

**Anti-Lamin A/C Antibody**  
Catalog # ABO10566**Specification****Anti-Lamin A/C Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P02545</a>
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

**Description**

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Prelamin-A/C(LMNA) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-P, ICC in Human;Mouse;Rat.

**Reconstitution**

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

**Anti-Lamin A/C Antibody - Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4000

**Other Names**

Prelamin-A/C, Lamin-A/C, 70 kDa lamin, Renal carcinoma antigen NY-REN-32, LMNA, LMN1

**Calculated MW**

74139 MW KDa

**Application Details**

Immunocytochemistry , 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat<br>Immunohistochemistry(Paraffin-embedded Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat, By Heat<br>Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml, Human, Mouse, Rat<br>

**Subcellular Localization**

Nucleus. Nucleus envelope. Nucleus lamina. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Farnesylation of prelamin-A/C facilitates nuclear envelope targeting and subsequent cleavage by ZMPSTE24/FACE1 to remove the farnesyl group produces mature lamin- A/C, which can then be inserted into the nuclear lamina. EMD is required for proper localization of non-farnesylated prelamin-A/C.

**Tissue Specificity**

In the arteries, prelamin-A/C accumulation is not observed in young healthy vessels but is prevalent in medial vascular smooth muscle cells (VSMCs) from aged individuals and in atherosclerotic lesions, where it often colocalizes with senescent and degenerate VSMCs. Prelamin-A/C expression increases with age and disease. In normal aging, the accumulation of prelamin-A/C is caused in part by the down-regulation of ZMPSTE24/FACE1 in response to oxidative stress. .

**Protein Name**

Prelamin-A/C

## Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na<sub>2</sub>HPO<sub>4</sub>, 0.05mg Thimerosal, 0.05mg NaN<sub>3</sub>.

## Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human Lamin A/C(455-469aa RNKSNEQSMGNWQI), identical to the related rat and mouse sequences.

## Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

## Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins

## Storage

**At -20°C for one year. After r<sup>o</sup>Constitution, at 4°C for one month. It<sup>o</sup>Can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time.Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.**

## Sequence Similarities

Belongs to the intermediate filament family.

## Anti-Lamin A/C Antibody - Protein Information

**Name** LMNA

**Synonyms** LMN1

## Function

[Lamin-A/C]: Lamins are intermediate filament proteins that assemble into a filamentous meshwork, and which constitute the major components of the nuclear lamina, a fibrous layer on the nucleoplasmic side of the inner nuclear membrane (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10080180" target="\_blank">10080180</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10580070" target="\_blank">10580070</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10587585" target="\_blank">10587585</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10814726" target="\_blank">10814726</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/11799477" target="\_blank">11799477</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12075506" target="\_blank">12075506</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/12927431" target="\_blank">12927431</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/15317753" target="\_blank">15317753</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18551513" target="\_blank">18551513</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/18611980" target="\_blank">18611980</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2188730" target="\_blank">2188730</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/22431096" target="\_blank">22431096</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2344612" target="\_blank">2344612</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/23666920" target="\_blank">23666920</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/24741066" target="\_blank">24741066</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31434876" target="\_blank">31434876</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/31548606" target="\_blank">31548606</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37788673" target="\_blank">37788673</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/37832547" target="\_blank">37832547</a>). Lamins provide a framework for the nuclear envelope, bridging the nuclear envelope and chromatin, thereby playing an important role in nuclear assembly, chromatin organization, nuclear membrane and telomere dynamics (PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10080180" target="\_blank">10080180</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10580070" target="\_blank">10580070</a>, PubMed:<a href="http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10587585" target="\_blank">10587585</a>

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## Cellular Location

Nucleus lamina. Nucleus envelope. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Nucleus matrix. Note=Farnesylation of prelamin-A/C facilitates nuclear envelope targeting and subsequent cleavage by ZMPSTE24/FACE1 to remove the farnesyl group produces mature lamin-A/C, which can then be inserted into the nuclear lamina (PubMed:15317753) EMD is required for proper localization of non-farnesylated prelamin- A/C (PubMed:19323649). Also localizes to the micronuclear envelope in response to response to genome instability (PubMed:37788673)

