

## Anti-Calreticulin Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # ABO14120

### Specification

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#### Anti-Calreticulin Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application	WB, IHC, IF, ICC, IP, FC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P27797</a>
Host	Rabbit
Isotype	Rabbit IgG
Reactivity	Rat, Human, Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Format	Liquid

#### Description

Anti-Calreticulin Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, ICC/IF, IP, Flow Cytometry applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse, Rat.

#### Anti-Calreticulin Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 811

#### Other Names

Calreticulin, CRP55, Calregulin, Endoplasmic reticulum resident protein 60, ERp60, HACBP, grp60, CALR ([http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene\\_symbol\\_report?hgnc\\_id=1455](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=1455) target="\_blank">HGNC:1455</a>), CRTC

#### Calculated MW

48142 MW KDa

#### Application Details

WB 1:500-1:2000<br>IHC 1:50-1:200<br>ICC/IF 1:50-1:200<br>IP 1:50<br>FC 1:50

#### Subcellular Localization

Endoplasmic reticulum lumen. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Cell surface. Sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen. Also found in cell surface (T cells), cytosol and extracellular matrix (PubMed:10358038). Associated with the lytic granules in the cytolytic T-lymphocytes..

#### Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

#### Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human Calreticulin - ER Marker

#### Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for

up to one month. Avoid repeated  
freeze-thaw cycles.

## Anti-Calreticulin Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name CALR ([HGNC:1455](#))

Synonyms CRTC

### Function

Calcium-binding chaperone that promotes folding, oligomeric assembly and quality control in the endoplasmic reticulum (ER) via the calreticulin/calnexin cycle. This lectin interacts transiently with almost all of the monoglucosylated glycoproteins that are synthesized in the ER (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7876246" target="\_blank">7876246</a>). Interacts with the DNA-binding domain of NR3C1 and mediates its nuclear export (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11149926" target="\_blank">11149926</a>). Involved in maternal gene expression regulation. May participate in oocyte maturation via the regulation of calcium homeostasis (By similarity). Present in the cortical granules of non-activated oocytes, is exocytosed during the cortical reaction in response to oocyte activation and might participate in the block to polyspermy (By similarity).

### Cellular Location

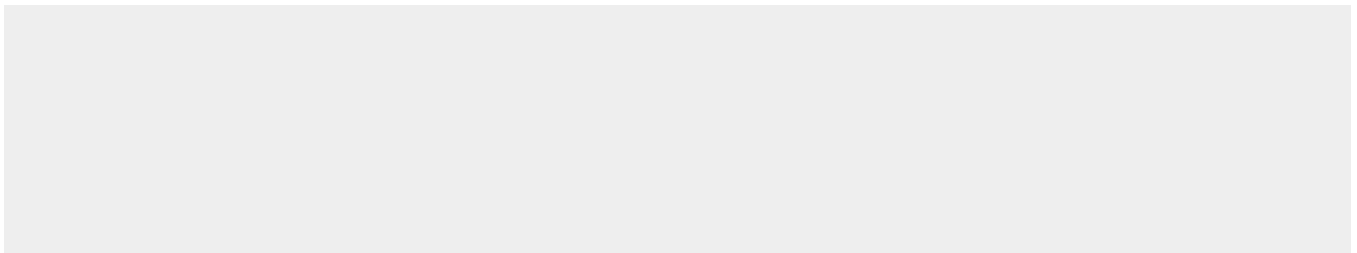
Endoplasmic reticulum lumen. Cytoplasm, cytosol. Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Cell surface. Sarcoplasmic reticulum lumen {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P28491}. Cytoplasmic vesicle, secretory vesicle, Cortical granule {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8K3H7}. Cytolytic granule. Note=Also found in cell surface (T cells), cytosol and extracellular matrix (PubMed:10358038). During oocyte maturation and after parthenogenetic activation accumulates in cortical granules. In pronuclear and early cleaved embryos localizes weakly to cytoplasm around nucleus and more strongly in the region near the cortex (By similarity). In cortical granules of non-activated oocytes, is exocytosed during the cortical reaction in response to oocyte activation (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P28491, ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8K3H7, ECO:0000269|PubMed:8418194}

