

Anti-FOXA2/Hnf3B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO13760

Specification

Anti-FOXA2/Hnf3B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Host
Rabbit
Isotype
Reactivity
Clonality
Format
WB, IF, ICC
O9Y261
Rabbit
Rabbit
Rabbit
Rabbit
Human
Monoclonal

Description

Anti-FOXA2/Hnf3B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, ICC/IF applications. This antibody reacts with Human.

Anti-FOXA2/Hnf3B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 3170

Other Names

Hepatocyte nuclear factor 3-beta, HNF-3-beta, HNF-3B, Forkhead box protein A2, Transcription factor 3B, TCF-3B, FOXA2, HNF3B, TCF3B

Calculated MW 48306 MW KDa

Application Details

WB 1:500-1:1000
ICC/IF 1:50-1:200

Subcellular Localization

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm in a CRM1-dependent manner; in response to insulin signaling via AKT1 is exported from the nucleus.

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen

A synthesized peptide derived from human FOXA2

Purification

Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.



Anti-FOXA2/Hnf3B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name FOXA2

Synonyms HNF3B, TCF3B

Function

Transcription factor that is involved in embryonic development, establishment of tissue-specific gene expression and regulation of gene expression in differentiated tissues. Is thought to act as a 'pioneer' factor opening the compacted chromatin for other proteins through interactions with nucleosomal core histones and thereby replacing linker histones at target enhancer and/or promoter sites. Binds DNA with the consensus sequence 5'- [AC]A[AT]T[AG]TT[GT][AG][CT]T[CT]-3' (By similarity). In embryonic development is required for notochord formation. Involved in the development of multiple endoderm-derived organ systems such as the liver, pancreas and lungs; FOXA1 and FOXA2 seem to have at least in part redundant roles. Originally described as a transcription activator for a number of liver genes such as AFP, albumin, tyrosine aminotransferase, PEPCK, etc. Interacts with the cis-acting regulatory regions of these genes. Involved in glucose homeostasis; regulates the expression of genes important for glucose sensing in pancreatic beta- cells and glucose homeostasis. Involved in regulation of fat metabolism. Binds to fibrinogen beta promoter and is involved in IL6- induced fibrinogen beta transcriptional activation.

Cellular Location

Nucleus {ECO:0000255|PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00089, ECO:0000269|PubMed:14500912}. Cytoplasm Note=Shuttles between the nucleus and cytoplasm in a CRM1-dependent manner; in response to insulin signaling via AKT1 is exported from the nucleus

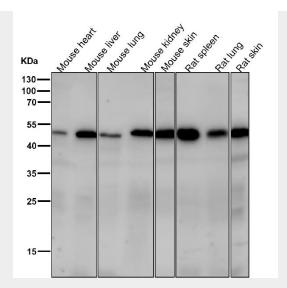
Anti-FOXA2/Hnf3B Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

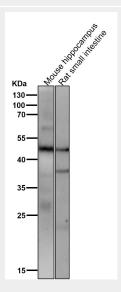
- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- <u>Immunoprecipitation</u>
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Δnti.	FOYA2	/Hnf3R	Rahhit	Monoclonal	Antihody -	Image
Anu.	·FUXAZ	/HIIIJD	Nappil	MOHOCIONAL	Allubouv -	Illiaues

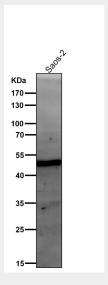




All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



All lanes use the Antibody at 1:1K dilution for 1 hour at room temperature.



