

**Anti-PGK1 Picoband Antibody**  
Catalog # ABO12460**Specification**

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**Anti-PGK1 Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P00558</a>
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Phosphoglycerate kinase 1(PGK1) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-PGK1 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 5230

**Other Names**

Phosphoglycerate kinase 1, 2.7.2.3, Cell migration-inducing gene 10 protein, Primer recognition protein 2, PRP 2, PGK1, PGKA

**Calculated MW**

44615 MW KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Rat<br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Cytoplasm.

**Protein Name**

Phosphoglycerate kinase 1

**Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Na<sub>3</sub>.

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human PGK1 (312-337aa MGLDCGPESKKYAEAVTRAKQIVWN), different from the related mouse and rat sequences by two amino acids.

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

### Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins.

### Storage

**At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

## Anti-PGK1 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** PGK1

**Synonyms** PGKA

### Function

Catalyzes one of the two ATP producing reactions in the glycolytic pathway via the reversible conversion of 1,3- diphosphoglycerate to 3-phosphoglycerate (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30323285" target="\_blank">30323285</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7391028" target="\_blank">7391028</a>). In addition to its role as a glycolytic enzyme, it seems that PGK-1 acts as a polymerase alpha cofactor protein (primer recognition protein) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2324090" target="\_blank">2324090</a>). May play a role in sperm motility (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26677959" target="\_blank">26677959</a>).

### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm.

### Tissue Location

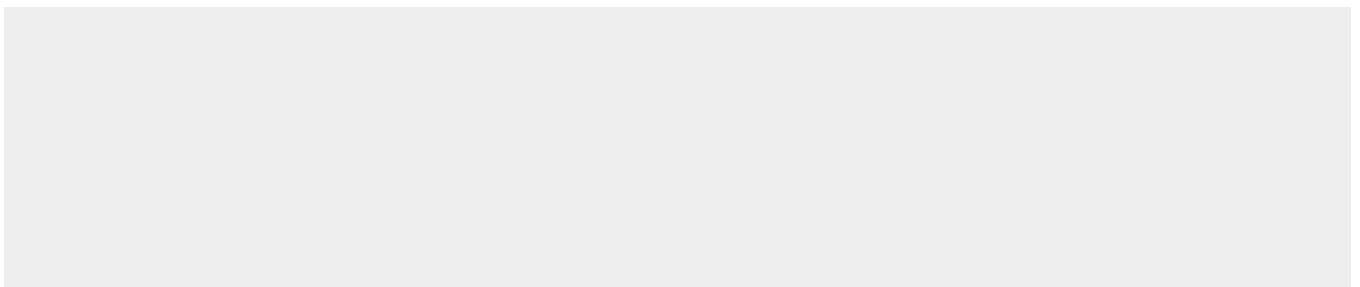
Mainly expressed in spermatogonia. Localized on the principle piece in the sperm (at protein level). Expression significantly decreased in the testis of elderly men

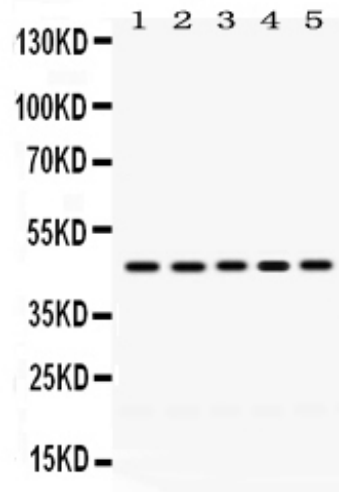
## Anti-PGK1 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

## Anti-PGK1 Picoband Antibody - Images





Anti- PGK1 Picoband antibody, ABO12460, Western blotting All lanes: Anti PGK1 (ABO12460) at 0.5ug/ml Lane 1: Rat Liver Tissue Lysate at 50ug Lane 2: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate at 50ug Lane 3: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug Lane 4: 22RV1 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug Lane 5: COLO320 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug Predicted bind size: 45KD Observed bind size: 45KD

#### **Anti-PGK1 Picoband Antibody - Background**

PGK1 (Phosphoglycerate Kinase 1), also known as PGKA, is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the PGK1 gene. The protein encoded by this gene is a glycolytic enzyme that catalyzes the conversion of 1,3-diphosphoglycerate to 3-phosphoglycerate. The encoded protein may also act as a cofactor for polymerase alpha. Additionally, this protein is secreted by tumor cells where it participates in angiogenesis by functioning to reduce disulfide bonds in the serine protease, plasmin, which consequently leads to the release of the tumor blood vessel inhibitor angiostatin. The encoded protein has been identified as a moonlighting protein based on its ability to perform mechanistically distinct functions. Deficiency of the enzyme is associated with a wide range of clinical phenotypes hemolytic anemia and neurological impairment. Pseudogenes of this gene have been defined on chromosomes 19, 21 and the X chromosome.