## Anti-Calreticulin Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-Calreticulin Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images



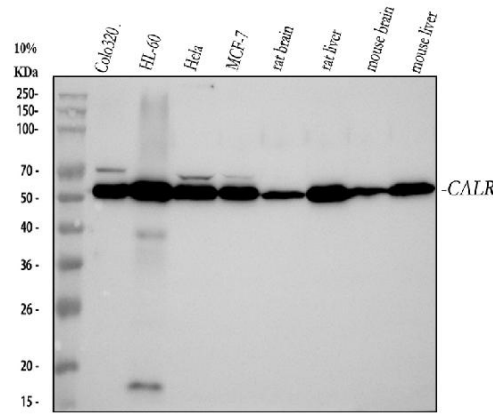
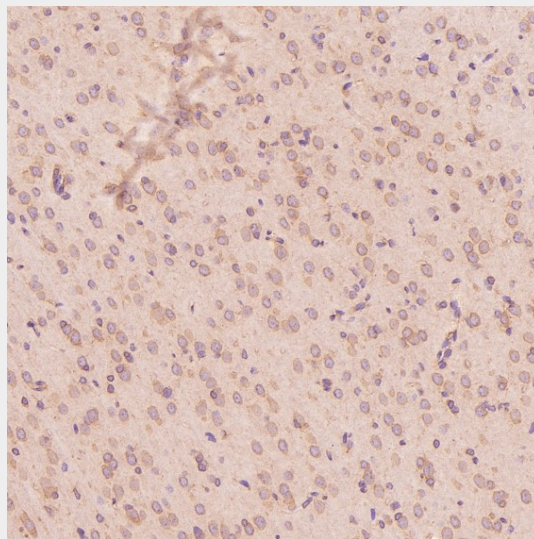


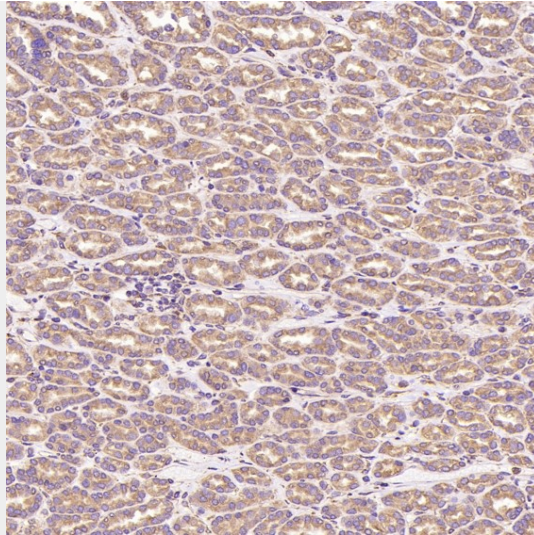
Figure 1. Western blot analysis of Calreticulin using anti-Calreticulin antibody (M00894). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 30 ug of sample under reducing conditions.

- Lane 1: human COLO320 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 2: human HL-60 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 3: human Hela whole cell lysates,
- Lane 4: human MCF-7 whole cell lysates,
- Lane 5: rat brain tissue lysates,
- Lane 6: rat liver tissue lysates,
- Lane 7: mouse brain tissue lysates,
- Lane 8: mouse liver tissue lysates.

