

**Anti-Hsp90 Beta Picoband Antibody**  
Catalog # ABO12322**Specification**

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**Anti-Hsp90 Beta Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application	<b>WB, IHC</b>
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P08238</a>
Host	<b>Rabbit</b>
Reactivity	<b>Human, Mouse, Rat</b>
Clonality	<b>Polyclonal</b>
Format	<b>Lyophilized</b>

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Heat shock protein HSP 90-beta(HSP90AB1) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human;Mouse;Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-Hsp90 Beta Picoband Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3326

**Other Names**

Heat shock protein HSP 90-beta, HSP 90, Heat shock 84 kDa, HSP 84, HSP84, HSP90AB1, HSP90B, HSPC2, HSPCB

**Calculated MW**

83264 MW KDa

**Application Details**

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat, By Heat  
Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat

**Subcellular Localization**

Cytoplasm. Melanosome. Identified by mass spectrometry in melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV.

**Protein Name**

Heat shock protein HSP 90-beta

**Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Na<sub>3</sub>.

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human Hsp90 beta (449-481aa RRLSELLRYHTSQSGDEMTSLSEYVSRMKETQK), identical to the related mouse and rat sequences.

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

### Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

### Storage

**At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

## Anti-Hsp90 Beta Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name HSP90AB1 ([HGNC:5258](#))

### Function

Molecular chaperone that promotes the maturation, structural maintenance and proper regulation of specific target proteins involved for instance in cell cycle control and signal transduction. Undergoes a functional cycle linked to its ATPase activity. This cycle probably induces conformational changes in the client proteins, thereby causing their activation. Interacts dynamically with various co-chaperones that modulate its substrate recognition, ATPase cycle and chaperone function (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16478993" target="\_blank">16478993</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19696785" target="\_blank">19696785</a>). Engages with a range of client protein classes via its interaction with various co-chaperone proteins or complexes, that act as adapters, simultaneously able to interact with the specific client and the central chaperone itself. Recruitment of ATP and co-chaperone followed by client protein forms a functional chaperone. After the completion of the chaperoning process, properly folded client protein and co-chaperone leave HSP90 in an ADP-bound partially open conformation and finally, ADP is released from HSP90 which acquires an open conformation for the next cycle (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26991466" target="\_blank">26991466</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/27295069" target="\_blank">27295069</a>). Apart from its chaperone activity, it also plays a role in the regulation of the transcription machinery. HSP90 and its co-chaperones modulate transcription at least at three different levels. They first alter the steady-state levels of certain transcription factors in response to various physiological cues. Second, they modulate the activity of certain epigenetic modifiers, such as histone deacetylases or DNA methyl transferases, and thereby respond to the change in the environment. Third, they participate in the eviction of histones from the promoter region of certain genes and thereby turn on gene expression (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/25973397" target="\_blank">25973397</a>). Antagonizes STUB1- mediated inhibition of TGF-beta signaling via inhibition of STUB1- mediated SMAD3 ubiquitination and degradation (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24613385" target="\_blank">24613385</a>). Promotes cell differentiation by chaperoning BIRC2 and thereby protecting from auto-ubiquitination and degradation by the proteasomal machinery (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18239673" target="\_blank">18239673</a>). Main chaperone involved in the phosphorylation/activation of the STAT1 by chaperoning both JAK2 and PRKCE under heat shock and in turn, activates its own transcription (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20353823" target="\_blank">20353823</a>). Involved in the translocation into ERGIC (endoplasmic reticulum-Golgi intermediate compartment) of leaderless cargos (lacking the secretion signal sequence) such as the interleukin 1/IL-1; the translocation process is mediated by the cargo receptor TMED10 (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/32272059" target="\_blank">32272059</a>).

### Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Melanosome Nucleus. Secreted. Cell membrane. Dynein axonemal particle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q6AZV1}. Cell surface. Note=Identified by mass spectrometry in

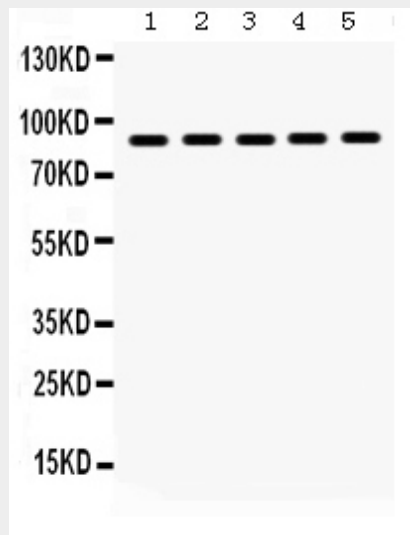
melanosome fractions from stage I to stage IV (PubMed:17081065) Translocates with BIRC2 from the nucleus to the cytoplasm during differentiation (PubMed:18239673). Secreted when associated with TGFB1 processed form (LAP) (PubMed:20599762).

