

**Anti-PI 3 kinase p110 alpha Monoclonal Antibody**  
Catalog # ABO14359**Specification****Anti-PI 3 kinase p110 alpha Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IF, ICC, IP
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P42336</a>
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

**Description**

Anti-PI 3 kinase p110 alpha Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, ICC/IF, IP applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

**Anti-PI 3 kinase p110 alpha Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 5290

**Other Names**

Phosphatidylinositol 4, 5-bisphosphate 3-kinase catalytic subunit alpha isoform, PI3-kinase subunit alpha, PI3K-alpha, PI3Kalpha, PtdIns-3-kinase subunit alpha, 2.7.1.137, 2.7.1.153, Phosphatidylinositol 4, 5-bisphosphate 3-kinase 110 kDa catalytic subunit alpha, PtdIns-3-kinase subunit p110-alpha, p110alpha, Phosphoinositide 3-kinase alpha, Phosphoinositide-3-kinase catalytic alpha polypeptide, Serine/threonine protein kinase PIK3CA, 2.7.11.1, PIK3CA

**Application Details**

WB 1:1000-1:2000<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br>IP 1:20

**Contents**

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

**Immunogen**

A synthesized peptide derived from human PI 3 Kinase catalytic subunit alpha

**Purification**

Affinity-chromatography

**Storage**

**Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.**

**Anti-PI 3 kinase p110 alpha Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information**

Name PIK3CA

## Function

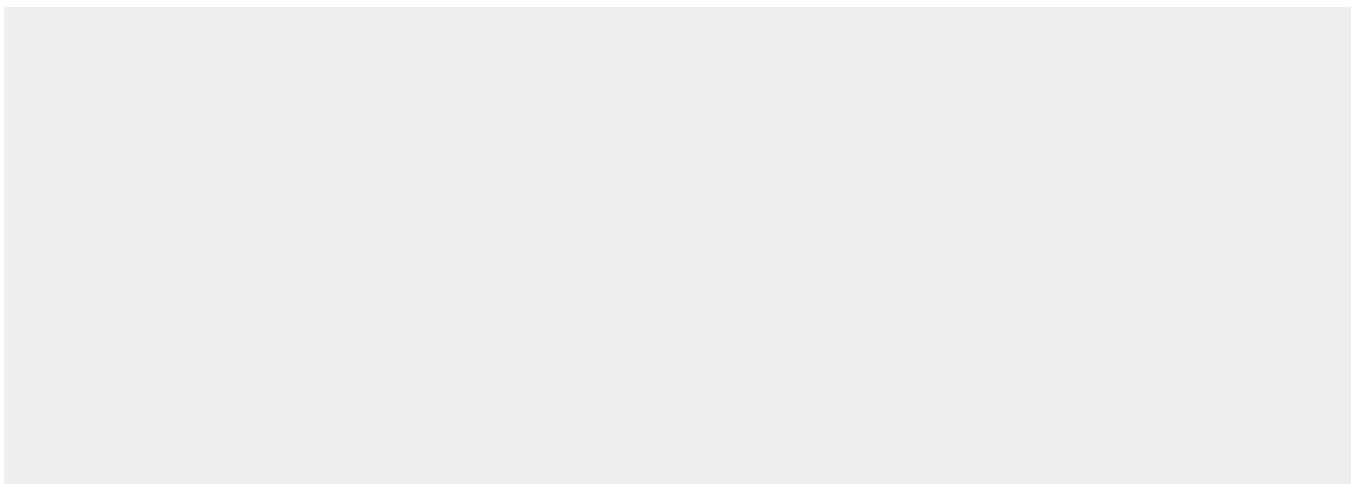
Phosphoinositide-3-kinase (PI3K) phosphorylates phosphatidylinositol (PI) and its phosphorylated derivatives at position 3 of the inositol ring to produce 3-phosphoinositides (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15135396" target="\_blank">15135396</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23936502" target="\_blank">23936502</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28676499" target="\_blank">28676499</a>). Uses ATP and PtdIns(4,5)P<sub>2</sub> (phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate) to generate phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP<sub>3</sub>) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15135396" target="\_blank">15135396</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28676499" target="\_blank">28676499</a>). PIP<sub>3</sub> plays a key role by recruiting PH domain- containing proteins to the membrane, including AKT1 and PDK1, activating signaling cascades involved in cell growth, survival, proliferation, motility and morphology. Participates in cellular signaling in response to various growth factors. Involved in the activation of AKT1 upon stimulation by receptor tyrosine kinases ligands such as EGF, insulin, IGF1, VEGFA and PDGF. Involved in signaling via insulin-receptor substrate (IRS) proteins. Essential in endothelial cell migration during vascular development through VEGFA signaling, possibly by regulating RhoA activity. Required for lymphatic vasculature development, possibly by binding to RAS and by activation by EGF and FGF2, but not by PDGF. Regulates invadopodia formation through the PDK1-AKT1 pathway. Participates in cardiomyogenesis in embryonic stem cells through a AKT1 pathway. Participates in vasculogenesis in embryonic stem cells through PDK1 and protein kinase C pathway. In addition to its lipid kinase activity, it displays a serine-protein kinase activity that results in the autophosphorylation of the p85alpha regulatory subunit as well as phosphorylation of other proteins such as 4EBP1, H-Ras, the IL-3 beta c receptor and possibly others (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23936502" target="\_blank">23936502</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28676499" target="\_blank">28676499</a>). Plays a role in the positive regulation of phagocytosis and pinocytosis (By similarity).

