

Anti-SPTLC1 Antibody

Catalog # ABO11084

Specification

Anti-SPTLC1 Antibody - Product Information

Application
Primary Accession
Host
Reactivity
Clonality
Format
WB, IHC
015269
Rabbit
Human
Polyclonal
Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Serine palmitoyltransferase 1(SPTLC1) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-SPTLC1 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 10558

Other Names

Serine palmitoyltransferase 1, 2.3.1.50, Long chain base biosynthesis protein 1, LCB 1, Serine-palmitoyl-CoA transferase 1, SPT 1, SPTLC1, LCB1

Calculated MW

52744 MW KDa

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 μ g/ml, Human, By Heat
blot, 0.1-0.5 μ g/ml, Human
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Subcellular Localization

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass membrane protein.

Tissue Specificity

Widely expressed. Not detected in small intestine. .

Protein Name

Serine palmitoyltransferase 1

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na2HPO4, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN3.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence in the middle region of human SPTLC1(138-154aa FYGTFDVHLDLEDRLAK).



Purification Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After r°Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It°Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence Similarities

Belongs to the class-II pyridoxal-phosphate-dependent aminotransferase family.

Anti-SPTLC1 Antibody - Protein Information

Name SPTLC1

Synonyms LCB1

Function

Component of the serine palmitoyltransferase multisubunit enzyme (SPT) that catalyzes the initial and rate-limiting step in sphingolipid biosynthesis by condensing L-serine and activated acyl-CoA (most commonly palmitoyl-CoA) to form long-chain bases. The SPT complex is also composed of SPTLC2 or SPTLC3 and SPTSSA or SPTSSB. Within this complex, the heterodimer with SPTLC2 or SPTLC3 forms the catalytic core (PubMed:19416851, PubMed:33558762, PubMed:36170811). The composition of the serine palmitoyltransferase (SPT) complex determines the substrate preference (PubMed: 19416851, PubMed:33558762). The SPTLC1-SPTLC2-SPTSSA complex shows a strong preference for C16-CoA substrate, while the SPTLC1-SPTLC3-SPTSSA isozyme uses both C14-CoA and C16-CoA as substrates, with a slight preference for C14-CoA (PubMed: 19416851, PubMed:19648650). The SPTLC1-SPTLC2-SPTSSB complex shows a strong preference for C18-CoA substrate, while the SPTLC1-SPTLC3-SPTSSB isozyme displays an ability to use a broader range of acyl-CoAs, without apparent preference (PubMed:19416851, PubMed:19648650, PubMed:33558761, PubMed:33558762). Required for adipocyte cell viability and metabolic homeostasis (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Single-pass membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:O35704}

Tissue Location

Widely expressed. Not detected in small intestine.

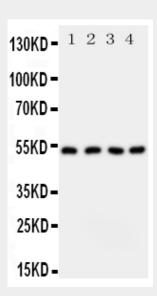
Anti-SPTLC1 Antibody - Protocols



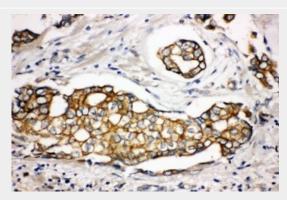
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- Western Blot
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- <u>Immunohistochemistry</u>
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- Cell Culture

Anti-SPTLC1 Antibody - Images



Anti-SPTLC1 antibody, ABO11084, Western blottingAll lanes: Anti SPTLC1 (ABO11084) at 0.5ug/mlLane 1: SW620 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 2: S549 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 3: PANC Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugLane 4: U87 Whole Cell Lysate at 40ugPredicted bind size: 53KDObserved bind size: 53KD



Anti-SPTLC1 antibody, ABO11084, IHC(P)IHC(P): Human Mammary Cancer Tissue

Anti-SPTLC1 Antibody - Background

SPTLC1(Serine palmitoyltransferase, long chain base subunit 1), also known as SPT1, LCB1, is a protein which in humans is encoded by the SPTLC1 gene. Dawkins et al.(2001)noted that the SPTLC1 gene maps to chromosome 9q22.1-q22.3. Serine palmitoyltransferase, which consists of two different subunits, is the initial enzyme in sphingolipid biosynthesis. It converts L-serine and palmitoyl CoA to 3-oxosphinganine with pyridoxal 5'-phosphate as a cofactor. The product of this





gene is the long chain base subunit ${\bf 1}$ of serine palmitoyltransferase. Mutations in this gene were identified in patients with hereditary sensory neuropathy type ${\bf 1}$. Alternatively spliced variants encoding different isoforms have been identified.