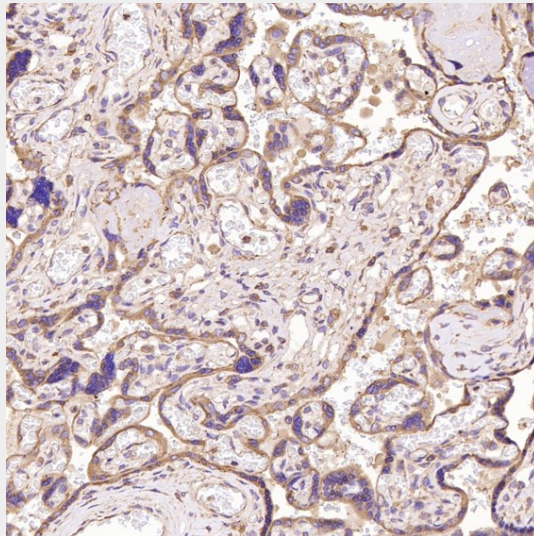
After electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a nitrocellulose membrane at 150 mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% non-fat milk/TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-Calreticulin antigen affinity purified monoclonal antibody (Catalog # M00894) at 1:500 overnight at 4°C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:5000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit (Catalog # EK1002) with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for Calreticulin at approximately 60 kDa. The expected band size for Calreticulin is at 48 kDa.



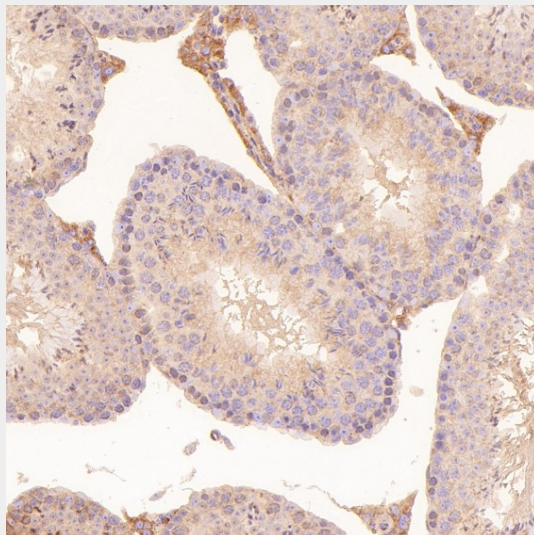
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Rat cerebral cortex, using the Antibody at 1:150 dilution.



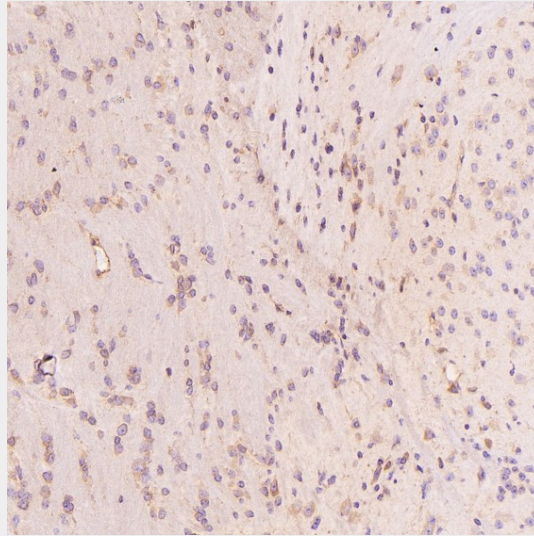
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human renal cancer, using the Antibody at 1:150 dilution.



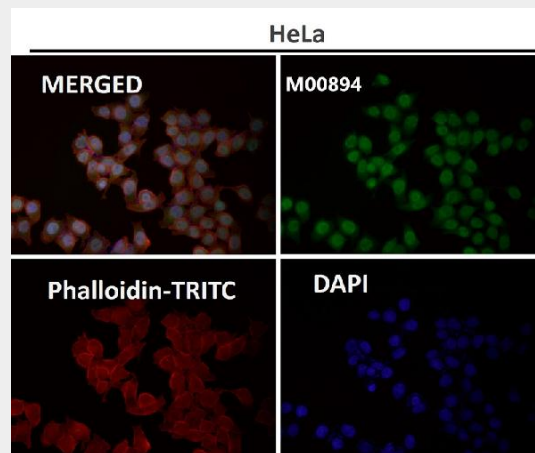
Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human placenta, using the Antibody at 1:150 dilution.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse testis, using the Antibody at 1:150 dilution.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Mouse cerebellum, using the Antibody at 1:150 dilution.



Immunofluorescent analysis using the Antibody at 1:50 dilution.