

# Anti-alpha Tubulin TUBA1B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO14135

#### Specification

## Anti-alpha Tubulin TUBA1B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Host Isotype Reactivity Clonality Format **Description** Anti-alpha Tubulin TUB WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IP, FC <u>P68366</u> Rabbit Rabbit IgG Rat, Human, Mouse Monoclonal Liquid

Anti-alpha Tubulin TUBA1B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

## Anti-alpha Tubulin TUBA1B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 7277

**Other Names** Tubulin alpha-4A chain, 3.6.5.-, Alpha-tubulin 1, Testis-specific alpha-tubulin, Tubulin H2-alpha, Tubulin alpha-1 chain, TUBA4A, TUBA1

Calculated MW 50152 MW KDa

Application Details WB 1:1000-1:5000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br>IP 1:50<br>FC 1:50

**Subcellular Localization** Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

**Contents** Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human alpha Tubulin

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

## Anti-alpha Tubulin TUBA1B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information



## Name TUBA4A

## Synonyms TUBA1

## **Function**

Tubulin is the major constituent of microtubules, a cylinder consisting of laterally associated linear protofilaments composed of alpha- and beta-tubulin heterodimers. Microtubules grow by the addition of GTP-tubulin dimers to the microtubule end, where a stabilizing cap forms. Below the cap, tubulin dimers are in GDP-bound state, owing to GTPase activity of alpha-tubulin.

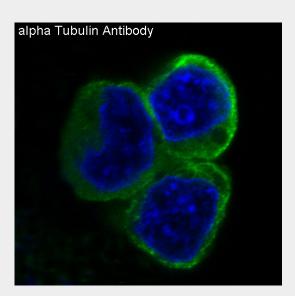
**Cellular Location** Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton.

## Anti-alpha Tubulin TUBA1B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-alpha Tubulin TUBA1B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



Immunofluorescent analysis of 293 cells, using alpha Tubulin Antibody .



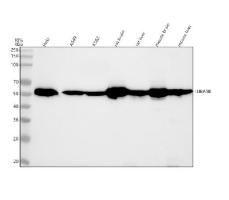


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of Alpha Tubulin using anti-Alpha Tubulin antibody (M08382-1). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

Lane 1: human Hela whole cell lysates,

Lane 2: human A549 whole cell lysates,

Lane 3: human K562 whole cell lysates,

Lane 4: rat brain tissue lysates,

Lane 5: rat liver tissue lysates,

Lane 6: mouse brain tissue lysates,

Lane 7: mouse liver tissue lysates.

After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-Alpha Tubulin antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M08382-1) at 1:1000 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:500 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for Alpha Tubulin at approximately 55 kDa.