### Anti-Hsp90 Beta Picoband Antibody - Protocols

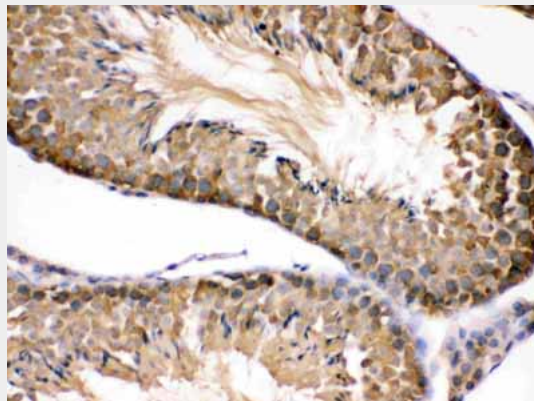
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

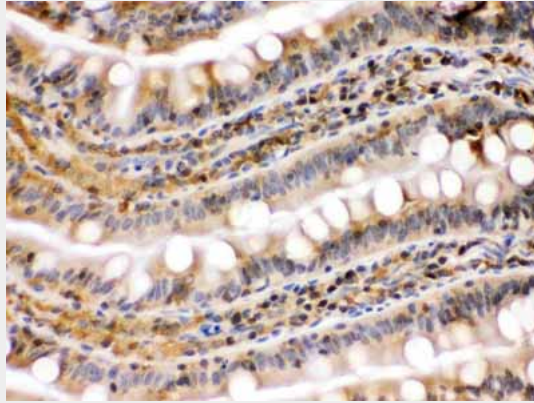
### Anti-Hsp90 Beta Picoband Antibody - Images



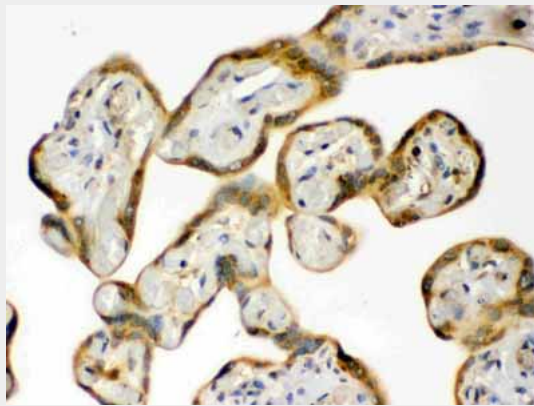
Anti- Hsp90 beta Picoband antibody, ABO12322, Western blotting All lanes: Anti Hsp90 beta (ABO12322) at 0.5ug/ml Lane 1: Rat Testis Tissue Lysate at 50ug Lane 2: Rat Thymus Tissue Lysate at 50ug Lane 3: Human Placenta Tissue Lysate at 50ug Lane 4: SW620 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug Lane 5: HELA Whole Cell Lysate at 40ug Predicted bind size: 90KD Observed bind size: 90KD



Anti- Hsp90 beta Picoband antibody, ABO12322, IHC(P)IHC(P): Mouse Testis Tissue



Anti- Hsp90 beta Picoband antibody, ABO12322, IHC(P)IHC(P): Rat Intestine Tissue



Anti- Hsp90 beta Picoband antibody, ABO12322, IHC(P)IHC(P): Human Placenta Tissue

### **Anti-Hsp90 Beta Picoband Antibody - Background**

Heat shock protein HSP 90-beta, also called HSP90beta, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the HSP90AB1 gene. It is mapped to chromosome 6p21.1. This gene encodes a member of the heat shock protein 90 family; these proteins are involved in signal transduction, protein folding and degradation and morphological evolution. And this gene is thought to play a role in gastric apoptosis and inflammation. Alternative splicing results in multiple transcript variants. Pseudogenes have been identified on multiple chromosomes.