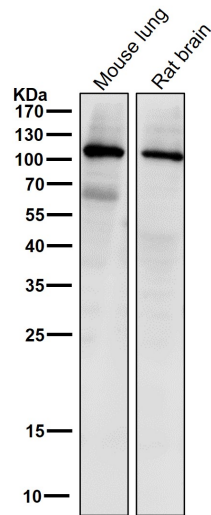
## Anti-PI 3 kinase p110 alpha Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

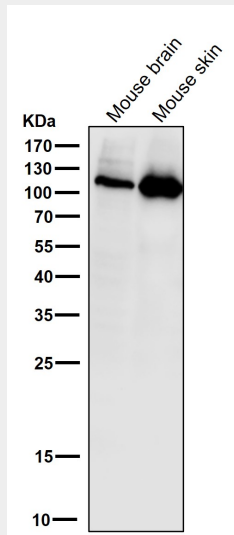
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-PI 3 kinase p110 alpha Monoclonal Antibody - Images

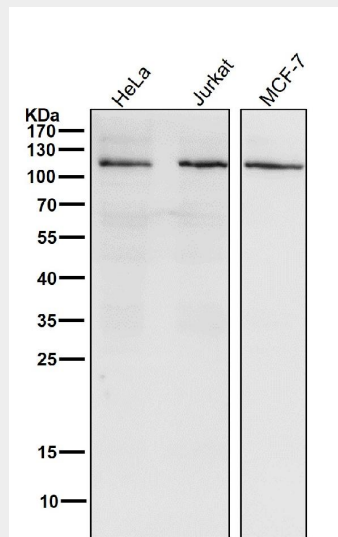




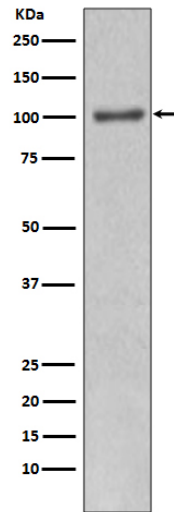
All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



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Western blot analysis of PI 3 kinase p110 alpha expression in Jurkat cell lysate. Western blot analysis of PI 3 kinase p110 alpha expression in Jurkat cell lysate.

### **Anti-PI 3 kinase p110 alpha Monoclonal Antibody - Background**

Phosphoinositide-3-kinase (PI3K) that phosphorylates PtdIns (Phosphatidylinositol), PtdIns4P (Phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate) and PtdIns (4,5) P2 (Phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate) to generate phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5-trisphosphate (PIP3). PIP3 plays a key role by recruiting PH domain-containing proteins to the membrane, including AKT1 and PDK1, activating signaling cascades involved in cell growth, survival, proliferation, motility and morphology. Participates in cellular signaling in response to various growth factors.