

Anti-IFNGR1 Picoband Antibody
Catalog # ABO10207**Specification****Anti-IFNGR1 Picoband Antibody - Product Information**

Application	WB, FC
Primary Accession	P15260
Host	Rabbit
Reactivity	Human
Clonality	Polyclonal
Format	Lyophilized

Description

Rabbit IgG polyclonal antibody for Interferon gamma receptor 1(IFNGR1) detection. Tested with WB, IHC-F, ICC, FCM in Human.

Reconstitution

Add 0.2ml of distilled water will yield a concentration of 500ug/ml.

Anti-IFNGR1 Picoband Antibody - Additional Information

Gene ID 3459

Other Names

Interferon gamma receptor 1 {ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:5439}, IFN-gamma receptor 1, IFN-gamma-R1, CDw119, Interferon gamma receptor alpha-chain, IFN-gamma-R-alpha, CD119, IFNGR1 ([HGNC:5439](http://www.genenames.org/cgi-bin/gene_symbol_report?hgnc_id=5439))

Calculated MW

54405 MW KDa

Application Details

Immunohistochemistry(Frozen Section), 0.5-1 µg/ml
Immunocytochemistry, 0.5-1 µg/ml
Western blot, 0.1-0.5 µg/ml
Flow Cytometry, 1-3¹/₄g/1x10⁶ cells

Subcellular Localization

Cell membrane ; Single-pass type I membrane protein .

Protein Name

Interferon gamma receptor 1

Contents

Each vial contains 5mg BSA, 0.9mg NaCl, 0.2mg Na₂HPO₄, 0.05mg Na₃.

Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence at the C-terminus of human IFNGR1 (443-484aa QELITVIKAPTSFGYDKPHVLVDLLVDDSGKESLIGYRPTED), different from the related mouse sequence by seventeen amino acids.

Purification

Immunogen affinity purified.

Cross Reactivity

No cross reactivity with other proteins.

Storage

At -20°C for one year. After reconstitution, at 4°C for one month. It can also be aliquotted and stored frozen at -20°C for a longer time. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.

Anti-IFNGR1 Picoband Antibody - Protein Information

Name IFNGR1 ([HGNC:5439](#))

Function

Receptor subunit for interferon gamma/IFNG that plays crucial roles in antimicrobial, antiviral, and antitumor responses by activating effector immune cells and enhancing antigen presentation (PubMed: [20015550](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/20015550)). Associates with transmembrane accessory factor IFNGR2 to form a functional receptor (PubMed: [10986460](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/10986460)), PubMed: [2971451](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/2971451), PubMed: [7615558](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7615558), PubMed: [7617032](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7617032), PubMed: [7673114](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/7673114)). Upon ligand binding, the intracellular domain of IFNGR1 opens out to allow association of downstream signaling components JAK1 and JAK2. In turn, activated JAK1 phosphorylates IFNGR1 to form a docking site for STAT1. Subsequent phosphorylation of STAT1 leads to dimerization, translocation to the nucleus, and stimulation of target gene transcription (PubMed: [28883123](http://www.uniprot.org/citations/28883123)). STAT3 can also be activated in a similar manner although activation seems weaker. IFNGR1 intracellular domain phosphorylation also provides a docking site for SOCS1 that regulates the JAK-STAT pathway by competing with STAT1 binding to IFNGR1 (By similarity).

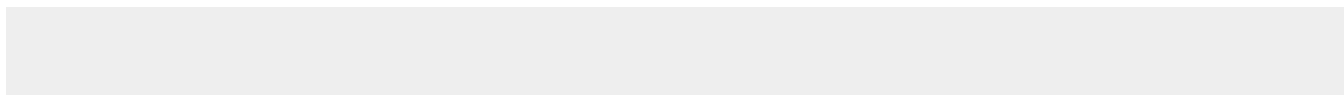
Cellular Location

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Anti-IFNGR1 Picoband Antibody - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

- [Western Blot](#)
- [Blocking Peptides](#)
- [Dot Blot](#)
- [Immunohistochemistry](#)
- [Immunofluorescence](#)
- [Immunoprecipitation](#)
- [Flow Cytometry](#)
- [Cell Culture](#)

