

Anti-CIAS1/NALP3 Antibody
Catalog # ABO10980**Specification****Anti-CIAS1/NALP3 Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	Q96P20
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for NACHT, LRR and PYD domains-containing protein 3(NLRP3) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P in Human;Mouse;Rat.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-CIAS1/NALP3 Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 114548

Other Names

NACHT, LRR and PYD domains-containing protein 3, Angiotensin/vasopressin receptor AII/AVP-like, Caterpillar protein 1.1, CLR1.1, Cold-induced autoinflammatory syndrome 1 protein, Cryopyrin, PYRIN-containing APAF1-like protein 1, NLRP3, C1orf7, CIAS1, NALP3, PYPAF1

Calculated MW

118173 MW KDa

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, Rat, Mouse, By Heat
Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human

Subcellular Localization

Cytoplasm .

Tissue Specificity

Expressed in blood leukocytes. Strongly expressed in polymorphonuclear cells and osteoblasts. Undetectable or expressed at a lower magnitude in B- and T-lymphoblasts, respectively. High level of expression detected in chondrocytes. Detected in non-keratinizing epithelia of oropharynx, esophagus and ectocervix and in the urothelial layer of the bladder. .

Protein Name

NACHT, LRR and PYD domains-containing protein 3

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na₂HPO₄, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN₃.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the N-terminus of human CIAS1(12-31aa RYLELLEDVDLKKFKMHLED), different from the related rat and mouse sequences by one amino acid.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Sequence Similarities

Belongs to the NLRP family.

Anti-CIAS1/NALP3 Antibody - Protein Information

Name NLRP3 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:17907925, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:16400}

Function

Sensor component of the NLRP3 inflammasome, which mediates inflammasome activation in response to defects in membrane integrity, leading to secretion of inflammatory cytokines IL1B and IL18 and pyroptosis (PubMed:16407889, PubMed:18403674, PubMed:18604214, PubMed:23582325, PubMed:25686105, PubMed:27929086, PubMed:28656979, PubMed:28847925, PubMed:30487600, PubMed:30612879, PubMed:31086327, PubMed:31086329, PubMed:31189953, PubMed:33231615, PubMed:34133077, PubMed:34341353, PubMed:34512673, PubMed:36442502). In response to pathogens and other damage-associated signals that affect the integrity of membranes, initiates the formation of the inflammasome polymeric complex composed of NLRP3, CASP1 and PYCARD/ASC (PubMed:16407889, PubMed:18403674, PubMed:18604214, PubMed:27432880, PubMed:28847925, PubMed:31189953, PubMed:33231615, PubMed:34133077, PubMed:34341353).

[36142182](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36142182), PubMed: [36442502](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36442502)). Recruitment of pro-caspase-1 (proCASP1) to the NLRP3 inflammasome promotes caspase-1 (CASP1) activation, which subsequently cleaves and activates inflammatory cytokines IL1B and IL18 and gasdermin-D (GSDMD), promoting cytokine secretion and pyroptosis (PubMed: [23582325](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23582325), PubMed: [28847925](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28847925), PubMed: [31189953](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31189953), PubMed: [33231615](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/33231615), PubMed: [34133077](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34133077), PubMed: [34341353](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34341353)). Activation of NLRP3 inflammasome is also required for HMGB1 secretion; stimulating inflammatory responses (PubMed: [22801494](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22801494)). Under resting conditions, ADP-bound NLRP3 is autoinhibited (PubMed: [35114687](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/35114687)). NLRP3 activation stimuli include extracellular ATP, nigericin, reactive oxygen species, crystals of monosodium urate or cholesterol, amyloid-beta fibers, environmental or industrial particles and nanoparticles, such as asbestos, silica, aluminum salts, cytosolic dsRNA, etc (PubMed: [16407889](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/16407889), PubMed: [18403674](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18403674), PubMed: [18604214](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18604214), PubMed: [19414800](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/19414800), PubMed: [23871209](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23871209)). Almost all stimuli trigger intracellular K(+) efflux (By similarity). These stimuli lead to membrane perturbation and activation of NLRP3 (By similarity). Upon activation, NLRP3 is transported to microtubule organizing center (MTOC), where it is unlocked by NEK7, leading to its relocalization to dispersed trans-Golgi network (dTGN) vesicle membranes and formation of an active inflammasome complex (PubMed: [36442502](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/36442502), PubMed: [39173637](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/39173637)). Associates with dTGN vesicle membranes by binding to phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate (PtdIns4P) (PubMed: [30487600](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/30487600), PubMed: [34554188](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/34554188)). Shows ATPase activity (PubMed: [17483456](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/17483456)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm, cytosol. Inflammasome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center. Golgi apparatus membrane. Endoplasmic reticulum {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8R4B8}. Mitochondrion. Secreted. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8R4B8} Note=In macrophages, under resting conditions, mainly located in the cytosol and on membranes of various organelles, such as endoplasmic reticulum, mitochondria and Golgi: forms an inactive double-ring cage that is primarily localized on membranes (By similarity). Upon activation, NLRP3 is transported to microtubule organizing center (MTOC), where it is unlocked by NEK7, leading to its relocalization to dispersed trans-Golgi network (dTGN) vesicle membranes for the formation of an active inflammasome complex (PubMed:39173637) Recruited to dTGN vesicle membranes by binding to phosphatidylinositol 4-phosphate (PtdIns4P) (PubMed:30487600). After the induction of pyroptosis, inflammasome specks are released into the extracellular space where they can further promote IL1B processing and where they can be engulfed by macrophages (PubMed:24952504). Phagocytosis induces lysosomal damage and inflammasome activation in the recipient cells (PubMed:24952504). In the Th2 subset of CD4(+) helper T-cells, mainly located in the nucleus (By similarity). Nuclear localization depends upon KPNA2 (By similarity). In the Th1 subset of CD4(+) helper T-cells, mainly cytoplasmic (By similarity). {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q8R4B8, ECO:0000269|PubMed:24952504, ECO:0000269|PubMed:30487600, ECO:0000269|PubMed:39173637}

