

**Anti-LCAT Antibody**  
Catalog # ABO11275**Specification****Anti-LCAT Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P04180</a>
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Phosphatidylcholine-sterol acyltransferase(LCAT) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-LCAT Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3931

**Other Names**

Phosphatidylcholine-sterol acyltransferase, 2.3.1.43, Lecithin-cholesterol acyltransferase, Phospholipid-cholesterol acyltransferase, LCAT

**Calculated MW**

[cardiovascular|lipids / lipoproteins|lipid metabolism|cholesterol metabolism| <br>signal transduction| <br>cardiovascular|atherosclerosis|lipoprotein metabolism| <br>cancer|cancer metabolism|metabolic signaling pathway|metabolism of lipids and lipoproteins| <br>metabolism|pathways and processes|metabolic signaling pathways|lipid and lipoprotein metabolism|types of disease|heart disease KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Rat<br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Phosphatidylcholine-sterol acyltransferase

**Tissue Specificity**

49578 MW

**Source**

Central enzyme in the extracellular metabolism of plasma lipoproteins. Synthesized mainly in the liver and secreted into plasma where it converts cholesterol and phosphatidylcholines (lecithins) to cholesteryl esters and lysophosphatidylcholines on the surface of high and low density lipoproteins (HDLs and LDLs). The cholesterol ester is then transported back to the liver. Has a preference for plasma 16:0-18:2 or 18:0-18:2 phosphatidylcholines. Also produced in the brain by primary astrocytes, and esterifies free cholesterol on nascent APOE-containing lipoproteins secreted from

glia and influences cerebral spinal fluid (CSF) APOE- and APOA1 levels. Together with APOE and the cholesterol transporter ABCA1, plays a key role in the maturation of glial-derived, nascent lipoproteins. Required for remodeling high-density lipoprotein particles into their spherical forms. .

### Protein Name

Secreted . Secreted into blood plasma. Produced in astrocytes and secreted into cerebral spinal fluid (CSF).

### Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN<sub>3</sub>.

### Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human LCAT(300-313aa RDFQRFFADLHFEE), different from the related rat sequence by two amino acids, and from the mouse sequence by three amino acids.

### Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

### Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

### Storage

**At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

## Anti-LCAT Antibody - Protein Information

### Name LCAT

### Function

Central enzyme in the extracellular metabolism of plasma lipoproteins. Synthesized mainly in the liver and secreted into plasma where it converts cholesterol and phosphatidylcholines (lecithins) to cholesteryl esters and lysophosphatidylcholines on the surface of high and low density lipoproteins (HDLs and LDLs) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10329423" target="\_blank">10329423</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19065001" target="\_blank">19065001</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/26195816" target="\_blank">26195816</a>). The cholesterol ester is then transported back to the liver. Has a preference for plasma 16:0-18:2 or 18:0-18:2 phosphatidylcholines (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8820107" target="\_blank">8820107</a>). Also produced in the brain by primary astrocytes, and esterifies free cholesterol on nascent APOE-containing lipoproteins secreted from glia and influences cerebral spinal fluid (CSF) APOE- and APOA1 levels. Together with APOE and the cholesterol transporter ABCA1, plays a key role in the maturation of glial-derived, nascent lipoproteins. Required for remodeling high- density lipoprotein particles into their spherical forms (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10722751" target="\_blank">10722751</a>). Catalyzes the hydrolysis of 1-O-alkyl-2-acetyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine (platelet-activating factor or PAF) to 1-O-alkyl-sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine (lyso-PAF) (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8016111" target="\_blank">8016111</a>). Also catalyzes the transfer of the acetate group from PAF to 1-hexadecanoyl- sn-glycero-3-phosphocholine forming lyso-PAF (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/8016111" target="\_blank">8016111</a>). Catalyzes the esterification of (24S)-hydroxycholesterol (24(S)OH-C), also known as cerebrosterol to produce 24(S)OH-C monoesters (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24620755" target="\_blank">24620755</a>).

### Cellular Location

Secreted. Note=Secreted into blood plasma (PubMed:10222237, PubMed:3458198, PubMed:8820107) Produced in astrocytes and secreted into cerebral spinal fluid (CSF) (PubMed:10222237).

### Tissue Location

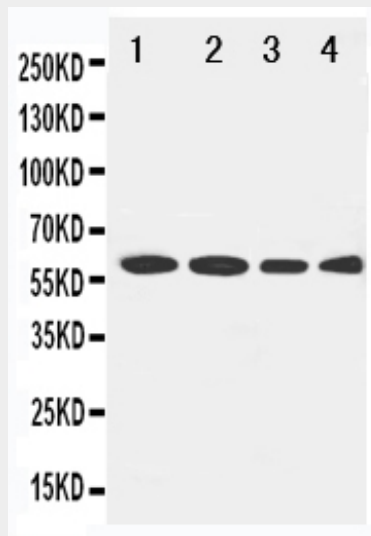
Detected in blood plasma (PubMed:10222237, PubMed:3458198, PubMed:8820107). Detected in cerebral spinal fluid (at protein level) (PubMed:10222237). Detected in liver (PubMed:3458198, PubMed:3797244). Expressed mainly in brain, liver and testes

### Anti-LCAT Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

### Anti-LCAT Antibody - Images



Anti-LCAT antibody, ABO11275, Western blotting Lane 1: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate Lane 2: U87 Cell Lysate Lane 3: HELA Cell Lysate Lane 4: SMMC Cell Lysate

### Anti-LCAT Antibody - Background

LCAT(Lecithin: Cholesterol Acyltransferase), is an enzyme that converts free cholesterol into cholesteryl ester. Azoulay et al.(1987) used a cDNA clone corresponding to LCAT to assign the locus to 16q22 through the analysis of DNA from somatic cell hybrids and in situ hybridization. LCAT plays an important role in lipoprotein metabolism, especially in the process termed reverse cholesterol transport" The enzyme is synthesized in the liver and circulates in blood plasma as a complex with components of high density lipoprotein(HDL). Cholesterol from peripheral cells is transferred to HDL particles