### Tissue Location

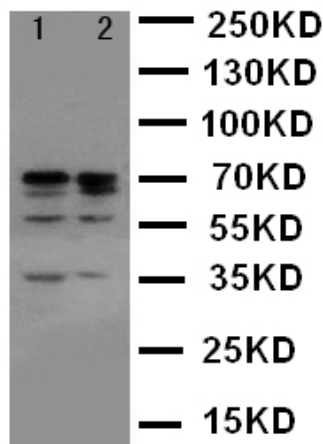
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### Anti-Lamin A/C Antibody - Protocols

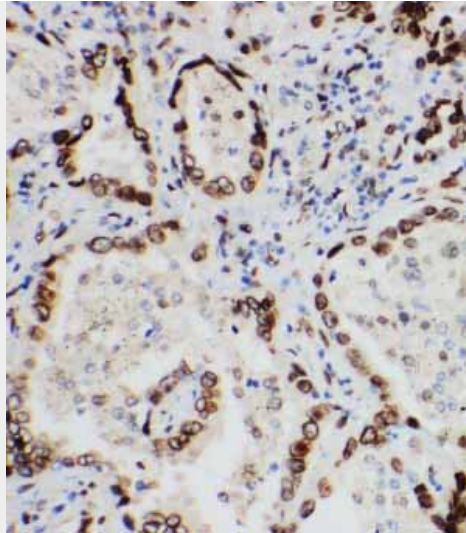
Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

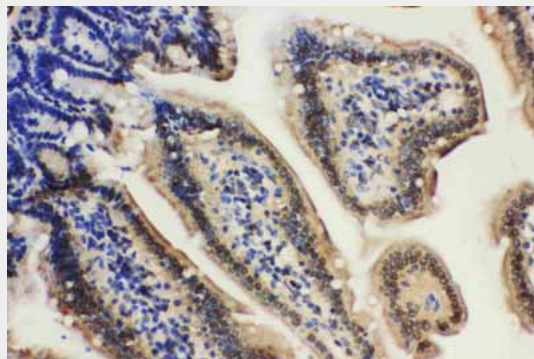
### Anti-Lamin A/C Antibody - Images



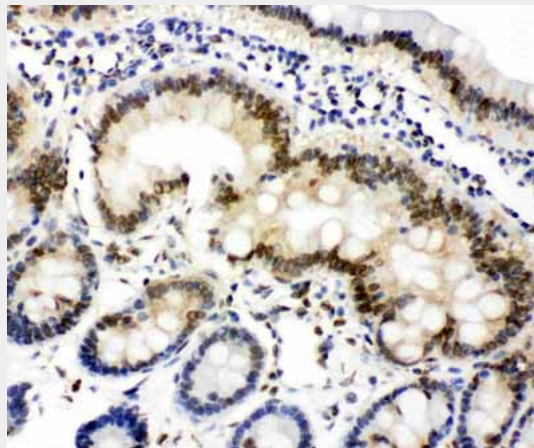
Anti-Lamin A+C antibody, ABO10566, Western blotting Lane 1: HELA Cell Lysate Lane 2: A431 Cell Lysate



Anti-Lamin A+C antibody, ABO10566, IHC(P)IHC(P): Human Lung Cancer Tissue



Anti-Lamin A+C antibody, ABO10566, IHC(P)IHC(P): Mouse Intestine Tissue



Anti-Lamin A+C antibody, ABO10566, IHC(P)IHC(P): Rat Intestine Tissue

### **Anti-Lamin A/C Antibody - Background**

Lamins are structural protein components of the nuclear lamina, a protein network underlying the inner nuclear membrane that determines nuclear shape and size. There are three types of lamins, A, B and C. The lamin A/C (LMNA) gene contains 12 exons. Alternative splicing within exon 10 gives rise to two different mRNAs that code for pre-lamin A and lamin C. Lamin A/C mapped to 1q21.2-q21.3 and mutations in this gene cause a variety of human diseases including Emery-Dreifuss muscular dystrophy, dilated cardiomyopathy, and Hutchinson-Gilford progeria

syndrome. Lamin A/C deficiency is thus associated with both defective nuclear mechanics and impaired mechanically activated gene transcription.