Tissue Location

Predominantly expressed in macrophages (PubMed:33231615, PubMed:34133077). Also expressed

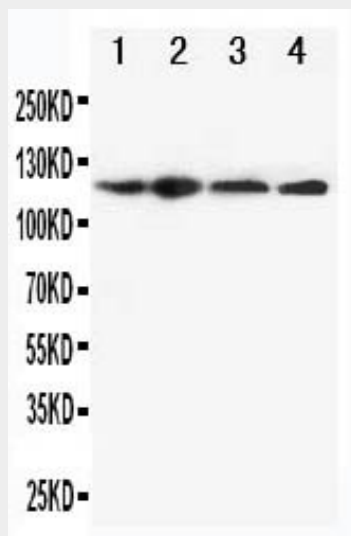
in dendritic cells, B- and T-cells (at protein level) (PubMed:11786556, PubMed:17164409)
Expressed in LPS-treated granulocytes, but not in resting cells (at protein level)
(PubMed:17164409). Expression in monocytes is very weak (at protein level) (PubMed:17164409).
Expressed in stratified non-keratinizing squamous epithelium, including oral, esophageal and
ectocervical mucosa and in the Hassall's corpuscles in the thymus Also, detected in the stratified
epithelium covering the bladder and ureter (transitional mucosa) (at protein level)
(PubMed:17164409) Expressed in lung epithelial cells (at protein level) (PubMed:23229815).
Expressed in chondrocytes (PubMed:12032915) Expressed at low levels in resting osteoblasts
(PubMed:17907925)

Anti-CIAS1/NALP3 Antibody - Protocols

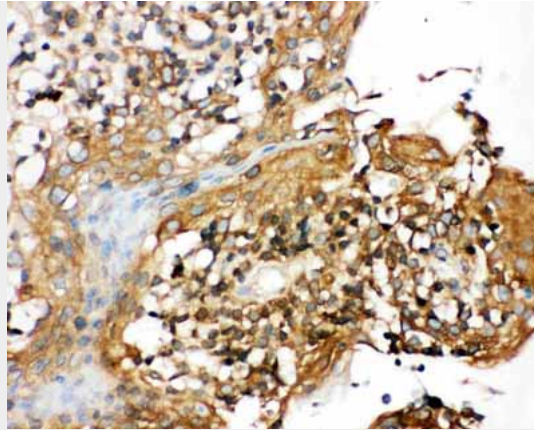
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-CIAS1/NALP3 Antibody - Images



Anti-CIAS1/NALP3 antibody, ABO10980, Western blotting
Lane 1: HEP-2 Cell Lysate
Lane 2: A549 Cell Lysate
Lane 3: U87 Cell Lysate
Lane 4: CEM Cell Lysate



Anti-CIAS1/NALP3 antibody, ABO10980, IHC(P)IHC(P): Human Tonsil Tissue

Anti-CIAS1/NALP3 Antibody - Background

NLRP3(NLR FAMILY, PYRIN DOMAIN-CONTAINING 3), also known as CIAS1, CRYOPYRIN, NALP3 or PYPAF1, is a protein that in humans is encoded by the NLRP3(NOD-like receptor family, pyrin domain containing 3) gene. The NLRP3 gene encodes a pyrin-like protein expressed predominantly in peripheral blood leukocytes. And the NLRP3 gene is mapped on 1q44. NLRP3 interacts with apoptosis-associated speck-like protein containing a CARD(ASC). The encoded protein may play a role in the regulation of inflammation and apoptosis. Mutation of the NALP3 nucleotide-binding domain reduced ATP binding, CASP1 activation, IL1B production, cell death, macromolecular complex formation, self-association, and association with ASC. Consistent with an essential role for Nlrp3 inflammasomes in antifungal immunity, Gross et al. showed that Nlrp3-deficient mice are hypersusceptible to *C. albicans* infection. Activation of the NLRP3 inflammasome in response to virus or to RNA was dependent upon lysosomal maturation and reactive oxygen species production in human cells. The NLRP3 inflammasome senses obesity-associated danger signals and contributes to obesity-induced inflammation and insulin resistance.