

Anti-TGM2/Transglutaminase 2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ABO13559

Specification

Anti-TGM2/Transglutaminase 2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Host Isotype Reactivity Clonality Format Description WB, IHC, IP <u>P21980</u> Rabbit Rabbit IgG Human, Mouse Monoclonal Liquid

Anti-TGM2/Transglutaminase 2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody . Tested in WB, IHC, IP applications. This antibody reacts with Human, Mouse.

Anti-TGM2/Transglutaminase 2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 7052

Other Names

Protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase 2, 2.3.2.13, Erythrocyte transglutaminase, Heart G alpha(h), hhG alpha(h), Isopeptidase TGM2, 3.4.-.-, Protein G alpha(h), G(h), Protein-glutamine deamidase TGM2, 3.5.1.44, Protein-glutamine dopaminyltransferase TGM2, 2.3.1.-, Protein-glutamine histaminyltransferase TGM2, 2.3.1.-, Protein-glutamine histaminyltransferase TGM2, 2.3.1.-, Protein-glutamine set TGM2, 2.3.1.-, 2.3.1.-, Tissue transglutaminase, tTG, tTgase, Transglutaminase C, TG(C), TGC, TGase C, Transglutaminase H, TGase H, Transglutaminase II, TGase II, Transglutaminase-2, TG2, TGase-2, hTG2, TGM2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17939176, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11778}

Calculated MW 77329 MW KDa

Application Details WB 1:1000-1:5000
IHC 1:50-1:200
IP 1:50

Contents

Rabbit IgG in phosphate buffered saline, pH 7.4, 150mM NaCl, 0.02% sodium azide and 50% glycerol, 0.4-0.5mg/ml BSA.

Immunogen A synthesized peptide derived from human TGM2

Purification Affinity-chromatography

Storage

Store at -20°C for one year. For short term storage and frequent use, store at 4°C for up to one month. Avoid repeated



freeze-thaw cycles.

Anti-TGM2/Transglutaminase 2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protein Information

Name TGM2 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17939176, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:11778}

Function

Calcium-dependent acyltransferase that catalyzes the formation of covalent bonds between peptide-bound glutamine and various primary amines, such as gamma-amino group of peptide-bound lysine, or mono- and polyamines, thereby producing cross-linked or aminated proteins, respectively (PubMed:23941696, PubMed:31991788, PubMed:9252372). Involved in many biological processes, such as bone development, angiogenesis, wound healing, cellular differentiation, chromatin modification and apoptosis (PubMed: 1683874, PubMed:27270573, PubMed:28198360, PubMed:7935379, PubMed:9252372). Acts as a protein-glutamine gamma-glutamyltransferase by mediating the cross-linking of proteins, such as ACO2, HSPB6, FN1, HMGB1, RAP1GDS1, SLC25A4/ANT1, SPP1 and WDR54 (PubMed:23941696, PubMed:24349085, PubMed:29618516, PubMed:30458214). Under physiological conditions, the protein cross- linking activity is inhibited by GTP; inhibition is relieved by Ca(2+) in response to various stresses (PubMed:18092889, PubMed: 7592956, PubMed:7649299). When secreted, catalyzes cross-linking of proteins of the extracellular matrix, such as FN1 and SPP1 resulting in the formation of scaffolds (PubMed:12506096). Plays a key role during apoptosis, both by (1) promoting the cross-linking of cytoskeletal proteins resulting in condensation of the cytoplasm, and by (2) mediating cross-linking proteins of the extracellular matrix, resulting in the irreversible formation of scaffolds that stabilize the integrity of the dying cells before their clearance by phagocytosis, thereby preventing the leakage of harmful intracellular components (PubMed: 7935379, PubMed:9252372). In addition to protein cross-linking, can use different monoamine substrates to catalyze a vast array of protein post-translational modifications: mediates aminulation of serotonin, dopamine, noradrenaline or histamine into glutamine residues of target proteins to generate protein serotonylation, dopaminylation, noradrenalinylation or histaminylation, respectively (PubMed: 23797785, PubMed:30867594). Mediates protein serotonylation of small GTPases during activation and aggregation of platelets, leading to constitutive activation of these GTPases (By similarity). Plays a key role in chromatin organization by mediating serotonylation and dopaminylation of histone H3 (PubMed: 30867594, PubMed:32273471). Catalyzes serotonylation of 'GIn-5' of histone H3 (H3Q5ser) during serotonergic neuron differentiation, thereby facilitating transcription (PubMed:30867594). Acts as a mediator of neurotransmission-independent role of nuclear dopamine in ventral tegmental area (VTA) neurons: catalyzes dopaminylation of 'Gln-5' of histone H3 (H3Q5dop), thereby regulating



relapse-related transcriptional plasticity in the reward system (PubMed: 32273471). Regulates vein remodeling by mediating serotonylation and subsequent inactivation of ATP2A2/SERCA2 (By similarity). Also acts as a protein deamidase by mediating the side chain deamidation of specific glutamine residues of proteins to glutamate (PubMed:20547769, PubMed:9623982). Catalyzes specific deamidation of protein gliadin, a component of wheat gluten in the diet (PubMed:9623982). May also act as an isopeptidase cleaving the previously formed cross-links (PubMed:26250429, PubMed:27131890). Also able to participate in signaling pathways independently of its acyltransferase activity: acts as a signal transducer in alpha-1 adrenergic receptor-mediated stimulation of phospholipase C-delta (PLCD) activity and is required for coupling alpha-1 adrenergic agonists to the stimulation of phosphoinositide lipid metabolism (PubMed:8943303).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Nucleus. Chromosome. Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix. Cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WVJ6}. Mitochondrion. Note=Mainly localizes to the cytosol (PubMed:9575137). Present at much lower level in the nucleus and chromatin (PubMed:9575137). Also secreted via a non-classical secretion pathway to the extracellular matrix (PubMed:27270573)

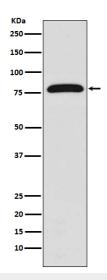
Anti-TGM2/Transglutaminase 2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- <u>Western Blot</u>
- <u>Blocking Peptides</u>
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

Anti-TGM2/Transglutaminase 2 Rabbit Monoclonal Antibody - Images





Western blot analysis of TGM2 expression in HUVEC cell lysate.