

**Anti-ADAMTS4 Antibody**  
Catalog # ABO10798**Specification****Anti-ADAMTS4 Antibody - Product Information**

|                   |                        |
|-------------------|------------------------|
| Application       | WB                     |
| Primary Accession | <a href="#">O75173</a> |
| Host              | Rabbit                 |
| Reactivity        | Human, Mouse, Rat      |
| Clonality         | Polyclonal             |
| Format            | Lyophilized            |

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for A disintegrin and metalloproteinase with thrombospondin motifs 4(ADAMTS4) detection. Tested with WB in Human;Mouse;Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-ADAMTS4 Antibody - Additional Information**

Gene ID 9507

**Other Names**

A disintegrin and metalloproteinase with thrombospondin motifs 4, ADAM-TS 4, ADAM-TS4, ADAMTS-4, 3.4.24.82, ADMP-1, Aggrecanase-1, ADAMTS4, KIAA0688

**Calculated MW**

90197 MW KDa

**Application Details**

Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat<br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix .

**Tissue Specificity**

Expressed in brain, lung and heart. Expressed at very low level in placenta and skeletal muscles. Isoform 2 is detected in osteoarthritic synovium. .

**Protein Name**

A disintegrin and metalloproteinase with thrombospondin motifs 4(ADAM-TS 4/ADAM-TS4/ADAMTS-4)

**Contents**

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN<sub>3</sub>.

**Immunogen**

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human ADAMTS4(820-837aa RRAQILEILRRRPWAGRK), different from the related rat and mouse sequences by three amino

acids.

**Purification**

Immunogen affinity purified.

**Cross Reactivity**

No cross reactivity with other proteins

**Storage**

**At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

**Sequence Similarities**

Contains 1 disintegrin domain.

**Anti-ADAMTS4 Antibody - Protein Information**

**Name** ADAMTS4

**Synonyms** KIAA0688

**Function**

Cleaves aggrecan, a cartilage proteoglycan, and may be involved in its turnover. May play an important role in the destruction of aggrecan in arthritic diseases. Could also be a critical factor in the exacerbation of neurodegeneration in Alzheimer disease. Cleaves aggrecan at the '392-Glu-I-Ala-393' site.

**Cellular Location**

Secreted, extracellular space, extracellular matrix

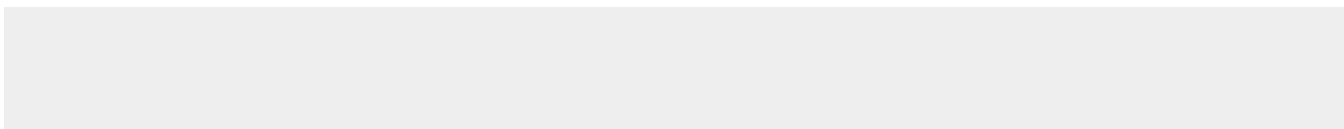
**Tissue Location**

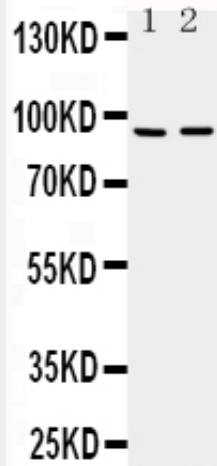
Expressed in brain, lung and heart (PubMed:23897278). Expressed at very low level in placenta and skeletal muscles (PubMed:23897278). Isoform 2: Detected in osteoarthritic synovium (PubMed:16723216, PubMed:23897278)

**Anti-ADAMTS4 Antibody - Protocols**

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

**Anti-ADAMTS4 Antibody - Images**



Anti-ADAMTS4 antibody, ABO10798, Western blotting Lane 1: Rat Brain Tissue Lysate Lane 2: Mouse Brain Tissue Lysate

#### **Anti-ADAMTS4 Antibody - Background**

ADAMTS4, A disintegrin and metalloproteinase with thrombospondin motifs 4 is an enzyme that in humans is encoded by the ADAMTS4 gene. ADAMTS4 is a member of the large ADAMTS family of zinc-dependent proteases. The human ADAMTS4 gene is mapped to chromosome 1 by somatic cell hybrid analysis. The enzyme encoded by this gene lacks a C-terminal TS motif. It is responsible for the degradation of aggrecan, a major proteoglycan of cartilage, and brevican, a brain-specific extracellular matrix protein. The cleavage of aggrecan and brevican suggests key roles of this enzyme in arthritic disease and in the central nervous system, potentially, in the progression of glioma.