

**Anti-HLA-Drb1 Monoclonal Antibody**  
Catalog # ABO14757**Specification****Anti-HLA-Drb1 Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, IF, ICC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P01911</a>
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

**Description**

Anti-HLA-Drb1 Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

**Anti-HLA-Drb1 Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3123

**Other Names**

HLA class II histocompatibility antigen, DRB1 beta chain, Human leukocyte antigen DRB1, HLA-DRB1, HLA-DRB1 ([HGNC:4948](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=4948))

**Application Details**

WB 1:500-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200

**Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

**Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human HLA-Drb1 Binds peptides derived from antigens that access the endocytic route of antigen presenting cells (APC) and presents them on the cell surface for recognition by the CD4 T-cells.

**Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

**Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

**Anti-HLA-Drb1 Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** HLA-DRB1 ([HGNC:4948](#))**Function**

A beta chain of antigen-presenting major histocompatibility complex class II (MHCII) molecule. In complex with the alpha chain HLA- DRA, displays antigenic peptides on professional antigen presenting cells (APCs) for recognition by alpha-beta T cell receptor (TCR) on HLA-DRB1-restricted CD4-positive T cells. This guides antigen-specific T-helper effector functions, both antibody-mediated immune response and macrophage activation, to ultimately eliminate the infectious agents and transformed cells (PubMed:[15265931](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15265931)), PubMed:[16148104](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16148104)), PubMed:[22327072](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22327072)), PubMed:[27591323](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27591323)), PubMed:[29884618](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/29884618)), PubMed:[31495665](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31495665)), PubMed:[8642306](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8642306)). Typically presents extracellular peptide antigens of 10 to 30 amino acids that arise from proteolysis of endocytosed antigens in lysosomes (PubMed:[8145819](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8145819)). In the tumor microenvironment, presents antigenic peptides that are primarily generated in tumor- resident APCs likely via phagocytosis of apoptotic tumor cells or macropinocytosis of secreted tumor proteins (PubMed:[31495665](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31495665)). Presents peptides derived from intracellular proteins that are trapped in autolysosomes after macroautophagy, a mechanism especially relevant for T cell selection in the thymus and central immune tolerance (PubMed:[17182262](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17182262)), PubMed:[23783831](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23783831)). The selection of the immunodominant epitopes follows two processing modes: 'bind first, cut/trim later' for pathogen-derived antigenic peptides and 'cut first, bind later' for autoantigens/self-peptides (PubMed:[25413013](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25413013)). The anchor residue at position 1 of the peptide N-terminus, usually a large hydrophobic residue, is essential for high affinity interaction with MHCII molecules (PubMed:[8145819](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8145819)).

**Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Lysosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Late endosome membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Autolysosome membrane  
Note=The MHC class II complex transits through a number of intracellular compartments in the endocytic pathway until it reaches the cell membrane for antigen presentation (PubMed:18305173). Component of immunological synapses at the interface between T cell and APC (PubMed:29884618).

**Tissue Location**

Expressed in professional APCs: monocyte/macrophages, dendritic cells and B cells (at protein level) (PubMed:19830726, PubMed:23783831, PubMed:31495665). Expressed in thymic epithelial cells (at protein level) (PubMed:23783831)

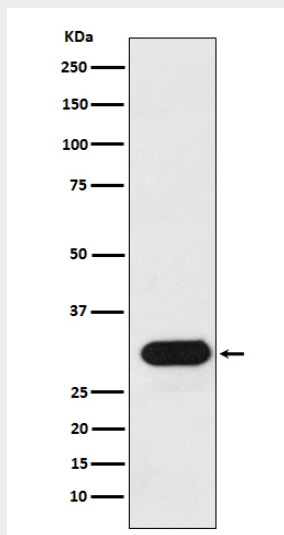
**Anti-HLA-Drb1 Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)

- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Anti-HLA-Drb1 Monoclonal Antibody - Images



Western blot analysis of HLA-Drb1 expression in Ramos cell lysate.