Anti-IFNGR1 Picoband Antibody - Images

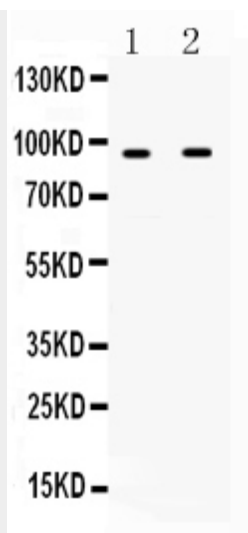


Figure 1. Western blot analysis of IFNGR1 using anti-IFNGR1 antibody (ABO10207). Electrophoresis was performed on a 5-20% SDS-PAGE gel at 70V (Stacking gel) / 90V (Resolving gel) for 2-3 hours. The sample well of each lane was loaded with 50ug of sample under reducing conditions. lane 1: HEPG2 whole cell lysates, lane 2: SKOV3 whole cell lysates. After Electrophoresis, proteins were transferred to a Nitrocellulose membrane at 150mA for 50-90 minutes. Blocked the membrane with 5% Non-fat Milk/ TBS for 1.5 hour at RT. The membrane was incubated with rabbit anti-IFNGR1 antigen affinity purified polyclonal antibody (Catalog # ABO10207) at 0.5 μ g/mL overnight at 4 $^{\circ}$ C, then washed with TBS-0.1%Tween 3 times with 5 minutes each and probed with a goat anti-rabbit IgG-HRP secondary antibody at a dilution of 1:10000 for 1.5 hour at RT. The signal is developed using an Enhanced Chemiluminescent detection (ECL) kit with Tanon 5200 system. A specific band was detected for IFNGR1 at approximately 95KD. The expected band size for IFNGR1 is at 54KD.

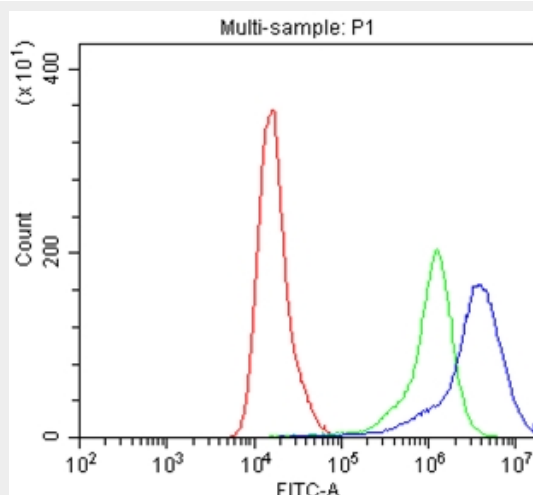


Figure 2. Flow Cytometry analysis of A549 cells using anti-IFNGR1 antibody (ABO10207). Overlay histogram showing A549 cells stained with ABO10207 (Blue line). The cells were blocked with 10% normal goat serum. And then incubated with rabbit anti-IFNGR1 Antibody (ABO10207, 1 μ g/1x10⁶ cells) for 30 min at 20 $^{\circ}$ C. DyLight 488 conjugated goat anti-rabbit IgG (BA1127, 5-10 μ g/1x10⁶ cells) was used as secondary antibody for 30 minutes at 20 $^{\circ}$ C. Isotype control antibody (Green line) was rabbit IgG (1 μ g/1x10⁶) used under the same conditions. Unlabelled sample (Red line) was also used as a control.

Anti-IFNGR1 Picoband Antibody - Background

Interferon gamma receptor 1 (IFNGR1), also known as CD119 (Cluster of Differentiation 119), is a

protein that in humans is encoded by the IFNGR1 gene. This gene (IFNGR1) encodes the ligand-binding chain (alpha) of the gamma interferon receptor. Human interferon-gamma receptor is a heterodimer of IFNGR1 and IFNGR2. A genetic variation in IFNGR1 is associated with susceptibility to *Helicobacter pylori* infection. In addition, defects in IFNGR1 are a cause of mendelian susceptibility to mycobacterial disease, also known as familial disseminated atypical mycobacterial infection.