

## Anti-USP22 Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ABO14524

### Specification

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#### Anti-USP22 Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IF, ICC, IP, FC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">Q9UPT9</a>
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

#### Description

Anti-USP22 Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, ICC/IF, IP, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

#### Anti-USP22 Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 23326

#### Other Names

Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 22, 3.4.19.12, Deubiquitinating enzyme 22, Ubiquitin thioesterase 22, Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease 22, USP22, KIAA1063, USP3L

#### Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br>IP 1:50<br>FC 1:50

#### Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

#### Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human USP22 Histone deubiquitinating component of the transcription regulatory histone acetylation (HAT) complex SAGA. Catalyzes the deubiquitination of both histones H2A and H2B, thereby acting as a coactivator.

#### Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

**Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

#### Anti-USP22 Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name USP22

## Synonyms KIAA1063, USP3L

### Function

Deubiquitinase that plays a role in several cellular processes including transcriptional regulation, cell cycle progression or innate immunity. As part of the transcription regulatory histone acetylation (HAT) complex SAGA, catalyzes the deubiquitination of both histones H2A and H2B, thereby acting as a transcriptional coactivator (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18206972" target="\_blank">18206972</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18206973" target="\_blank">18206973</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18469533" target="\_blank">18469533</a>). Recruited to specific gene promoters by activators such as MYC, where it is required for transcription. Facilitates cell-cycle progression by stabilizing CCNB1 and antagonizing its proteasome-mediated degradation in a cell cycle-specific manner (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27030811" target="\_blank">27030811</a>). Modulates cell cycle progression and apoptosis also by antagonizing TP53 transcriptional activation through deacetylase SIRT1 stabilization (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22542455" target="\_blank">22542455</a>). Plays multiple roles in immunity and inflammation. Participates in antiviral response by deubiquitinating the importin KPNA2, leading to IRF3 nuclear translocation and subsequent type I interferon production (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32130408" target="\_blank">32130408</a>). Acts as a central regulator of type III IFN signaling by negatively regulating STING1 activation and ubiquitination (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35933402" target="\_blank">35933402</a>). Inhibits NLRP3 inflammasome activation by promoting NLRP3 degradation through ATG5-dependent autophagy (By similarity). Deubiquitinates CD274 to induce its stabilization and thereby participates in maintenance of immune tolerance to self (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31399419" target="\_blank">31399419</a>). Controls necroptotic cell death by regulating RIPK3 phosphorylation and ubiquitination (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33369872" target="\_blank">33369872</a>). During bacterial infection, promotes pro-inflammatory response by targeting TRAF6 and removing its 'Lys-48'-linked polyubiquitination (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q5DU02}

### Tissue Location

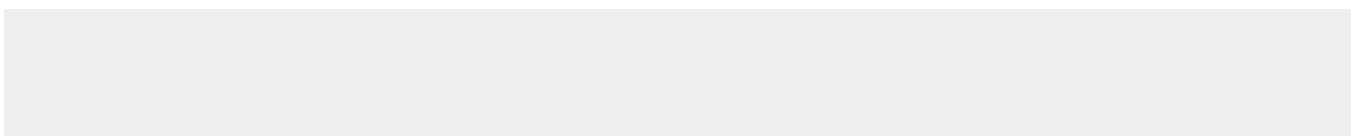
Moderately expressed in various tissues including heart and skeletal muscle, and weakly expressed in lung and liver

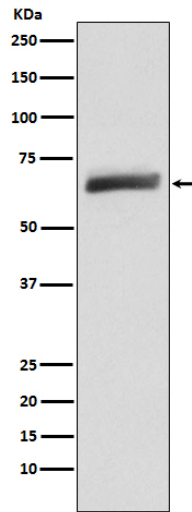
## Anti-USP22 Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-USP22 Monoclonal Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of USP22 expression in HeLa cell lysate.