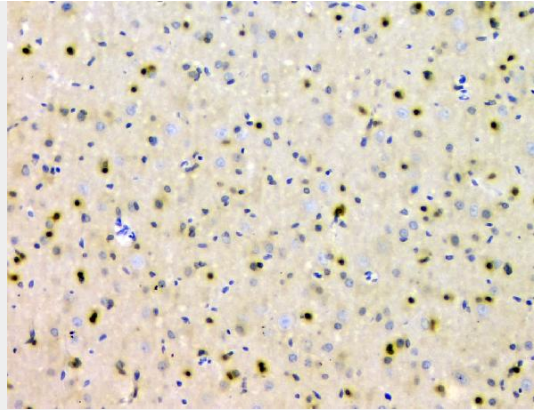


Figure 5. IHC analysis of SHP2/PTPN11 using anti SHP2/PTPN11 antibody (M00150-2). SHP2/PTPN11 was detected in paraffin-embedded section of rat brain tissue. Heat mediated antigen retrieval was performed in EDTA buffer (pH8.0, epitope retrieval solution). The tissue section was blocked with 10% goat serum. The tissue section was then incubated with 1  $\mu$ g/ml mouse anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody (M00150-2) overnight at 4°C. Biotinylated goat anti-mouse IgG was used as secondary antibody and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The tissue section was developed using Streptavidin-Biotin-Complex (SABC) (Catalog # SA1021) with DAB as the chromogen.

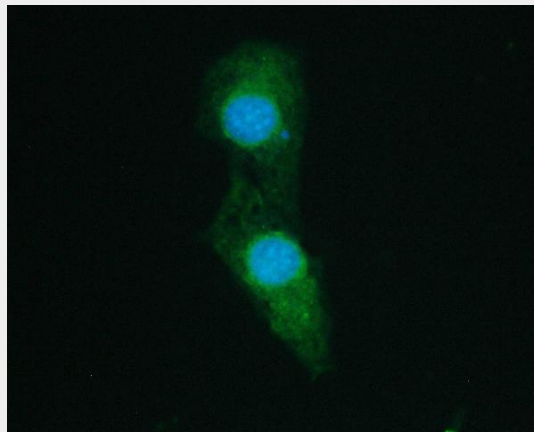


Figure 6. IF analysis of SHP2/PTPN11 using anti-SHP2/PTPN11 antibody (M00150-2). SHP2/PTPN11 was detected in immunocytochemical section of U251 cells. Enzyme antigen retrieval was performed using IHC enzyme antigen retrieval reagent (AR0022) for 15 mins. The cells were blocked with 10% goat serum. And then incubated with 2  $\mu$ g/mL mouse anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody (M00150-2) overnight at 4°C. DyLight®488 Conjugated Goat Anti-Mouse IgG (BA1126) was used as secondary antibody at 1:100 dilution and incubated for 30 minutes at 37°C. The section was counterstained with DAPI. Visualize using a fluorescence microscope and filter sets appropriate for the label used.



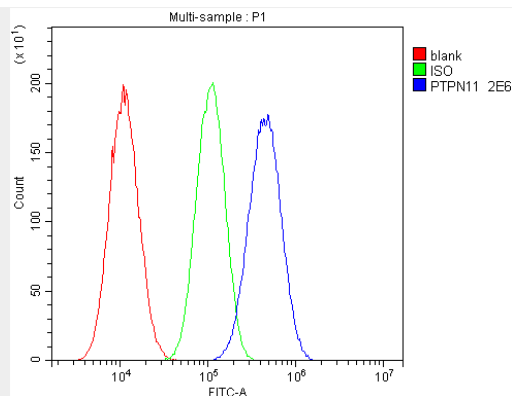


Figure 7. Flow Cytometry analysis of A549 cells using anti-SHP2/PTPN11 antibody (M00150-2). Overlay histogram showing A549 cells stained with M00150-2 (Blue line). The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with mouse anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody (M00150-2, 1  $\mu\text{g}/1 \times 10^6$  cells) for 30 min at 20°C. DyLight®488 conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (BA1126, 5-10  $\mu\text{g}/1 \times 10^6$  cells) was used as secondary antibody for 30 minutes at 20°C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was mouse IgG (1  $\mu\text{g}/1 \times 10^6$ ) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (Red line) was also used as a control.

#### **Anti-SHP2/PTPN11 Antibody Picoband™ (monoclonal, 2E6) - Background**

PTPN11 (Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 11), also known as protein-tyrosine phosphatase 1D (PTP-1D), protein-tyrosine phosphatase 2C (PTP-2C), TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE SHP2 (SHP2), BPTP3, SH-PTP2, SHP-2, SH-PTP3, is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the PTPN11 gene. PTPN11 is a member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family. The open reading frame consists of 1,779 nucleotides potentially encoding a protein of 593 amino acids with a predicted molecular mass of 68 kD. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP contains two tandem Src homology-2 domains, which function as phospho-tyrosine binding domains and mediate the interaction of this PTP with its substrates. This PTP is widely expressed in most tissues and plays a regulatory role in various cell signaling events that are important for a diversity of cell functions, such as mitogenic activation, metabolic control, transcription regulation, and cell migration. Mutations in this gene are a cause of Noonan syndrome as well as acute myeloid leukemia.