

Anti-GABARAP Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABO14472**Specification****Anti-GABARAP Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

| | |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application | WB, IHC, IF, ICC, FC |
| Primary Accession | O95166 |
| Host | Rabbit |
| Isotype | Rabbit IgG |
| Reactivity | Rat, Human, Mouse |
| Clonality | Monoclonal |
| Format | Liquid |

Description

Anti-GABARAP Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

Anti-GABARAP Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 11337

Other Names

Gamma-aminobutyric acid receptor-associated protein, GABA(A) receptor-associated protein, MM46, GABARAP (HGNC:4067), FLC3B

Calculated MW

18 kDa KDa

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000
IHC 1:100-1:500
ICC/IF 1:50-1:200
FC 1:50

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human GABARAP GABARAP is cleaved at its carboxyl terminus, which leads to conjugation by either of the phospholipids phosphatidylethanolamine or phosphatidylserine. This processing converts GABARAP from a type I to a type II membrane bound form involved in autophagosome biogenesis. Processing of GABARAP involves cleavage by Atg4 family members followed by conjugation by the E1 and E2 like enzymes Atg7 and Atg3.

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-GABARAP Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name GABARAP ([HGNC:4067](#))

Synonyms FLC3B

Function

Ubiquitin-like modifier that plays a role in intracellular transport of GABA(A) receptors and its interaction with the cytoskeleton (PubMed: [9892355](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/9892355)). Involved in autophagy: while LC3s are involved in elongation of the phagophore membrane, the GABARAP/GATE-16 subfamily is essential for a later stage in autophagosome maturation (PubMed: [15169837](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15169837), PubMed: [20562859](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20562859), PubMed: [22948227](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22948227)). Through its interaction with the reticulophagy receptor TEX264, participates in the remodeling of subdomains of the endoplasmic reticulum into autophagosomes upon nutrient stress, which then fuse with lysosomes for endoplasmic reticulum turnover (PubMed: [31006538](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31006538)). Also required for the local activation of the CUL3(KBTBD6/7) E3 ubiquitin ligase complex, regulating ubiquitination and degradation of TIAM1, a guanyl-nucleotide exchange factor (GEF) that activates RAC1 and downstream signal transduction (PubMed: [25684205](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25684205)). Thereby, regulates different biological processes including the organization of the cytoskeleton, cell migration and proliferation (PubMed: [25684205](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25684205)). Involved in apoptosis (PubMed: [15977068](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15977068)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasmic vesicle, autophagosome membrane. Endomembrane system {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P60517}. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P60517}. Golgi apparatus membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P60517}. Cytoplasmic vesicle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P60517}. Note=Largely associated with intracellular membrane structures including the Golgi apparatus and postsynaptic cisternae. Colocalizes with microtubules (By similarity) Localizes also to discrete punctae along the ciliary axoneme (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P60517, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9DCD6}

Tissue Location

Heart, brain, placenta, liver, skeletal muscle, kidney and pancreas.

Anti-GABARAP Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-GABARAP Monoclonal Antibody - Images

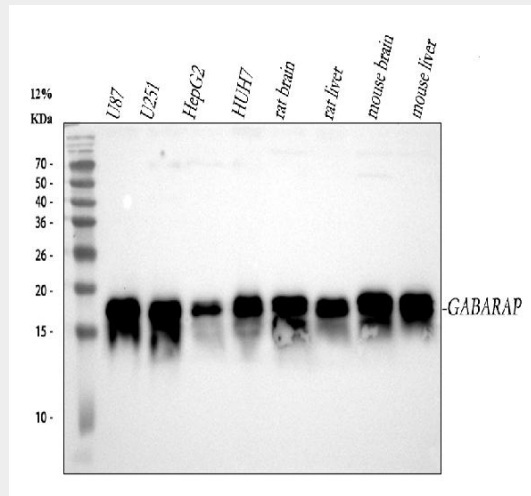


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of GABARAP using anti-GABARAP antibody (M01907). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

- Lane 1: human U87 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 2: human U251 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 3: human HepG2 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 4: human HUH7 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 5: rat brain tissue lysates,
- Lane 6: rat liver tissue lysates,
- Lane 7: mouse brain tissue lysates,
- Lane 8: mouse liver tissue lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-GABARAP antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M01907) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:5000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for GABARAP at approximately 18 kDa. The expected band size for GABARAP is at 14 kDa.