

**Anti-SPI1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody**  
Catalog # ABO14683

**Specification**

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**Anti-SPI1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC, FC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P17947</a>
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

**Description**

Anti-SPI1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

**Anti-SPI1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 6688

**Other Names**

Transcription factor PU.1, 31 kDa-transforming protein, SPI1

**Application Details**

WB 1:1000-1:5000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>FC 1:60

**Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

**Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human PU.1/Spi1

**Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

**Storage**

**Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

**Anti-SPI1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** SPI1

**Function**

Pioneer transcription factor, which controls hematopoietic cell fate by decompacting stem cell heterochromatin and allowing other transcription factors to enter otherwise inaccessible genomic

sites. Once in open chromatin, can directly control gene expression by binding genetic regulatory elements and can also more broadly influence transcription by recruiting transcription factors, such as interferon regulatory factors (IRFs), to otherwise inaccessible genomic regions (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23658224" target="\_blank">23658224</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33951726" target="\_blank">33951726</a>). Transcriptionally activates genes important for myeloid and lymphoid lineages, such as CSF1R (By similarity). Transcriptional activation from certain promoters, possibly containing low affinity binding sites, is achieved cooperatively with other transcription factors. FCER1A transactivation is achieved in cooperation with GATA1 (By similarity). May be particularly important for the pro- to pre-B cell transition (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33951726" target="\_blank">33951726</a>). Binds (via the ETS domain) onto the purine-rich DNA core sequence 5'-GAGGAA-3', also known as the PU-box (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33951726" target="\_blank">33951726</a>). In vitro can bind RNA and interfere with pre-mRNA splicing (By similarity).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00237, ECO:0000269|PubMed:33951726}

#### **Tissue Location**

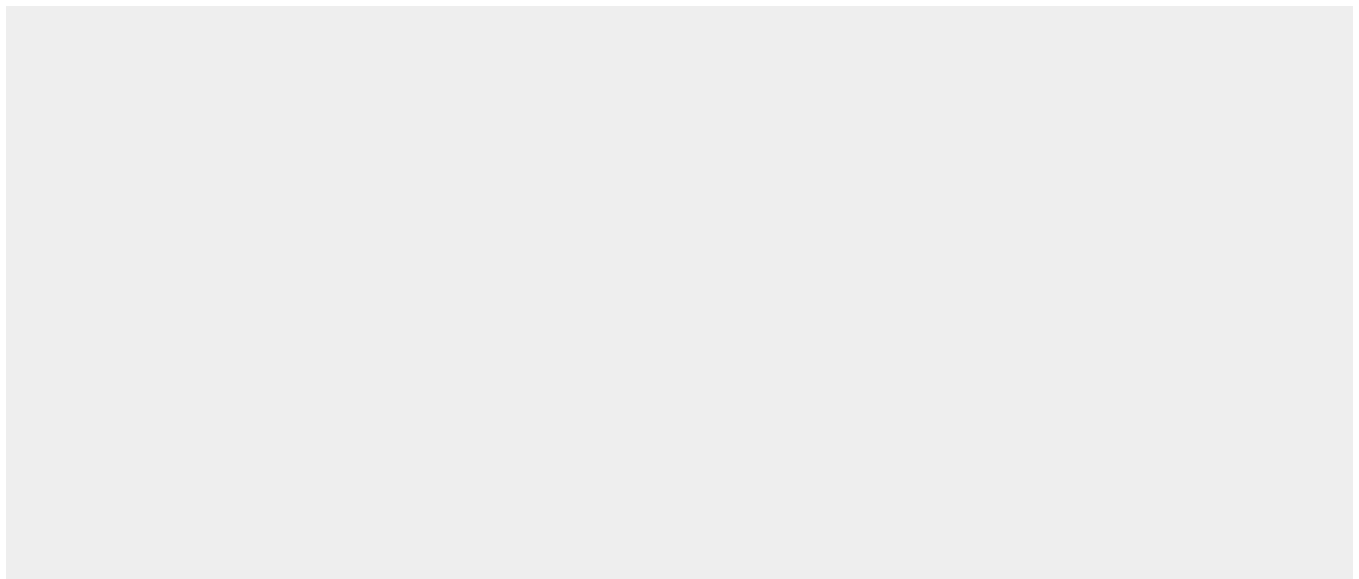
In the bone marrow, concentrated in hematopoietic stem cell, lymphoid progenitor, myeloid lineage (granulocyte macrophage progenitors, classical dendritic cells, monocytes) and B-cell clusters Among B-cells, predominantly expressed in pre-B1 cells (PubMed:33951726). Expressed in germinal center B-cells (PubMed:23166356).

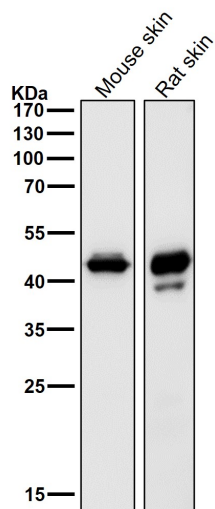
### **Anti-SPI1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

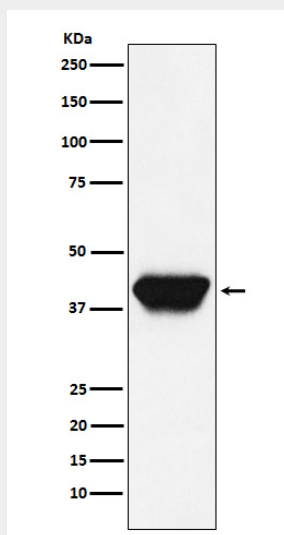
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### **Anti-SPI1 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images**





All lanes use the Antibody at 1:3K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



Western blot analysis of PU.1/Spi1 expression in Daudi cell lysate.