

Anti-14-3-3 sigma SFN Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody
Catalog # ABO14129

Specification

Anti-14-3-3 sigma SFN Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	P31947
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

Description

Anti-14-3-3 sigma SFN Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Rat.

Anti-14-3-3 sigma SFN Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 2810

Other Names

14-3-3 protein sigma, Epithelial cell marker protein 1, Stratifin, SFN, HME1
{ECO:0000303|PubMed:1390337}

Calculated MW

27774 MW KDa

Application Details

WB 1:1000-1:2000
IHC 1:50-1:200

Subcellular Localization

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Secreted. May be secreted by a non-classical secretory pathway.

Tissue Specificity

Present mainly in tissues enriched in stratified squamous keratinizing epithelium.

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human 14-3-3 sigma

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated

freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-14-3-3 sigma SFN Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name SFN

Synonyms HME1 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:1390337}

Function

Adapter protein implicated in the regulation of a large spectrum of both general and specialized signaling pathways (PubMed:15731107, PubMed:22634725, PubMed:28202711, PubMed:37797010). Binds to a large number of partners, usually by recognition of a phosphoserine or phosphothreonine motif (PubMed:15731107, PubMed:22634725, PubMed:28202711, PubMed:37797010). Binding generally results in the modulation of the activity of the binding partner (PubMed:15731107, PubMed:22634725, PubMed:28202711, PubMed:37797010). Promotes cytosolic retention of GBP1 GTPase by binding to phosphorylated GBP1, thereby inhibiting the innate immune response (PubMed:37797010). Also acts as a TP53/p53-regulated inhibitor of G2/M progression (PubMed:9659898). When bound to KRT17, regulates protein synthesis and epithelial cell growth by stimulating Akt/mTOR pathway (By similarity). Acts to maintain desmosome cell junction adhesion in epithelial cells via interacting with and sequestering PKP3 to the cytoplasm, thereby restricting its translocation to existing desmosome structures and therefore maintaining desmosome protein homeostasis (PubMed:24124604). May also regulate MDM2 autoubiquitination and degradation and thereby activate p53/TP53 (PubMed:18382127).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O70456} Secreted. Note=May be secreted by a non- classical secretory pathway.

Tissue Location

Present mainly in tissues enriched in stratified squamous keratinizing epithelium.

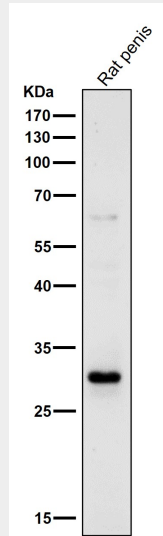
Anti-14-3-3 sigma SFN Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

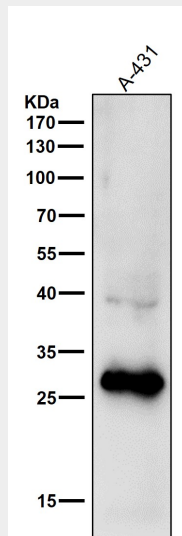
- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)

- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

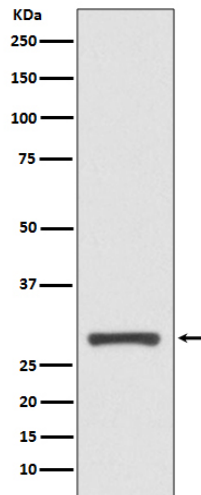
Anti-14-3-3 sigma SFN Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



Western blot analysis of 14-3-3 sigma expression in A431 cell lysate.